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# The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVI NO. 210 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS
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# Pt. Nehru Tours North Assam

## FULL ASSURANCE OF ALL HELP

## High-Power Body For Relief To Be Set Up

GAUHATI, Sept. 6, (PTI).

**THE Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru who returned to Gauhati this evening after his Upper Assam visit, was immediately closeted with the Chief Minister of Assam, Mr. Bishnuram Medhi, at the latter's residence for about two hours.**

Mr. Medhi, who has been indisposed for the last few days, came down to Gauhati this morning to meet the Prime Minister. The Governor of Assam, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, and the Central Industry and Supply Minister, Mr. Hare Krushna Mahatab were also present during the discussions.

It is learnt that the discussions centred on the proposed setting up of a high-power committee to deal with the relief work in Assam. The high-power committee is expected to be announced this week.

Immediately after this, Pandit Nehru held discussions with the other Cabinet Ministers for about an hour.

It is learnt that the Prime Minister has asked the State Government to carry on the relief work on a "war footing".

Pandit Nehru then met Congressmen at a conference.

The discussions were not open to the press. It is, however, gathered that the Prime Minister exhorted the Assam Congressmen to engage themselves immediately in relief operations in the quake-affected areas and also to revitalise the Congress organisation.

Pandit Nehru, accompanied by the Assam Governor and Mr. Mahatab, called on Mrs. Surabala Devi, widow of the late Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi at the latter's Ulubari (Gauhati) residence.

Mrs. Indira Gandhi had earlier called on Mrs. Bardoloi. She also paid a visit to the Government Weaving Emporium at Gauhati.

**BY PLANE TO JORHAT**

DIBRUGARH: Pandit Nehru left Dibrugarh by plane for Jorhat at 12-45 p.m. today after a day's visit to see the quake and flood damages in the town and surrounding areas. Early this morning, Pandit Nehru drove up to Saikhowaghat, 60 miles from here and personally saw damages en route at many points and at Saikhowaghat.

At Doomdooma the Prime Minister assured the villagers and garden labourers that the Government of India would give all they could in relieving the distress of the affected people.

He warned the businessmen that they would be severely dealt with if they made profit at the cost of the stricken fellow countrymen.

Doomdooma, one of India's biggest tea-producing centres, has sustained "enormous" losses in the quake.

GAUHATI: The Prime Minister, while on his way to Gauhati from Dibrugarh, flew very low over the Kaziranga game sanctuary to have a view of the Assam rhinoceros. The plane encircled over the central sector of the game sanctuary. But, the flight had to be abandoned due to a sudden burst of thunderstorm over the area.

The plane struggled for a few moments and safely passed over the danger zone, and headed towards Gauhati.

The second plane carrying the rest of the Prime Minister's party was overtaken by the thunderstorm and it had to change its direction.

**GREETINGS**

An enthusiastic welcome was accorded to the Prime Minister when he arrived at Rawria air field near Jorhat at 1-25 p.m. from Dibrugarh. People who came from distant places and thousands of tea garden labourers kept themselves waiting in the air field from early hours. As soon as the Prime Minister's Dakota was sighted, there was a burst of cheers and the crowd in their enthusiasm began to press forward.

There were renewed cheers when the Prime Minister came down from his Dakota.

At 2-40 p.m. the Prime Minister addressed a largely attended public meeting at Jorhat where an address of welcome was presented jointly on behalf of the District Congress Committee and the Municipal Board and the Local Board.

An assurance that the entire nation was with Assam in the hour of her distress was given by Pandit Nehru while replying to the address of welcome.

The Prime Minister hoped that Assam would gather strength and would take up the challenge of the nature and would carry on with grim determination the task of immediate reconstruction.

In the address of welcome it was stated that the people of Assam stood solidly behind the Nehru-Liaquat Ali Pact.

The address said: "The Nehru-Liaquat Pact is fully supported by the people of Assam and it gave immense relief both economically and politically to a large number of people for the time being at any rate.

"We heartily endorse the stand you have taken on the Kashmir question and you rightly rejected the proposal of Sir Owen Dixon.

"We feel fully assured that under your courageous leadership India will gain in status and dignity and she will lead the world in establishing peace."

BEGUSARAI: About seventy villages of Begusarai and Bakhri thanas in Begusari sub-divisions of Monghyr district have been affected by floods in Candak and Bagmati, according to the Sub-Divisional Officer of Begusarai who recently toured the affected areas.

### Sardar's Quiet Day

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Sardar Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, spent a very quiet day today. Among the people who called on him were Mr. B. G. Kher, Chief Minister, Mr. M. M. Naik-Nimbalkar, Labour Minister, and Mr. Khandubhai Desai, President of the Indian National Trade Union Congress.

It is undertood that Mr. Desai discussed with the Deputy Prime Minister important matters relating to the labour situation in the country in general and the textile situation in Bombay in particular.

### IAF MEN MARKING ROUTES TO ASSAM

F/Lt. Madan (left), Navigation Leader of the I.A.F. "Brahmaputra Detachment", plotting aerial routes on the map of Assam over which the Detachment is now air-dropping supplies. F/Lt. Dutta, captain of one of the aircrafts and his navigator, P/O. Nair are also seen in the picture.

## SOCIALIST "DEFIANCE" FIZZLES OUT

### 20 Arrests In The City

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

NOT long after twelve persons (including Socialist Party Secretary Dandavate) were arrested at Gowalia Tank Maidan this morning the crowd of 200 who had assembled there with the intention defying the ban on processions began to disintegrate. Adequate police forces had been posted as a measure of caution.

### THE WRATH OF THE CANE

**BOMBAY Wednesday.**

**A SEASIDE stroller, clad in khadi shorts and shirt, came to grief this evening at Choupatti. He blundered into the cordoned off area and was asked by the police to leave. He turned and was quitting the spot, but apparently so slowly that it roused the ire of a high police officer.**

**The latter walked up to him and beat him with a stick (officially described as a "cane") twice on the back and once on the head. The stroller, shocked at the turn of events, tried to protest, but the blow on the head was so stunning that he soon fell down in a swoon.**

**He was heard asking for water, but in a moment, another police official took him up and led him to a police van which drove away, presumably to a hospital.**

**A check-up of four major city hospitals at 11 p.m. yielded no further information.**

At Choupatti in the evening, the entire area from Tilak's statue to the foot of Malabar Hill was cordoned off by the police in anticipation of the notified bid by Socialists to defy the ban on processions and meetings. Nobody was allowed to set foot on the sands in this area. But there was practically no defiance as none of the Mill Mazdoor Sabha leaders or workers turned up to break the law.

Eight persons were, however, taken into custody near the Tilak statue for allegedly shouting Sabha slogans and behaving in a disorderly manner.

Since afternoon a strong police party under the supervision of Deputy Commissioner Rajadhaksha and Superintendent Rao Saheb Shethe was posted at Choupatti where the defiance of the ban was scheduled to be staged at 6 p.m.

**IN THE MORNING**

Twelve persons, including Mr. M. R. Dandavate, Secretary of the Socialist Party, were arrested this morning by the police at the Gowalia Tank Maidan, where about 200 persons had assembled in answer to a call by the Socialist Party to take out a procession from the maidan to the Council Hall in defiance of the Police Commissioner's ban on assemblies and processions.

**ARRESTED**

The police force which had been stationed early this morning in readiness for any eventuality arising out of the proposed defiance of the ban on seeing the ranks of the workers swelling, asked the workers to disperse. The latter were at first defiant, and the police took twelve of them, said to be the leaders of the procession, into custody. Following the arrests the rest of the assembly gradually broke up.

A volunteer with a Communist flag was arrested near the Bombay Central Station where, it is believed, he intended to hold a meeting.

With the breaking up of the assembly at Gowalia Tank, instructions were issued by the Socialist Party to the strikers to make their way to the Council Hall, where the strikers' case it being heard by the Appellate Industrial Tribunal. The workers using all means of conveyance, trams, buses and trains, and shouting slogans, reached the Council Hall and squatted some distance away, as the Hall had been cordoned off by a strong police force.

Mr. Morarji Desai, Bombay's Home Minister, told a reporter of this paper today that he had discussed the strike situation with Sardar Patel India, but his visit to the Sardar yesterday at Birla House was not particularly for this purpose He discussed the strike along with several other problems of the State, in the course of a general tete-a-tete between the Sardar and himself. The motives imputed by a section of the press to the Sardar, that his visit to Bombay was for the purpose of breaking the strike, was according to Mr. Desai "too far-fetched" and was malicious. The Sardar had come to Bombay on his way to Nasik to attend the A.I.C.C session, and as his health was none too good, it was felt by his medical advisers that a brief but adequate stay in the city, which was virtually his home town, would do him a lot of good. That was the specific reason why the Sardar was in Bombay today

**ABORTIVE ATTEMPT**

In the opinion of Mr. Desai the attempt of the Socialists to take out "morchas" today was abortive, the more so because people had now

(Continued on Page 7)

## Financial Aid Sought For Bombay's Schemes

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

**IT WAS LEARNT at the Civil Secretariat today that the Government of Bombay urged upon Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Vice-Chairman of the National Planning Commission and Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, Member, the fact that the postponement and shelving of many important schemes in the State of Bombay would become inevitable, unless further financial assistance was made available to the State.**

Mr. V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister and Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Public Works Minister held consultations with Mr. Nanda and Sir V. T. Krishnamachari at the Secretariat today.

Sir V. T. told reporters that the talks were about the irrigational and multi-purpose schemes of the Government of Bombay and they had asked the Government that detailed information on the subject may be sent to them.

It is understood that the Government of Bombay furnished the visitors with statistical tables of the major irrigational schemes already completed, those which were in the process of completion and those which were either just taken in hand or were yet in the paper stage. The schemes about which details were supplied also included electric supply projects of the Government.

The State Government is learnt to have impressed the fact that since irrigation projects were of the order of first priority even with the Government of India, it would not be in the fitness of things that any such schemes should be shelved or postponed for want of adequate finances.

It was also learnt that an assurance was given to the State Government that, if complete facts and figures were furnished, appropriate recommendations would be made in the light of their scrutiny.

EMERGENCY: The Indian Army units posted in Telangana, Hyderabad, are being provided with ambulances an medical chests by the authorities to serve the villagers in times of need, besides attending to their normal duties.

## MEERUT COLLEGE ROOF GIVES WAY

### 3 Killed, Several Hurt

MEERUT, Sept. 6 (PTI):

Three persons were killed, three seriously injured, and some others slightly when the roof of the newly constructed wing of the science department of the Meerut College suddenly gave way this afternoon, burying under the debris some labourers working inside the hall.

Near Mahabir Pura in the city about the same time a wall collapsed killing one and seriously injuring three others.

### Sirens In New York

NEW YORK, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter): An air raid warning system will operate in New York City from next Monday.

Mr. Arthur W. Wallender, Civil Defence Director, said last night that from 12-00 (GMT) on September 11, sirens on police and fire brigade vehicles were not to be sounded, except when an alert was received from the United States Air Force.

These sirens would be used as air raid alarms until sirens had been installed at fixed locations throughout the city, he said.

## RED AVALANCHE IS HALTED

### Pohang Falls; Taegu Being Threatened

TOKYO, Sept. 6, (PTI-Reuter).

**WEARY American and South Korean troops had by tonight checked the Northern avalanche pouring through the hole torn in the United Nations defence line on the east coast of Korea.**

Eighth Army headquarters announced that the United Nations forces were "halting" the North Koreans' exploitation of their break-through south of Kigye, about ten miles inland from the port of Pohang, which fell to the Communists last night.

Battered, but still fighting bravely, the Americans and South Koreans were pushing north from Kyongju, vital road and rail junction fifteen miles south of Pohang.

In the north-west corner of the United Nations defence box, around the key centre of Taegu, the Eighth Army communique said the American First Cavalry Division had beaten off two Communist attacks without loss of ground.

One attack came from the area of Kasan—walled city north of Taegu—and the other from high ground two miles north-east of Waegwan, about 15 miles north-west of Taegu.

Earlier, Communists had flung the United Nations forces out of Kasan and advanced 2 miles, to within 9 miles of Taegu, before being stopped by tank-supported infantry.

South-west of Taegu on the Naktong River line, British troops—the Middlesex Regiment and the Argylles and Sutherland Highlanders—were defending the First Cavalry Division's left flank.

They had their first taste of the Korean fighting last night when they skirmished with Communist patrols behind the lines.

**ADVANCE CONTINUES**

Further south, in the Naktong bulge area, around the key road junction of Yongsan, the American Second Division continued its advance toward the Naktong against light resistance.

In the area of Hyonpung, about 17 miles north of Yongsan, the Communists beat back men of the Second Division attempting to take high ground.

Earlier, American Marines and Second Division men had attacked and captured "slaughter house ridge", overlooking the Naktong, after fierce fighting. They broke through to the flooded river at one point.

In this area the United Nations line appeared solid and continuous, though the position at Changnyong, 20 miles south of Taegu, was not clear.

An American staff officer in Tokyo claimed that the United Nations position was "not precarious", but this was contradicted by all frontline reports, particularly from the north and east, where South Korean units were taking the brunt of the biggest attack in the 10 weeks' campaign.

The American 24th Division, held in reserve, had been flung in to help the battered South Koreans to plug the east coast breach.

**COMMUNICATIONS DEAD**

The United Nations communications network, centred on Kyongju and Yongchon, was reported completely out of action.

The Communists were earlier today said to be fanning westward from their break-through, and sweeping behind Allied positions. Tonight's Eighth Army communique did not make plain whether these forces had been completely halted.

Allied planes, grounded yesterday by thunderstorms and low clouds, flew out in force again today to help the hard-pressed ground troops.

Fighters and bombers launched a big attack on Pohang, which was reported full of Communist troops. They left the port shrouded by a tremendous cloud of smoke and in debris. Watchers on Pohang airstrip, still being used despite Communist shelling, saw the attack on the port, two and a half miles away, and heard several explosions as Allied aircraft blasted ammunition dumps.

**BLASTING**

Eighty Shooting Star jets and 51 Mustangs blasted Communist lines all round the United Nations perimeter. They knocked out six tanks and damaged two.

In the far south, the American 25th Division wiped out a pocket of 1,000 Communists in its rear. A heavy North Korean attack, aimed at the port of Masan early today, pushed forward a short distance, but was later hurled back by vigorous American counter-attacks.

Communist casualties in the 24 hours to noon today were estimated at more than 2,000 killed and wounded. Americans casualties were also reported heavy

**IT POURS IN KARWAR**

KARWAR: Incessant rainfall from Sunday has been causing anxiety to agriculturists who are afraid that standing crops might be damaged.

The port authorities have hoisted a storm signal and the sky has not yet cleared up, though there was no longer heavy downpour since this afternoon.

### FOOD IMPORTS

*NEW DELHI, Sept. 6 (PTI): During the week ended August 31, India received 19,900 tons of foodgrains from overseas. The total arrivals since January 1, 1950 are:—*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *Wheat* | *8,21,750* | *tons* |
| *Flour* .. | *62,350* | *tons* |
| *Rice* | *1,39,850* | *tons* |
| *Barley* | *650* | *tons* |
| *Millets* | *3,050* | *tons* |
| *Milo* | *78,150* | *tons* |
| *Semolina* | *4,900* | *tons* |

*The total procurement of all foodgrains is 38,12,500 tons.*

## *Devaluation Of Pakistan Re. Most Likely*

PARIS, Sept. 6. (PTI-Reuter): H. Camille Gutt, Managing Difector of the International Monetary Fund today refused to say whether or not the Fund would discuss the possible devaluation of the Pakistan rupee at its fifth annual meeting, which began here today.

"If a decision to devalue the Pakistan rupee were to be taken, that decision would in any event not be officially made during the period of this meeting", he said.

Conservers thought tha tdevaluation of the Pakistan rupee to bring it into line with the Indian rate—thought not on the Fund's agenda—was likely to be discussed during the meeting.

**It was understood in the I.M.F. circles here that Pakistan was now prepared to discuss an alignment of her currency in accordance with the general devaluation of leading currencies last September.**

Fund officials said they saw clear indication of this intention in the fact that Pakistan joined the I.M.F. in May this year.

**The British Cabinet has framed a motion to ask Parliament next week for a vote of confidence in its three year, 3,400 million sterling defence programme.**

## FLOODS IN LAHORE

### Heavy Loss Of Life Feared

LAHORE, Sept. 6 (PTI): A major portion of Lahore was threatened with floods at 1 p.m. today while army and civil engineers were still making unsuccessful attempts to close five breaches along the 8-mile-long bund of the River Ravi now in spate.

Nearly 45 square miles of land has been under water, and over a dozen villages have so far been washed away, according to an aerial survey of the flood affected area carried out early this morning.

Mr. M. G. Cheema, City Magistrate and chief officer-in-charge of the relief operations, said this afternoon that the situation did not present "a very happy picture." He said that the closing of the breaches in the bund was a vital necessity.

A PTI correspondent who drove around heard shouts from the flooded villages of "Help, help". Dozens of army boats were plying up and down rescuing marooned people. Water was still sweeping down the breaches at a velocity of 10 miles per hour.

**LOSS OF LIFE**

Precise estimates of loss of life were not available to the authorities till 1 p.m. It was, however, feared that there may be considerable loss of life, particularly in the Badalbagh area, where breaches were heavy and water was still rising rendering rescue work difficult.

Over 5,000 people are in immediate need of help, according to an official estimate.

General Mohammad Azam Khan, who is leading relief operations on the army side, said the situation was not entirely out of control.

Government offices were working with depleted staff because many people living in the affected areas could not move out of their house.

Described as the worst ever, the floods have affected Shahdara, Badamibagh and Misrishah, three northern suburbs.

The level of the river which rose by over six feet in 24 hours have flooded railway track to the north of the city for the first time in living memory.

Train service over the river has been stopped and the train from Peshawar last night had to go back to Wazirabad.

Latest reports reaching here indicate signs of a fall in the water level but rescue operations are continuing. The present level of the river is reported to be three feet higher than the highest ever recorded.

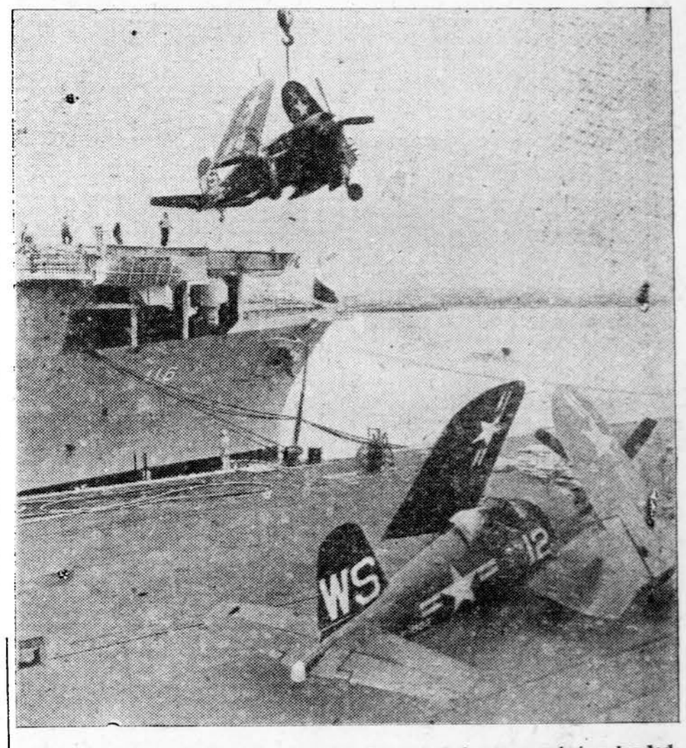
Damage to standing crops and property and loss of life have not yet been estimated but six bodies were found floating near the railway track this morning.

**ROADS UNDER WATER**

SIMLA: Road communications have been paralysed at many places in the plains and hills of the Punjab by heavy rains during the last six days.

The Kulu-Mandi and Kulu-Manali roads have been blocked by several landslips and breaches. The road between Katrain and Manali in the Kulu region has also been rendered impassable.

### U.S. PLANES FOR KOREAN FRONT



Fighter planes of the U.S. Marine Corps are here seen being loaded aboard an aircraft carrier, for shipment to the Republic of Korea. —USIS.

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(8657)


## PUBLIC NOTICES

**THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD.**

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy No. 239434 on the life of PRALHAD GOPALRAO KOPPAR, a duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is filed with the undersigned within one month from date.

T. C. KAPUR,
Manager.

Bombay Mutual Building,
Fort, Bombay.
Date: 7-9-50.

(2082)

**THE BHARAT SPG. & WVG. CO. LIMITED.**

NOTICE

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the "BHARAT SPG. & WVG. CO. LIMITED will be CLOSED from 14th September, 1950 to 28th September, 1950, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
PURSHOTAM GOVINDJEE & CO.
Managing Agents.

Bombay, 6th Sept. 1950.

## LEGAL NOTICES

**IN THE COURT OF THE SUB-ORDINATE JUDGE OF SOUTH KANARA, MANGALORE.**

O. S. No. 113/1950

Between:—
ALEXANDER RODRIGUES
..... Plaintiff
and
EUSEBIUS RODRIGUES &
Others ..... Defendants.

To

1st Defendant—Eusebius Rodrigues, son of Antony Rodrigues, residing at 14, Chapel Road, Bandra, Bombay.

The abovenamed plaintiff has filed the above suit against you and others for partition of property and other reliefs.

The said suit is posted to 19-9-1950 at 11 a.m. Please take notice that in default of your appearing on the said date in person or through your Counsel before the said Court, the suit will be heard and decided ex parte.

By Order of the Court
S. VENKAT RAO,
Vakil for Plaintiff

Mangalore, 29-8-1950.

(2083)

## PUBLIC NOTICES

**NOTICE**

APPLICATIONS invited for the undermentioned posts from Nationals of Indian Dominion or Indian States acceded to Indian Union by birth or by domicile, for employment in Technical Development Establishment Vehicles Ahmednagar, Deccan.

The posts are temporary but are likely to be made quasi-permanent under the Civilians in Defence Services (Temporary Service). Rules 1949.

Selected candidates may be required to serve in Sections/Wings anywhere in India. Dearness and other compensatory allowances admissible under current defence Services Civilian Personnel regulations.

Applications should be addressed to The Chief Superintendent, Technical Development Establishment Vehicles, Ahmednagar, Deccan by designation to reach by 30th September 1950.

Preliminary Interview will be at AHMEDNAGAR, BOMBAY, DELHI, MADRAS and CALCUTTA, Candidates to specify convenient centre in applications. Final selection and practical test at Ahmednagar.

No travelling expenses admissible.

Selected candidates will be appointed on three months probation on production of (a) Character Certificate from a Gazetted officer and (b) Medical Certificate of fitness from a Civil Surgeon or a Military Hospital.

(a) TECHNICAL SUPERVISORS.

PAY:—Grade I—260-15-350.
Grade II—150-7-185-8-225

QUALIFICATIONS

GRADE I.

GENERAL EDUCATION. — Matriculation or equivalent Civil or Military Examination relaxable in special cases.

TECH. EDUCATION/EXPERIENCE. —Diploma in Mechanical or Automobile Engineering, and 3 years practical experience in design or manufacture or repairs of motor vehicles, Armoured fighting vehicles, earth-moving machinery, Workshops plant and machinery, Machine tools, stationery I. C. engines, pumps etc. OR 10 years practical experience as above.

GRADE II.

GENERAL EDUCATION:— Matriculation or equivalent Civil or Military Examination relaxable in special cases.

TECH: EDUCATION/EXPERIENCE. —Diploma in Mechanical or Automobile Engineering with some practical experience in design or manufacture or repairs of motor vehicles, Armoured fighting vehicles, earth-moving machinery, Workshops plant and machinery, machine tools, stationery I.C. engines, pumps etc. OR 5 years practical experience as above.

NOTE:—(i) Ex-Service J. C. Os. of E.M.E. and other individuals having practical knowledge of Ordnance Stores procedure, Identifications and Technical office duties will be given preferential consideration for certain percentage of vacancies.

(ii) Vacancies exist in Grade I and II. Appointments will be according to qualifications and result of practical test.

AGE:— Below 45 years, relaxable in case of candidate otherwise suitable.

(b) DRAUGHTSMEN MECHANICAL.

PAY:— Grade I — 300-20-500.

QUALIFICATIONS.

GENERAL EDUCATION:— Matriculation or equivalent — relaxable in special cases.

TECH: EDUCATION / EXPERIENCE. — Degree/Diploma in Mechanical Engineering with 2 years practical experience in works and 3 years in Drawing Office OR 5 years apprenticeship as Mechanical Draughtsman in a Government Factory/Railway Workshops/large Industrial concern with 5 years wage earning service as leading Mech: Draughtsman OR 10 years experience as leading Mechanical Draughtsman with Government Factories/Railway Workshops/large Industrial concern.

AGE:— Below 45 years relaxable in special cases.

PAY:— Grade II—150-7-185-8-225.

QUALIFICATIONS.

GENERAL EDUCATION. — Matriculation or equivalent — relaxable in special cases.

TECH: EDUCATION / EXPERIENCE.— Diploma as Mechanical Draughtsman or Mechanical Engineer with 2 years experience in Drawing Office. OR 5 years apprenticeship as Mechanical Draughtsman in a Government Factory/Railway Workshops/large Industrial concern with 2 years experience as earner in trade. OR 7 years experience as Mechanical Draughtsman in Government Factory etc.

AGE:—Below 45 years relaxable in special cases.

PAY: GRADE III — 100-5-125-6-155-EB-6-185.

QUALIFICATIONS:

GENERAL EDUCATION.— Matriculation or equivalent relaxable in special cases.

TECH: EDUCATION / EXPERIENCE. Diploma as Mechanical Draughtsman or Mechanical Engineer with at least one year practical experience as Mechanical Draughtsman. OR 5 years practical experience with Government Factories/Railways or large Industrial concern as a Mechanical Draughtsman.
AGE: Below 45 years relaxable in special cases.

(c) TRACERS.

PAY:— 55-3-85.

QUALIFICATIONS.

GENERAL EDUCATION.— Preferably Matriculation.

EXPERIENCE:—3 years experience in Government Factory/Railway or large Industrial concern as Tracer or Draughtsman Tracer. Must be able to make (i) Free hand perspective sketches in Indian ink.
(ii) Tracings of Drawings with ink on cloth or tracing paper.

AGE:— Below 28 years relaxable in special cases.

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QUALIFICATIONS.

GENERAL EDUCATION.— Matriculation or equivalent.

EXPERIENCE.—Speed 100 words per minute Shorthand and 40 words per minute in Typewriting. Experience in Technical correspondence preferred.

AGE: Below 25 years — relaxable in special cases.

(e) LOWER DIVISION CLERKS.

PAY: —55-3-85-EB-4-125-5-130.

QUALIFICATIONS.

GENERAL EDUCATION.— Matriculation or equivalent.

EXPERIENCE. — Previous Clerical experience preferred. Typing speed 30 words per minute essential.

AGE:— Below 25 years relaxable in special cases.

(f) STOREMEN.

PAY:— 55-3-85-EB-4-125.

QUALIFICATIONS.

GENERAL EDUCATION — Matriculation or equivalent—relaxable in special cases.

EXPERIENCE:— At least 3 years experience in accounting, identification of Ordnance Stores.

AGE:— Below 25 years—relaxable in special cases.

P. V. SUBRAMANYAM,
Colonel.
Chief Superintendent
Development, Vehicles.

(8668)

## LEGAL NOTICES

**NOTICE**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the public that Mr. KHODIDAS VAGHJIBHAI SONI of Bombay has agreed to sell and assign to our client absolutely the business of JAI HIND WATCH HOUSE as a going concern, carried on at Shop No. 5 in Abbas Mansion at Chhabildas Road, Library Street, Ward No. 3705 (2) and Street Nos. 8 to 8B and 1 to 1E belonging to Mrs. Fatemabai Abbasbhai Kagalwala, together with all its Stock-in-Trade, Furniture, and Goodwill and together with the benefit of tenancy of the said premises. Any person claiming to have any right, title or interest in the said business is requested to make it known in writing to the undersigned at 14, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within eight days from the date hereof, failing which, the sale will be completed and any such right, title or interest shall be deemed to have been waived.

Dated this 6th day of September, 1950.

DIVEKAR & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(8674)

## AUCTION SALES

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO BUILDING AND MUNICIPAL CONTRACTORS, SANITARY ENGINEERS AND HARDWARE MERCHANTS.

AUCTION SALE of a large Stock in Trade Comprising different sizes of Pipes, Gatars, Asbestos, Tanks, and Pipes, Gatar fittings, Sanitary Plugs, China goods. W. C. Blocks, Manholes, Cast Iron Tanks, Handwheel and Hopper, Drainage Hand Pumps, Sanitary Plugs, Flap Valves, Hume Valves, etc., in one or different lots on TUESDAY, the 12th September, 1950 at 3 p.m. at Grant Road, Charni Road Junction near Railway Hotel in the compound of Messrs. Palonji Edulji & Son under instructions from the party concerned. On view, 50 per cent deposit to be paid at the time of sale and the Sales tax. Further conditions of sale will be read out at the time of sale. M. MODY & CO., Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE of Diamond Emerald Ruby and Pearl Jewellery Ornaments Under instructions from Messrs. Tyabji Dayabhoy & Co., Attorneys for Seth Chimanlal Kuberdas Choksy the Constituted Attorney of Seth Ramanlal Dayabhoy Shah on Saturday the 9th day of September 1950 at 2 p.m. at Lentin Chambers, 1st floor in Dalal Street near Share Bazar, Fort. On view Catalogues with conditions of sale ready. M. MODY & CO. Auctioneers 132 Meadows Street, Fort.

# 'DARSHAN' BY HARIJANS

## Consent Order

**(Before, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar & Mr. Justice Dixit).**

Muldas Bhudardas Vaishya and others .... Appellants (Defendants)
vs.
Shastri Yagna Purushdasji and others .... Respondents (Plantiffs).

AN interlocutory injunction granted by the Extra Joint Civil Judge (Senior Division) Ahmedabad, was varied by consent by their lordships at the Bombay High Court on appeal from that interlocutory order.

The suit had been filed by the plaintiffs against the defendants as representing all non-satsangi Harijans for an injunction restraining them from entering the Swami Narayan Temple at Ahmedabad. It was disputed whether the Harijan Removal of Disabilities Act as amended was applicable to the Swami Narayan Temple.

At the hearing before their lordships, the plaintiffs without prejudice to their rights and contentions, agreed that pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit, all non-satsangi Harijans were to be permitted to have "darshan" from the steps on the northern side of the Nar Narayan Temple at Ahmedabad from where the idols would be visible at the five usual "darshan" hours. Their lordships directed the trial court to dispose of the suit expeditiously within three months of the receipt of the record.

Mr. A. G. Desai and Mr. A. D. Desai appeared for appellant 1.

Mr. M. P. Amin and Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas with Mr. C. K. Shah appeared for the respondents.

Mr. N. K. Desai appeared for the Acharya and the Mahant of the temple.

Mr. G. N. Joshi with the Assistant Government Pleader Mr. B. G. Thakore appeared for the State of Bombay.

## Acquittal Order Challenged

Mr. Justice Bavdekar and Mr. Justice Vyas at the Bombay High Coust admitted a revision application against the order of acquittal passed by the Chief Presidency Magistrate in the case in which the complainant Gulamali A. Bhojani Proprietor-Manager of Sarosh Pictures alleged that the three Accused, namely, (1) Nazim Panipati, a film-songs writer, (2) Aziz Khan Mastani, a music director and (3) Wali Saheb of Paristan Pictures and Punjab Film Corporation had infringed the copyright of four songs composed by the Accused No. 1 for the complainant's picture called Hamdard.

According to the complainant, Accused No. 1 and 2 were paid for respectively for writing the songs and for setting the same to music.

The complainant further alleged that Accused No. 3 with the aid of Accused No. 1 and 2 erploited these four songs for his own concern. The complainant, therefore, filed a complaint against all these three Accused in the Court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate who, however, acquitted the Accused under Sec. 7 of the Indian Copyright Act, 1914 (India Act III of 1914).

It was urged on behalf of the Complainant that the Lower Court erred in acquitting the Accused and that the case was not disposed of according to law.

Their Lordships admitted the Revision application and ordered Rule to be issued. The matter will now come up for hearing in due course.

## Theft From 'Phone Company Godown

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Following complaints received by the Bombay Telephone Company of thefts committed during the past six months involving porperty worth about Rs. 4,000, the Agripada police kept a watch on the the godowns of the Company, as a result of which they arrested Rangarao Tukaram, a watchman of the Company, and Sher Mohamed Abdulla, a lorry driver.

It is alleged that the two of them planned to remove tyres from the Company's godown yesterday. They started their operations in the evening at about 8 O'clock, As Tukaram emerged from the godown with a tyre he was put under arrest. Abdulla, who also had a tyre in his hand and was standing 10 feet away, seeing that his friend was arrested it was stated let the tyre drop on the footpath and ran away. He was subsequently arrested.

The police suspect that these men are involved in the previous thefts reported by the Bombay Telephone Company. They were produced before Mr. H. M. Barot, at the Girgaum Police Court, and, pending further investigations, were remanded into police custody.

## WATER SUPPLY TO MALBAR HILLS

The Hydraulic Engineer, Bombay Municipal Corporation says that the compartment No. 1 of Malabar Hill Reservoir will be put out of commission for a period of about 10 days commencing from 8-9-1950 and compartment No. 2 will be kept out of commission for about 4 days commencing from 20-9-1950 in connection with the works of fixing additional inlets etc. The Water Supply to the areas served by this Reservoir will, therefore, remain slightly affected during this period.

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

For attempting to take out a procession in contravention of the Police Commissioner's ban, Raghunath Yeshwant was arrested this morning by the Nagpada Police. He was produced before Mr. M. Nasrullah, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, and was released on bail of Rs. 200.

# LET US CONSERVE OUR FOREIGN EXCHANGE

## D. P. Karmarkar's Plea For Rationalising Imports

BOMBAY, Wednesday

EXPRESSING his confidence in the future of the country, Mr. D. P. Karmarkar, Deputy Minister for Commerce, Government of India, said at a reception held in his honour by the Samyukta Karnatak Sangha, that although the country was confronted with many difficulties, the future was not dark, and the problems which faced the Government would be tided over.

Mr. Karmarkar made a plea for the conservation of our foreign exchange and said that the people must try to do without several of the things which were unessential to life. Unless the people learned to make sacrifices, neither the Ministry for Commerce nor the Government of India would be able to do anything towards national economy.

"The country must rationalise its imports," Mr. Karmarkar emphasised. "We cannot afford to have whatever we want. We must import only what is in the best interests of the country and the majority."

Continuing, Mr. Karmarkar stated that though the resources of the country were slender, its economic position was not so bad as to warrant any despair. However, whatever the difficulties, economic, political and social, which confronted the country, it would certainly pull through.

**UNITED KARNATAK**

With regard to the formation of a United Karnatak, Mr. Karmarkar said that this was necessary as a United Karnatak could contribute more to the progress of the country than a divided Karnatak.

Mr. Dinker Desai, who addressed the gathering on the occasion, said that Karnadigas should agitate for a United Karnatak. There should be no political differences among Karnadigas in the achievement of this end, and the people of the province should stand as one.

Dr. V. K. R. V. Rao, in the course of his speech said that a United Karnatak could only be achieved by creating among the people of the province the sentiment in favour of it. Appeals to the Government or to Ministers would avail nothing if a strong sentiment in fvour of a United Karnatak did not exist.

Mr. R. V. Murthy, who presided over the function, extolled the services which Mr. Karmarkar had rendered to Karnatak and its people and said that Karnadigas were proud that he held a position in the Central Government.

## ALL-INDIA ZIONIST FEDERATION

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The decision to set up an all-India Zionist Federation was taken at a conference of delegates from Zionist Associations Calcutta, Poona, Ahmedabad, Malabar and Bombay assembled in Bombay. Mr. J. S. Ezra was elected President.

The conference was a unique one in that it was the first occasion when representatives of Jews all over India met to consider the various problems that confronted the community.

The conference expressed deep appreciation at the fine treatment generally given to the tiny Jewish community numbering about 25,000 persons in this country and reaffirmed their loyalty to the public of India and to stand shoulder-to-shoulder with their fellow-citizens in the progressive march of the nation.

On a resolution proposed by Mr. M. D. Japheth, a delegate from Bombay, it was unanimously decided to elect posthumously the late Mr. J. J. Gubbay as President of the Federation for one day in commemoration of his past services.

## Indapur Municipality Superseded

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Indapur Municipality has been superseded by the Government of Bombay for a period of two years, from September 6, 1950, on grounds of incompetence. An officer is being appointed to exercise the powers and perform the duties of the superseded Municipality. Indapur is in Poona district.

The financial position of the Municipality is very unsatisfactory. The Municipality has shown inexcusable laxity in the collection of taxes and the arrears of taxes amounted to 95 per cent of the total demand on March 31, 1950. The Municipal councillors do not take sufficient interest in muncipal affairs and do not even care to attend the meetings of the General Board. Moreover, the municipal affairs have remained uncared for since long and the Municipality has practically stopped functioning.

## ADULTERATION IN ART

SINGAPORE, Sept. 6 (PTI): A warning against "a tendency in Malaya" to mix up Indian fine arts with the fine arts of other countries and present "an adulterated impression of Indian culture" was sounded yesterday by the President of the Indian Fine Arts Society of Singapore, Mr. K P. A. Menon.

Addressing the annual general meeting of the Society, Mr. Menon said that all the world recognised that Indian music, Indian dance and other Indian fine arts were very highly developed. "We must, therefore, present to the public programmes of Indian fine arts that are genuinely Indian and unadulterated. If the majority of the people there and now cannot appreciate genuine music and other arts, that is no excuse for us to put up spurious items."

Established fifteen months ago, the Society had justified its existence in every way, said Mr. Menon.

## PLEA TO TRANSFER CASE

### Deputy Collector's Appeal

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. Justice Rajadhyaksha and Mr. Justice Chainani admitted an application filed by Mr. G. A. Shaikh, District Deputy Collector and Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Lunawada Division (now under suspension) for transfer of a case pending against him under the Prohibition Act from the Court of the Sub-Divisional Magistrate at Godhra, Panch Mahal District, to a court in any other district as he apprehended that he would not get a fair trial at Godhra. Their Lordships admitted the application and issued a rule.

It is stated that on the 18th of June this year, the applicant had returned from a tour. The same day, the Superintendent of Police came to his residence with a written information and seized some bottles of English liquor from an unlocked cupboard. The applicant was then charged under the Prohibition Act. Mr. Shaikh alleged in his application that the Superintendent of Police and the District Magistrate had been in consultation with each other during the investigation of the case against him and the District Magistrate, who transferred the case to the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, was likely to be a witness in the case.

The applicant further alleged that the charge against him had been engineered by a hostile Congressman and prayed that in the interest of justice, it was necessary to have the case transferred to the Court of any other Magistrate in any other district.

Mr. A. A. Peerbhoy with Mr. M. M. Shaikh appeared on behalf of the applicant.

## Raid On Gambling Den

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Located on the ground floor of a building on Duncan Road was a gambling den conducted it is alleged, by one Kantilal Bhaichand. Getting scent of it, the Maharbouri police sent in a bogus customer with marked currency notes. At a given signal, the police raided the place and recovered from Kantilal two marked five-rupee notes. He, it is also stated had some money with him and two packs of playing cards.

The police attached Rs. 4,171, two carpets, and two gunny cloth pieces. They also arrested eleven others who were in the room. All the twelve persons were produced before Mr. J. M. Barot Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, who released Kantilal on bail of Rs. 2,000. The rest were released on bail of Rs. 500 each.

## Mr. Nagarwala's New Job

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. J. D. Nagarwala, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay, has been appointed as the Principal of the Nasik Police Training College.

Mr. Nagarwala relinquished his post in Bombay today and left by car early this morning to take up his new post.

He is succeeded by Mr. Pradhan, former D.S.P. of Kaira.

## Bibinagar Dacoity Case Judgement On Sept. 11

SECUNDERABAD, Sept. 6. (UPI): Contrary to the earlier announcement that the judgements in Shoebullah Khan murder case and Bibinagar dacoity case will be pronounced by the special tribunal on Saturday, September 9 it is now announced that the judgements will be pronounced on Monday, September 11.

Accordingly the Laik Ali Ministers case which was adjourned for that day, it is now announced, has been deferred to next day.

## OLD WOMAN GOES TO SECRETARIAT

### She Saw Morarji, But Would Not Believe It

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A 65-year-old woman of the peasant class created such a din today before the rooms, in the Secretariat, of the Home Minister, where she had comfortably settled down for more than three hours, with all her earthly belongings—a gunny bag containing odds and ends, wearing apparel, and a couple of sarees—that Mr. Morarji Desai came out of his office, and added his words to the persuasion of the police, which until then had proved fruitless.

The woman who had probably trekked all the distance from Khandesh poured out her tale of woe to the Minister, when he admonished her for creating noise.

"I have come to see the Sahib", she said. Her husband had beaten her up and thrown her out of her house with all her belongings. She pointed her finger to the miserable bundle, which she was guarding with great care.

When the Minister told her who he was, she either did not believe it or did not hear him, for her insistence that she wanted to "see the Sahib" continued. The Home Minister told her that he could not give her a house, and that she should not make noise and disturb everyone.

After he went inside, the police tried again, but she said that she would not budge unless she saw the Home Minister or Mr. "Balasaheb". Eventually she was made to go down by a police officer who told her that "Balasaheb" was down and she could see him there.

Her name was Damayantibai Deshmukh and she hails from Khandesh. She is learnt to have three generations of descendants.

## MORARJI REBUTS THE CHARGE

### Alleged Contempt

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Enquiries made in the Secretariat today in connection with the legal notice served on the Home Minister Mr. Morarji Desai for alleged contempt of court revealed that that the Home Minister had replied denying that he had committed contempt of court by referring to the textile strike as 'illegal'.

It was pointed out that the Government had always held the strike was illegal and prosecutions had been launched only on that basis.

## IMPLEMENTATION OF DELHI PACT

### Madras Strives To Create Favourable Atmosphere

MADRAS, Sept. 6 (UPI): The various steps taken by the Madras Government to create an atmosphere favourable to the implementation of the Indo-Pakistan agreement were explained in the Madras Legislative Assembly today by Mr. B. Gopala Reddy, Leader of the House.

He said the government were taking precautions to ensure that press releases, broadcasts, photographs, publications, etc., issued and distributed by them were not only in conformity with the Inter-Dominion agreement of April 8, but also assisted in creating new atmosphere favourable to the implementation of the agreement.

**INSTRUCTIONS**

Editors of newspapers and periodicals and all printing presses in the city as well as the districts had been requested to extend their co-operation in creating a favourable atmosphere in the implementation of the agreement. Instructionns had been issued to the President of the Board of Film Censors not to issue certificates for films which offended the terms of the agreement. The Collectors and the Commissioner of Police, Madras, had been instructed to suspend the exhibition of such films.

Instructions had been issued to Collectors and the Commissioner of Police, Madras, the Registrar of Books and the Senior Translator to Government that they should promptly report any breach of agreement noticed in the Press and other publicity media and the action taken by them to prevent their recurrence.

The Minister also said that active steps were being taken to publish a pamphlet containing extracts from the agreement, speeches and broadcasts of the Prime Minister of India and Pakistan in the regional language of the State.

# Ordinance Curbing Prices: Bombay Not Enthusiastic

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

While Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Civil Supplies' Minister, Government of Bombay refused to comment on the merits and shortcomings of the recent Ordinance of the Government of India, circles in close touch with Government stated that the Bombay Government is not particularly satisfied with it.

The official view seems to be that on account of its shortcomings, the Ordinance may not prove effective or deterrent in checking black marketing, profiteering and other malpractices.

It was pointed out that the Ordinance delegated no new powers to the State Governments, who were therefore called upon to play no important role in the matters. Since there was no provision for summary trials in the hands of the executive, the cumbersome and very often abortive procedure of prolonged delays of law could be expected to continue. The Ordinance made no provision with regard to the minimum sentence for its breach. This was such a serious omission, that the Ordinance could not act as a deterrent.

"The fixation of prices prevailing on June 15, can lead to tremendous confusion, for on that day different shop keepers were selling at different prices," a spokesman said. As such this could be a perennial bone of contention in law courts, for one could not say with definiteness what were the ruling prices on day. As such to launch prosecutions on the assumption that there was anything like a standard price on that day, was to court trouble.

The Ordinance was criticised on the ground that it left out a number of food items, condiments and a large number of medicines, from its purview.

It was also feared that since high prices were due to short imports, the Ordinance might stop imports and thus accentuate black markets.

It was learnt that the State Government, did not need to augment staff on account of the Ordinance, beyond a few inspectors at most.

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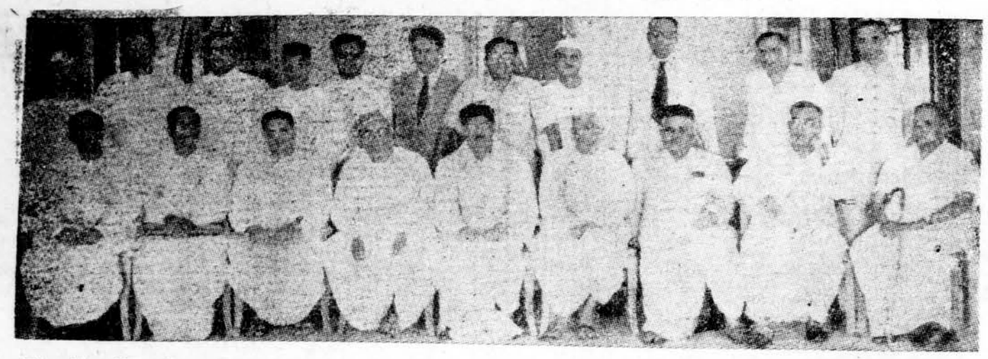
Government of Maharashtra
on 18 April, 2017

## AINEC STANDING COMMITTEE MEETS



The Standing Committee of the A.I.N.E.C. met on Wednesday at the Indian Merchant Chamber of Commerce Hall under the Presidentship of Mr. C. R. Srinivasan, Editor of "Swadesamitran" of Madras.

# CITY & SUBURBS

### TODAY

**Hindu:** Shravan Vad 10, 2006.
**Muslim:** Zilkad 23 1369.
**Parsi** Farvardin 5, 1320.
**Sunrise** 6-24 a.m., Sunset 6-49 p.m.
**Hightide** 09-32, 20-10 Lowtide 01-24, 15-48.

### *Engagements*

STILL-LIFE EXHIBITION by K. H. ARA: Will be opened by Mrs. Nena von Leyden at Bombay Art Society's Salon, 6 Rampart Row, Fort, at 6-15 Exhibition will remain open till Sept. 14 between 10 a.m. and 7-30 p.m.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY AND ALLIANCE FRANCAISE OF BOMBAY: Lecture by Dr. Pierre Gourou on "Land Utilization and over-Population in China" at Town Hall, at 6-15 p.m.

INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERS: Meeting fixed for August 31 which was cancelled will be held at 6-15 p.m. at Ilaco House, Mr. H. I. Badyal will speak on "High Duty Casting and their application Engineering Industry."

Y.M.C.A.: BRAINS TRUST at 6-30 p.m. at 12, Wodehouse Road Panel: Dr. S. G. Fanandiker (Q.M.), Mrs. B. C. Dutt, Dr. N. K. Ppte, Mr. P. R. Lele, Dr. S. P. Raju and Mr. Russel Stevenson.

SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND SOCIOLOGY: Public lecture on "Methods of Study in Personality" by Dr. Gardner Murphy, UNESCO Consultant to the Government of India, at 6 p.m., at School's Lecture Hall. Prof. C. N. Vakil will preside.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

The Physiotherapy and Rehabilitation Centre for Infantile Paralysis of the Society for the rehabilitation of Crippled Children, which was housed at Adams Wylie Hospital, has now been shifted to Haji Ali Park, opposite Willingdon Sports Club, Clerk Road, Mahaluxmi. Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Bombay's Minister for Health will perform the house-warming ceremony.

## Cholera Situation Improves

### WEEKLY HEALTH REPORT

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The cholera situation in Bombay State improved considerably, during the week-ended August 26 last, the figures for the week being 108 cases and 35 deaths as against 184 cases and 68 deaths reported in the previous week.

The improvement was particularly marked in Dharwar District, which reported 36 cases and 12 deaths as against 94 cases and 41 deaths in the previous week. During the same period, small-pox took a toll of seven lives, plague nine and poliomelitis nine, in the State. The following is the health condition report of the State for the week:

The total number of anti-cholera inoculations performed during the week was 32,305, which brought the progressive total from January 1, to 9,68,033.

SMALL-POX: Small-pox figures were 43 cases and seven deaths as against 28-3 reported in the previous week and 106-17 revised. In city there were four cases, one proving fatal.

The total number of primary vaccinations and re-vaccinations performed during the week was 11,977 and 12,310, which brought the progressive total, from January 1, to 5,69,643 and 13,32,389 respectively.

PLAGUE: Plague figures were 26 cases and nine deaths as against 17-6 reported in the previous week.

The total number of anti-plague inoculations performed during the week was 801, which brought the progressive total, from January 1, to 83,167.

POLIOMYELITIS: Bombay City had eight cases of poliomyelitis during the week.

RANJIT'S
NILI
SURAIYA, DEV ANAND.
LIBERTY
Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30.
Booking: 10 to 8.
JAI HIND, CITY LIGHT, BANDRA, BHARAT VYANKATESH

## Editors' Meeting In City

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Standing Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference met here this morning under the presidentship of Mr. C. R. Srinivasan.

The following members attended the meeting:—

Mr. Devdas Gandhi (Hindusthan Times), Mr. K. Srinivasan (The Hindu), Mr. S. Sadanand (Free Press Journal), Mr. Deshabandhu Gupta (Tej and News Chronicle), Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh (A. B. Patrika), Mr. Feroze Chand (Times of India), Mr. A. D. Mani (Hitavada), Mr. K. P. Keshava Menon (Mathrubhoomi), Mr. P. D. Dhawale (Maharashtra), Mr. N. M. Joshi (Lokashakti), Dr. Sachin Sen (Indian Nation), Mr. Srikant Thakur (Aryavarta), Mr. Joachim Alva (Forum), Mr. Nirmal Ghosh (Amrit Bazar Patrika), Mr. H. R. Moharay (Samyukta Karnataka), Mr. M. Harris (Ajmal), Mr. J. Natarajan (The Tribune), Mr. Pothan Joseph (Deccan Herald), Mr. Shambu Prasad (Andhra Patrika), and Mr. B. Sen Gupta (U.P.I.).

Mr. B. L. Sharma, Principal Information Officer, Government of India, was present by invitation.

The members were entertained to a luncheon by Mr. Sadanand.

The annual session of the AINEC will be held in the first week of December at Delhi, it was announced here.

Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, will address the Committee tomorrow morning.

## HUMAN RIGHTS IN GOA ABSENT

### Plea To Delhi For Firm Attitude

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Mr. Waman Desai, Secretary, United Front of Goa, in a press statement today referring to Dr. Keskar, Deputy Minister's statement regarding Goa, said that he fully agreed that Goa's political situation had deteriorated after the failure of the diplomatic talks the Indian Government had with Portugal.

He adds: "Since 1946, more than 500 Goans have gone to jails and still 20 Goan leaders are in jail undergoing imprisonment for terms ranging from 8 to 28 years. European and Negro troops to the tune of 6,000 are terrorising the innocent unarmed Goans with modern weapons of war.

The Portuguese Government agents in Goa and also in Indian territories are prejudicing the minds of the Goan people against the Indian Governmeent with all kinds of facilities and lakhs of rupees at their disposal. Even refusal to sign the protest issued by the Portuguese Government against Pandit Nehru's statement that "Goa will come to India", has become a crime and Goan patriots are externed. In fact all the preliminary human rights are not in existence in Goa.

**APPEAL**

"In this light, I would now appeal to the Government of India to take firm attitude against these foreign possessions in India so that the political deadlock now in existence in Goa would end

Goans have never considered in term of Portuguese, Goans are Indians first and Indians last, and Goa is part of India in every aspect. I appeal to all the Goans to look to the future unite and achieve our goal—"Freedom of Goa."

### Homage To Late Mr. Padbidri

(From Our Correspondent)

KARWAR, Sept. 6.

A resolution condoling the sad demise of Mr. R. S. Padbidri, former Assistant Editor of "the Bombay Chronicle" and a leading Congress worker was passed at a public meeting held in Karwar this week-end. Mr. N. N. Joshi, President of the Karwar Bar Association presided.

The resolution recalled the late Mr. Padbidri's services to the country in his capacity as a journalist, social worker, and fighter for the country's freedom and also mentioned how his death has caused a great loss to the Karwar District, his native place, where he had programme to settle down and work for its uplift.

A copy of the above resolution was sent to his son and wife at Bombay.

### Tiger Moths Air-Lifted

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Four Tiger Moth trainer aircraft were "air-lifted" to Karachi by a special Royal Pakistan Air Force freighter aircraft today, from Bombay.

These aircraft are now the property of Pakistan under the partition agreement. They are held up here for the last three weeks for want of proper transport, it was stated.

## TODAY'S RADIO

**THURSDAY, Sept. 7.**

**AIR NEWS FROM DELHI**

Bangali 7-30 a.m. 2-50 p.m. 7-30 English 8 a.m. 1-30 p.m. 6 Gujarti 8-45 a.m. 7-45 3-15 Hindi 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m. Malayalam 7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m. Marathi 8 30 a.m. 12-50 p m Oriya 7-15 a.m. 1-10 p.m. 7-15 8-15 p.m. Tamil 7-15 a.m. 2 p.m. 7-15 Telugu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m. 7 Urdu 9 a.m. 8 p.m.

**BOMBAY**

244 m.—7-45 a.m. Hindi by radio, G, 8-15 Laxmibai Jadhav, deskar, 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 12-50 B. Shah, G geet, 1-10 Geetanjali 1-40 Dance music 4-20 School broadcast, 5-0 S.S. Deodhar, bhimpelas, 5-30 for children E 6-10 R. S. Vyas, Sarod, 6-30 S.S. Deodhar, shudh kalyan, 7-0 B. Shah, G bhajan 7-10 Locals, 7-20 P. G. Lad, k. v. and d. eman 7-45 For industrial workers, 8-30 Prof. D. Parikh, book review, G. 8-45 H. Buch's G roopak "Vadnagar" 9-15 B. Shah, 9-45 R. I. D'Avoince, sports review, 10-0 B. Vacha, violin, 10-25 Noreen Boult soprano, 10-40 Aloo Surveyor, piano.

**VARIATIONS**

353 m.—7-30 Mangal prabhat, 7-40 Prog., 8-0 R. S. Vyas, sarod 8-45 Laxmibai Jadhav, M pad, 1-0 p.m. N. G. Pisat pad, 1-30 Bhavgeets, 1-50 For women, M. 5-30 P. G. Lad, M pad 5-45 N. Padma, bhajan, 6-0 M. G. Pisat, bhavgeets, 6-20 Villagers' prog. in M, and 6-50 in K, 7-20 M.G. Pisat M song, 7-30 Commercial news, 8-15 Hindi by radio, M, 8-30 Day's topic, M 8-40 Master Krishnarao, 8-45 K. Verma, poems recitation, 9-0 P. G. Lad, M song 9-30 Film songs, 9-45 B. S. Vyas sarod, 10-0 Laxmibai Jadhav, jaijaiwanti.

**BARODA**

250 m.—7-30 a.m. Mishra geets, 7-45 Programmes 7-50 N. Bechardas. bhajans, 8-15 As in Ahmedabad, 8-30 R. Chhotekham, sarangi 5-30 p.m. As in Ahmedabad, 6-10 V. Potkar, 6-30 For listeners, 7-0 Man-mandir 7-15 As in Ahmedabad, 7-30 R. Chhotekhan, sarangi 7-45 P. Shinde, kh. chhayanat, 8-0 N. Bechardas bhajans, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 Geet sudha, 9-30 As in Ahmedabad.

**AHMEDABAD**

326-1 m.—7-30 a.m. B. C. Barot, bhajans, 7-40 Progs 7-45 Hariras, 8-15 G. A. Khan, classical 8-30 Vasundhara Desai, G geet, 5-30 p.m. G. A. Khan, classical 6-10 As in Baroda, 6-30 Lest you forget, 7-0 B. C. Barot, G geets, 7-15 B. Doshi G talk on Bharat's old vidyapiths, 7-30 For Industrial workers, 8-0 Locals, 8-5 Bismillah and party, 8-30 V. Desai, G Geets, 8-45 G. A. Khan cl., 9-30 B. Dave's musical feature "megh madhuri".

**GOA**

31-22 m.—7-00 Bill Bailey's musical clock, 9-00 Stars sing, 9-15 Radio Goa Glee Club 9-30 Negro spirituals 9-45 Curtain Call, 10-00 Meet the band. 10-30 Tropicana 10-45 Tune time, 11-00 Concert hall of air, 12-00 p.m. Airlane melodies, 12-15 Hawaiian melodies 12-30 Concert favourites. 12-45 In 3/4 time, 1-00 Request prog., 2-00 Concert hall of air 3-00 Children's prog., 4-00 Hindi film music, 5-00 Urdu prog., 6-00 Divertiment, 6-30 Blue Barron presents 6-45 Keynotes by Carl, 7-00 What's new 7-15 Organ music, 7-30 Radio Goa bandstand.

# Give Impetus To Our Shipping Industry

## MASTER CRITICISES CENTRE'S POLICY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

MR. M. A. MASTER, Member of the Shipping Coordination Committee of the Government of India, while addressing Commerce Graduates' Association said here today that "efforts are being made to keep alive the negotiations for securing collaboration and co-operation between the British shipping interests and the Government of India for building up Indian shipping."

Mr. C. H. Bhabha, former Commerce Minister, presided.

Responsible Indian shipping circles believe, Mr. Master said, "that conversations are even now going on towards that end. The target of two million tons which Government had fullr endorsed under Mr. Bhabha's ministership has been held up to ridicule. The plans for developing Indian shipping, to which Mr. Bhabha was a party, have been characterised as ill-advised, because if Government were to adhere to the target, it would cause serious apprehensions in the minds of British shipowners.

Mr. Master asked: "Why should we worry ourselves as to what the British shipowners would think of us if we were to develop our shipping rapidly".

**EQUAL TREATMENT**

Explaining the plans "now under negotiation", Mr. Master said: "There is a demand that such Indo-British co-operation should be given full national treatment and should be put on a basis of perfect equality with Indian shipping. A part of the plan is likely to be that after the co-operation comes into existence, there should be peace in the field of shipping: No new Indian shipping company should come into existence for a decade or two for plying its ships in overseas trades".

"There is a universal feeling in the country that so far as the industries which partake of defence are concerned, they should be entirely and fully in the hands of the people of the land, whatever be the views in regard to the invitation to foreign capital to run our industries in the future," Mr. Master added.

"No foreign interest can be allowed or can be tolerated," he said, "to run the industries like shipping, which plays a vital part in the defence of the country. Negotiations which are now going on strike at the fundamental basis of the declared shipping policy of Government and are in sharp conflict with the definite and consensus of opinion held in the country on this subject."

Mr. Master, therefore, urged that "it is of fundamental importance for Government to reiterate and confirm their faith and declared policy that the merchant navy of India is to be built up with the ownership, control and mannagement of the nations of the country." He said: "It is not fair to expect —and it is certainly very difficult to invite or to induce—Indian capital to flow once again in a peculiarly hazardous industry like shipping with the knowledge that it is going to be pitted against the British or other foreign capital with its huge resources and with national treatment and on a footing of perfect equality."

**SUGGESTION**

Mr. Master suggested that the Government of India should seek a loan from the International Monetary Bank for financing Indian shipping. The bank had financed some Dutch companies, he said.

Examining Government's announcement on August 14 regarding reservation of coatal trade, Mr. Master emphasised that "it is fundamental to the policy of reservation that, once the coastal trade is reserved, no non-Indian shipping should be invited to participate in it thereafter, except under the stress of great national emergency". He sought an assurance from Government that no non-Indian shipping would be allowed to participate in the coastal waters after a period of 12 months. But, he said: "Reservation of coastal trade should not lead to a situation whereby national tonnage may lose its position in the carriage of trades with adjacent countries, which they have built up during the last three decades after great struggle and considerable sacrifice".

## Widespread Rain Along W. Coast

### ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 6 (PTI).—Following is the daily weather summary for Wednesday:

A trough of low pressure lies this morning in the Arabian Sea off the Saurashtra coast.

Rainfall has been widespread along the West Coast and in Sub-Himalayan West Bengal, Jalpaiguri, reporting an exceptionally heavy fall of 12" of rain. Local thundershowers have also occurred in Assam, Saurashtra, Deccan (Desh), North Hyderabad and Mysore.

FORECAST valid until the evening of 7th: Rainfall will be widespread in Saurashtra and Kutch, Gujarat, along the West Coast, in Assam and Sub-Himalayan West Bengal. There will be local thundershowers in Madhya Bharat, West Madhya Pradesh, Deccan (Desh), in the hills and submontane districts of Bihar, Uttar Pradesh and the Punjab(I) and in and around coastal Andhra Desh and east Hyderabad. The monsoon will be weak over the rest of the country.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain is likely in Assam, Sub-Himalayan West Bengal and Travancore-Cochin during the next 48 hours.

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours with total rainfall from June 1, 1950, and departure from normal recorded at 08-30 hrs. IST. on 6th September.

Allahabad 95 81 0 33.9 plus 4.2 Bangalore 78 65 0 9.5 minus 3.6 Baroda 89 75 0 40.4 plus 11.3 Bhopal 90 75 0 27.2 minus 12.5 BOMBAY 83 76 0.8 52.0 minus 6.8 Calcutta 91 80 0 35.4 minus 4.3 Cherrapunji 68 63 0.9 296.9 plus 15.6 Cochin 81 72 2.8 81.0 plus 14.0 Cuttack 92 79 0 32.5 minus 5.9 Delhi 94 79 0 27.2 plus 8.7 Hyderabad (Dn.) 86 71 0 19.2 plus 2.0 Indore 86 73 0.1 25.5 minus 0.8 Jaipur 93 77 0 21.7 plus 2.5 Kanpur 94 81 0 22.7 minus 4.7 Karachi 86 78 0 2.9 minus 2.7 Khandwa 90 75 2.7 19.8 minus 3.0 Lahore 90 77 0 11.7 minus 1.4 Madras 88 75 0 15.1 plus 4.1 Mussoorie 69 59 0 89.6 plus 22.4 Mysore 79 67 0 8.8 minus 1.1 Nagpur 88 74 0.1 22.8 minus 14.1 Pachmarhi 78 67 0.2 26.4 plus 5.1 Patiala 93 78 0 24.6 — Patna 94 82 0.2 31.2 minus 2.5 Poona 84 72 0 14.3 minus 1.0 Rajkot 87 75 0.1 26.5 plus 5.8 Ranchi 86 75 0 51.4 plus 11.7 Simla 67 58 0.1 58.4 plus 17.1 Trivandrum 81 71 0.6 30.1 plus 3.5.

## *52 Inches, Yet Below Normal*

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Monsoonish weather still persists in the city, with occasional heavy showers of rain. During the 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. today, three-fourth of an inch of rain was recorded at the Colaba Observatory. The total since June 1 last is 52 inches, which is 6.8 inches below normal.

According to the weather experts at Santa Cruz, the city and the suburbs may have fairly frequent showers during the next 36 hours, with gusty winds. During the same period, fairly widespread rainfall is expected in Konkan, Saurashta, Cutch and Gujarat. A few heavy showers are expected in Saurashtra, and Konkan.

It is further stated that the draught for low pressure over Saurashtra extending into east Central Arabian Sea, off Konkan coast, still persists.

## APPEAL AGAINST ACQUITTAL

### Copyright Case

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A revision application filed by Mr. Gulamali Bhojani, the Proprietor of Sarosh Pictures, against the order of acquittal passed by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, was admitted by Mr Justice Bavdekar and Mr Justice Vyas

The complaint against three accused was that they had infringed the copyright of four songs composed by Nazim Panipati, a film song writer, for the complainant's picture called "Hamdard". The complainant alleged that the accused had exploited the songs for Paristan Pictures and Punjab Film Corporation and charged them under Section 7 of the Indian Copyright Act. 1914, for infringement of copyright.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate who heard the case, acquitted the accused namely Nazim Panipati (the song writer) Aziz Khan Mastani (music director) and Wali Saheb (of Paristan Pictures and Punjab Film Corporation).

It was urged on behalf of the applicant that the lower court had erred in acquitting the accused and that the case had not been disposed of according to law.

Mr. I. S. Haji with Mr. S. G. Patwardhan appeared on behalf of the applicant.

## ANOTHER VICTIM OF FIRING

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

One more victim of the police firing on August 31, the general strike day, died in the K. E. M. Hospital today, bringing the total number of casualties in this connection to six so far.

Pawloo Rodricks, a young boy working in a hotel at Soparibaug Road, was taking his meals with his brother and a cousin in the hotel on that day at about 3.30 p.m. Suddenly, according to a statement made by his brother to the City Coroner, a bullet struck him on the head. He fell unconscious and was immediately rushed to the hospital where he expired today.

The Bhoiwada police stated that the boy was amongst the crowd that persisted in stone-throwing on buses and trams at Soparibaugh Road, and was evidently hit by a bullet in the police firing

## Madhya Pradesh Rice For Madras

NAGPUR, Sept. 6 (PTI): About 14,000 tons of rice have been despatched to Madras in the first three weeks of August from Madhya Pradesh, it is officially stated here.

Despatching instructions for another 5,000 tons have been issued. With this quantity, last month's quota of 10,000 tons marked for Madras will be fulfilled. Another 10,000 tons are to be despatched to Madras during September.

OPENING TOMORROW!
—AN ENTERTAINMENT DELIGHT!
JAIMANI DEWAN PRESENTS
ANMOL RATTAN
Starring
MEENA
KARAN DEVAN
GOPE
NIRMALA
Screenplay D. N. MADHOK
Direction: M. SADIQ
Daily 3-15, 6-15, 9-15. Sun. 12-15
Plans Open 9 to 1, 3-30 to 8
ROXY
M. B. BILLIMORIA & SON Release.

Fame ...
THROUGH DISTINGUISHED SERVICE
Some studs of Krementz Quality rolled gold plate have been worn for as long as thirty-five years.
All Krementz jewelry will give corresponding satisfaction.
Krementz cuff links remain bright because of their surface of hard rolled 14 KT. gold.
Krementz
FINE QUALITY JEWELRY
FOR MEN: Evening Jewelry • Collar Pins • Tie Holders • Cuff Links
FOR LADIES: Bracelets • Saree Pins • Earrings • Brooches
REPRESENTATIVES: MULLER & PHIPPS (INDIA), LTD.
Bombay: Queens Mansions, Bastion Road Fort
Calcutta: Wellesley House, 7, Wellesley Place • Madras: 15 Sankurama Chetty Street

## *CHARGES FRAMED IN SHOLAPUR MILL CASE*

### *Notes Ordinance Sequel*

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

**CHARGES were framed by Presidency Magistrate R. S. Parikh at the Esplanade Court today against the Sholapur Spinning and Weaving Company Limited and five others accused in what is known as "Morarka Notes Cases."**

The accused in the case are: the Company, Mr. Ramkumar Shrinivas, partner of Morarka & Company the Managing Agents: Mr. Dwarakdas Shrinivas, Director of the Mills: Gokulchand Dwarkadas Morarka. Director: Basantilal Ramkumar, partner and Mangesh Jayawant Diwekar. Secretary of the Mills.

The five accused were arrested on Feb. 15, 1948 on a charge of contravening the provisions of the High Denomination Bank Notes Demonetization Ordinance of 1946

Charges framed against the accused today said that between January 15 and 16, 1946, the Company did by the hands of the Managing Agents Morarka & Company make in a declaration required by the Ordinance statements which were false or only partially true or which they did not believe true.

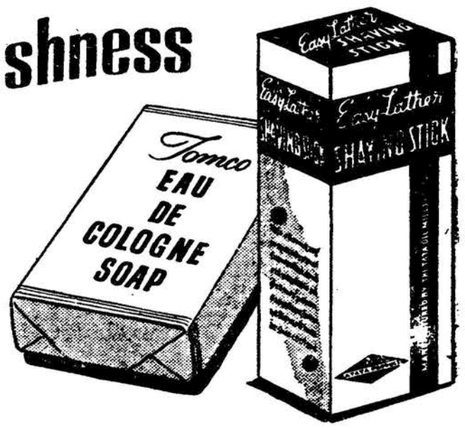
The charge states that 452 bank notes of the denominations of Rs. 1,000 each were surrendered by the accused between the two days with false declaration that they belonged to the company while they did not.

The declaration had stated that the notes were held by them for making payments in the course of business and that the reason for keeping these notes in high denomination rather than in current account, fixed deposit or securities were to make urgent payments in course of business and that they came into their possession in the course of business

The charge said that in making these declarations the main accused the Company and the other accused aided and abetted each other in committing offences under Section 6(5) punishable under Section 7 of the High Demonetization Ordinance III of 1946.

All the accused pleaded not guilty. The Company also pleaded not guilty.

The case stands adjourned to September 26, 1950.

Fragrance & Freshness


are the twins that make up Tomco Eau-de-Cologne Soap and Tomco 'Easy-lather' Shaving Stick. They both have the fragance of a natural perfume and the freshness that follows a soft rich lather. The Shaving Stick softens the toughest beards; the Soap cleanses the deepest pores.
A splash of Tomco Eau-de-Cologne after shaving is wonderfully refreshing.
THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY LIMITED

# A FIGHT AGAINST ARCTIC CONDITIONS

## Unique Experiment In Switzerland

JUNGFRAUJOCH (Switzerland) Sept. 6. (PTI-Reuter):

**FOUR British cosmic ray scientists are to winter at the scientific research station on the Jungfraujoch—11700 feet high and one of the highest in the world—fighting arctic conditions: utter silence exygen deficiency and a natural tendency to become nervy and bad-tempered.**

Swiss officials say that a long spell on the Jungfraujoch would make most men eccentric and drive some mad.

But this Manchester University team, will spend almost the entire winter there, working with the heaviest scientific equipment to be found anywhere in the world at that altitude, to continue their research into the properties of "Taumesons", the showers of newly discovered and very penetrating particles produced when the atom is broken by cosmic rays.

Mr. J. A. Newth will head the team of physicists. who are expected to arrive here in October and start their researches about the end of November. They will work under the direction of Prof P. M. S. Blackett. leading British atomic scientist and Nobel Prize winner, whose book debunking the idea that the atom bomb could decide any war immediately was much quoted in Russia and criticised in the United States.

They will bring with them a 14-ton magnet and a Wilson cloud chamber to be used for photographing the tracks of nuclear particles disintegrated by atom-smashing cosmic rays.

From Interlaken, the heavy equipment will have to be brought on a three-hour mountain journey and through a four and a half mile tunnel carved out of solid granite Eventually it will be taken up a 350 foot lift shaft to the Observatory at the summit of the Jungfraujoch—the "laddle" of the Jungfrau.

The cosmic ray phenomena produced in the cloud chamber occurs roughly 20 times more frequently at this altitude than in cities like Manchester, Birmingham, Edinburgh and London.

Outside the research station, there is either dazzling and unending white carpet or a thick curtain of clouds or snow. Inside, the station is perfectly comfortable, electrically heated and illuminated. There is a telephone with the outside world, first-class plumbing, wash basins with hot and cold water, and sleeping accommodation (spring mattresses) for 15 people.

A woman housekeeper will do all the shopping at Wengen, 7,000 feet below and two hours away on the railway, but the scientists will do their own cooking.

The Jungfraujoch research station, a typical example of the Swiss Government's world outlook, is 20 years old and has the support of Britain, France, Gelgium, Germany and Austria, through their Universities and learned societies

Two years ago, it attracted world attention by experiments into the influence of high altitude of 500 human "guinea-pigs."

The results of the winter's research would be of great interest to a group of American scientists headed by Prof C. D. Anderson, of California Institute of Technology.

The winter will see a number of scientists at Jungfraujoch, all equally absorbed in different problems.

## STRAY DOGS PROVING A MENACE

### 60 People Attacked Daily In Allahabad

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD Sept. 6: Fifty to sixty people are being daily attacked by stray dogs in the streets of Allahabad, according to Dr. V. S. Tangri, medical officer-in-charge Motilal Nehru Hospital.

Many of these cases proved fatal. Generally women and children fall an easy prey to such digs. Cyclists are pursued wildly by them.

Municipal authorities have taken no step so far in this connection.

## STRIKE IN C. & M. GAZETTE OFFICE

KARACHI, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter).

Members of the editorial staff of the "Civil and Military Gazette" Karachi, went on a strike at midnight last night as their demands had not been accepted by the management.

Most of the members sat outside the office while a few waited inside with pens down "to inform the editor" of their decision

A spokesman of the "Civil and Military Gazette" unit of the Sind Union of Journalists said that their unit had given 14 days strike notice on August 7 and the same had been extended for another fortnight on August 21 as negotiations between the S. U. J and the management were in progress.

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CASABLANCA, Sept. 6. (PTI-Reuter): Some 850 Muslim pilgrims from Morocco and French West Africa left here yesterday aboard the French steamer "Providence" for Mecca.

The ship will call at several Algerian and Tunisian ports to pick up other Muslims.

## MAHARASHTRA YOUTH CONGRESS

### Nehru To Inaugurate First Session

NASIK, Sept. 6. (UPI): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, would inaugurate the first session of the Maharashtra Youth Congress to be held here on September 17, it was announced today. The session would also be addressed by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India.

Shri Raja Mantri, convener of the session, in a statement to the Press, said that the sittings of the open session would commence from 10 a.m to 12 noon and from 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. on September 17. The constitutions of the Maharashtra Youth Congress would be adopted at this session.

About 2,000 delegates are expected to attend the session which will be held in the Subjects Committee hall at Gandhinagar.

## BAN CROSSWORD COMPETITIONS

POONA, Sept. 6. (PTI): The Poona Journalist's Association at its meeting. yesterday requested the Bombay Government to ban prize Crossword Competitions run by some of the newspapers in the State.

The resolution making this request decribed as "harmful" the growing practice among Bombay journals, particularly Marathi newspapers, to run such competition.

It urged the All-India Newspaper Editor's Conference and the Marathi Journalist's Association to condemn this "unhealthy practice which reflected badly on the high traditions of the press" and strive to put a stop to the running of these competitions.

The resolution was passed after a lively discussion with 16 voting for the resolution, and three against.

## Ladakh's Trade Mission To Tibet

SRINAGAR, Sept. 6. (UPI): A trade mission is proposed to be sent from Ladakh, in Kashmir, to Tibet shortly.

Tibet which exchanges trade missions with Ladakh generally after every three years had recently sent a trade mission to Ladakh which has now returned to Lhasa. It is understood the Kashmir Government is in correspondence with the Government of India on the question of making arrangements for the visit of the proposed Ladakh mission to Lhasa.

Trade between Ladakh and Tibet is carried on in a number of articles, including grains, carpets, silk, Tea. Wollen goods, etc.

## Tree Target Exceeded

RANCHI, Sept. 6, (PTI): Over 19 lakh trees have been planted in Bihar so far in pursuance of the national tree planting programme which commenced from July 1, it is learnt. These include over two lakh fruit trees, 16 lakh fuel trees and over 46,000 banana suckers. The target for Bihar had been fixed at 17 lakh trees only.

## INDIA NEEDS A STRONG NAVY

### Development Checked By Money Shortage

LONDON, Sept. 6, (PTI-Reuter): Vice Admiral Sir Edward Parry, Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Navy, said in London tonight that there was some urgency about developing India's Navy as fast as they could. India was still dependent upon Britain and the U.S of America for defence from the sea.

Admiral Parry was speaking informally to Indian students. He emphasised that war involved questions of national policy and that as an Admiral he was not concerned with politics.

India would get new ships for her navy, he said, as and when she could pay for them With a smile he added that if there was one word that would be written on his grave when he left India that word would be "money".

A navy that could fight, however, was an insurance against the possibility that there might be a war. In the last war the Allies won because they had so many ships. merchant ships as well as warships, that even after all the great losses inflicted upon them by the German submarines they still had plenty left which could carry vast armies abroad and bring food home.

A navy must have aircraft carriers. India had plans for these, but it had not been possible so far to put these plans into effect because of lack of money. However. the money was bound to be forthcoming one day.

## U.S. WANTS MORE MEN

WASHINGTON, September 6, (PTI-Reuter): The United States Army has asked for a draft of 70,000 men during November, 20,000 more than had been expected.

## Japanese Fast Increasing

### MOVE TO CONTROL BIRTH RATE

TOKYO, Sept. 6. (PTI): Japan's population is increasing fast—so fast that Government proposes to control it.

Mr. Takkeo Kurokawa, Japanese Minister for social welfare, has just announced here that the "population control bill." sponsored by Government. will come up before the Japanese Diet shortly.

The bill will recommend compulsory "de-conception" for mothers who have had enough children—there is the official limit—and official encouragement of birth control measures on a nationwide scale.

The Japanese Government decided on these drastic measures following a registered increase of nearly 12,000,000 in the nation's population in the last five years

## Fine Ganja Seized

BEGUSARAI, Sept. 6. (PTI): Five seers of contraband Nepali ganja of exceptionally fine quality was seized by Excise officials in the course of a raid in the village of Rampur in Khagaria Sub-Division according to a report received here.

Four persons who were arrested in this connection were later released on bail.

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BANGKOK (PTI-Reuter): Headquarters of a new Thai Army division now being organised will be set up in Bangkok rather than in the provinces because it is believed that increased Communist "subversive activity" will be centred on the capital. the Ministry of Defence announced here.

## VELLODI'S IDEAL UNIVERSITY

### Address To Osmania Senate

SECUNDERABAD, Sept. 6 (UPI): "My ideal University is one where the teacher and the taught are afforded the freedom and leisure to study together the problems that have assailed and continue to assail mankind through the ages, as for example Oxford where I have spent some of the happiest days of my youth," said Mr. M. K. Vellodi, Chief Minister of Hyderabad, addressing the Senate of the Osmania University today.

The Chief Minister said that while the aim of our University should be to impart education, right conduct, urbanity and a desire to be of service to the country and the people, it was not necessary that we should constitute ourselves into an ivory tower. On the other hand, it was a negation of University life to introduce into it the baser aspects of our political life.

"To transform the University into a cockpit of communal passions. instil into the young men who are developing into citizenhood, religious, communal, racial or linguistic narrowmindedness is to sow the seeds of utter damnation," he said.

**HINDI & URDU**

Referring to the medium of instruction, "one of the most controversial problems and one that has generated heat in the Osmania University", the Chief Minister said, "Hindi has been declared, under the Constitution, as the national language of the country and it is, therefore, our duty to see that prompt and effective steps are taken to encourage the growth of education in Hindi.

"In Hyderabad, Urdu has been not only the language of the University, but the language of all educated people. To expect Hindi to take the place of Urdu overnight is to expect the impossible. I do not for a moment suggest that we should not take very drastic steps to introduce Hindi. but I think it would be folly to ignore the fact that this pre-supposes the existence in large numbers of teachers who are well-learned in Hindi. In any case, I feel no doubt that we should not, in the name of Hindi do anything to lower the standards of education that is imparted in our University."

## From Rs. 100 To Rs. 900

MADRAS, Sept. 6 (PTI): The Madras Assembly passed today the bill for enhancement of the half-yearly tax on a tram car from Rs. 100 to Rs. 900 incorporating an amendment recommended by the Council.

The amendment made over the entire proceeds of the tax to the Madras Corporation, depriving the State Government of its share of four-ninths proposed originally.

The loss to Government works out at Rs. 84,000 annually.

# PAKISTAN AFRAID OF IMPARTIAL PLEBISCITE

## Sheikh Abdullah's Charge

SRINAGAR, Sept. 6, (UPI).

**SHEIKH MOHOMED ABDULLAH, Kashmir's Chief Minister, today voiced the Kashmir people's determination "to resist with all our might any attempt of Pakistan to sow seeds of dissension and disturb communal harmony in Kashmir", in a sixty-minute speech at a Janmashtami reunion of Kashmiri Pandits.**

Sheikh Abdullah said that Pakistan was now openly campaigning for the overthrow of the National Conference Administration in Srinagar and its replacement by foreigners so that "she can step in and plant without let or hindrance seeds of the two-nation theory." Pakistan regarded communal brotherhood and harmony prevailing in the State as very discouraging to her ambitions in Kashmir but the people of Kashmir were determined to foil any attempts by Pakistan to "evtend the area of her aggression" in Kashmir.

Sheikh Abdullah said that Pakistan was afraid of a free and impartial plebiscite in Kashmir. "Otherwise why does Pakistan ask for sinister conditions to be implemented?" he asked.

He added: "The rulers of Pakistan believe that once the Abdullah Government is removed, they will have an easy walkover I may assure them that neither we nor India have any intention of obliging Pakistan in this respect of contributing to the hallusinations."

**LAND REFORMS**

Defining the objective of the Kashmir land reforms fixing the limit of ownership at twenty acres. Sheigh Abdullah said that what they were planning for was a society on democratic lines. If the reforms were "rushed through" as some critics had alleged, it was only in the interests of the people"

**"We were even prepared for a break with the Government of India", he said. "If that had happened we would not have joined Pakistan. We would have gone ahead with the reforms and fought Pakistan single-handed and, if necessary, perished for our cause."**

## Rice And Milo Arrivals

MADRAS, Sept. 6 (PTI): The steamer, Indian Merchant, carrying 700 tons of Burma rice from Ceylon arrived at Madras port yesterday. The entire quantity has been allotted to Madras State.

The steamer. Dallas City, carrying 9,175 tons of milo from the U.S. arrived at Cochin port on September 6. This quantity has also been allotted to Madras.

## PREVENTION OF SMUGGLING

### Madras Minister's Tour

MADRAS, Sept. 6 (PTI): Mr. N Sanjiva Reddi, Prohibition Minister of Madras, will shortly seek the co-operation of the French Indian authorities at Pondicherry to prevent smuggling of liquor into the Madras territories.

Mr Reddi will proceed to Pondicherry on September 16 when he will discuss with the local authorities the question of reducing the incidence of prohibition offences in the Madras villages adjoining Pondicherry.

According to official sources, French authorities are importing liquor far in excess of their requirements and the surplus was smuggled into Indian territories by private merchants. If this was prevented, it would be conducive to the effective working of prohibition in Madras.

## SUIT AGAINST BINNY AND T. W. A.

MADRAS, Sept 6 (PTI): The hearing of the damages suit filed by Mr. E E. Mack, Judge of the Madras High Court, and Mrs. Eileen Mack, against Messrs Binny and Co. and Trans-World Airlines, Bombay, was adjourned to September 9, by the First Additional Judge of the City Civil Court today.

The examination of witnesses on behalf of the defendants was over today.

Mr K R Krishnaswamy, representative of TWA, during his cross-examination said that it was not obligatory upon them to give to the passengers all information that was imparted by their Company. He said their instructions were such that if a passenger asked for any information regarding requirements for the flight by air, including passport requirements and visas, they might do so.

Witness said that under the conditions stated on the tickets, the carrier was no held responsible for any loss or expense incurred by the plaintiffs

## HEALTH PROGRAMME FOR SOUTH ASIA

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6 (PTI): Plans for short-and-long-range health programme in South Asia upto 1955 will be formulated at the third annual meeting of the World Health Organisation's Regional Committee for South East Asia at Kandy on September 22.

The meeting will be in session for five days. Indonesia will be represented for the first time.

Immediately following this meeting, about 30 directors of health services from South-East Asia countries will attend a conference sponsored by W.H.O. and will pool information and exchange experience on practical methods of dealing with principal health problems of the region.

Covering subjects of vital importance for the health of the 500 million population of the region, discussions include training of health personnel, control of communicable disease, environmental sanitation and public health administration.

This is the first international conference of health directors of health services to be held in South-East Asia.

## Delhi Congress' Demand

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6 (PTI): The Executive Council of the Delhi State Congress in a resolution here today, has demanded fresh elections to the Delhi Municipal Committee.

# UNECAFE Session To Be Held At Lahore

KARACHI, Sept. 6, (PTI).

**LAHORE has been fixed as the venue of the seventh session of United Nations Economic Cooperative Administration for the Far East.**

The session expected to be inaugurated by Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan Prime Minister of Pakistan is scheduled to commence on February 27, 1951.

**TRANSPORT CONFERENCE**

DR. P. S. Lokanathan, Executive Secretary, Economic Cooperative Administration for the Far East, told P.T.I. here today that the second session of ECAFE's transport conference will be held in Bangkok on October 24.

One of the purposes of forthcoming conference, Mr. Lokanathan said, will be to set up Transport Committee as against the present Ad Hoc Transport Conference.

**THE FUTURE**

Mr. Lokanthan said that the E.C.A.F.E. was set up in June 1948. for a period of only three years and "It will on the basis of the Lahore session's report that U. N. Economic and Social Council will decide whether E.C.A.F.E. should continue and in that manner"

Mr. Lokanathan arrived in Karachi from Delhi on Monday and would leave for Bombay on Thursday enroute to Ceylon.

Mr. Lokanthan said that during his stay in Karachi he would discuss with Pakistan authorities and find out the relation between Commonwealth Technical Assistance Programme and U. N. programme of assistance. He said E.C.A.F.E.'s concern was to see that there was no duplication and overlapping and at the same time to see that no country was deprived of the assistance offered because it happened to be a member of both, E.C.A.F.E. and the Commonwealth.

## WESTERN EUROPE'S DEFENCE

### Ministers Satisfied

LONDON, Sept 6. (PTI).

Defence Ministers of the five Western Union powers—Britain. France, Belgium, Netherlands, Luxembourg—yesterday reaffirmed their determination to build up a co-ordinated system of defence at the earliest possible moment.

At a secret meeting in London they took further measures to ensure a sound administrative backing to build up forces in the west. it was officially announced.

"They expressed satisfaction with the progress made in the creation of the formations required to deal with any agression in Europe", the communique said.

## MINISTER WALKS OUT OF PARTY

DAR ES SALAAM, Tanganyika, Sept. 6, (PTI-Reuter): Mr. John Duggale, British Minister of State for the Colonies, arrived here last night from Arubga, in Northern Tanganyika, where he walked out of a cocktail party on Saturday.

Mr. Duggale was said to have left the party after high words with leading settlers in the area. He left, he said, because expressions had been used about Africans and about himself which made it impossible for him, as a Minister with responsibilities for Africa, to stay.

The President of the European political organisation here said Mr Duggale had set back racial harmony in Arusha Province by ten years.

The local Indian Association congratulated the Minister on efforts to remove the "colour bar".

## VYSHINSKY IN PERSON

### To Lead Soviet Delegation

MOSCOW, Sept. 6, (PTI-Reuter): Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky plans to lead Russia's delegation to the next United Nations General Assembly on September 19.

This was disclosed here when American Embassy officials said they had received an application for a United States visa for Mr. Vyshinsky

## Formosa Is "Reserved"

PARIS, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter): French Foreign Minister Robert Schuman said here today that his country's delegation at the United Nations had been instructed to ensure that Formosa remained a reserved question which could not be settled until a solution was reached in Korea.

He added, "There is certainly a problem to be solved and we will certainly debate it at the General Assembly of the United Nations."

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VISHAKAPATNAM Sept. 6. (PTI): Mr. H. K. Mehtab, Minister for Industry and Supply. Government of India, will launch the first of the three ships ordered by the Union Government and built in the Scindia ship-building yard on September 14 it is learnt

The second ship is scheduled to be launched on November 3. this year.

## COMMONWEALTH AID TO SOUTH-EAST ASIA

### Documents From Four Countries

LONDON( Sept. 6, (PTI-Reuter).

**COMMONWEALTH officials here on the eve of a vital conference on economic aid to South-East Asia last night waited anxiously for documents from four Asian countries invited to attend.**

With only a few hours left before the start of the Conference today, no word had been received from Siam, Indonesia, and Burma it was learned from a usually reliable source.

They had been asked to submit by September 1 programmes giving details of what aid was required and what they themselves could contribute from their resources. But until last night, their programmes had not been received.

Burma, Siam and Indonesit had not yet even indicated if they would take part in the conference Indo-China accepted sometime ago.

All Commonwealth countries except South Africa which is not attending have submitted their programmes.

These programmes will be collated into a single report by Commonwealth officials and experts at the series of meetings which starts today.

The report will then be considered by a meeting of Commonwealth Ministers to be presided over by Mr. Hugs Gaitskell, British Minister of Economic Affairs, on September 25

The Commonwealth Ministers and representatives of the other interested South Asian countries will finally meet in London on October 2 to aprove a six-year economic aid plan for South and South-east Asia.

No American. Dutch or French observers will be present at either the official or ministerial meetings.

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, British Commissioner-General in South East Asia is expected to attend the final meeting.

Official observers said yesterday that the full scope. financial and economic. of the aid scheme would only be known after the conference had ended.

**U. S. AID NECESSARY**

But they thought that the Conference might decide that American aid would be necessary if the aims of the plan are to be fulfilled.

No official approach for aid on these lines has yet been made to the United States Government. which has been kept acquainted informally of the various stages of the project since the Sydney Conference last May.

The Commonwealth Ministers are expected to decide to invite the non-Commonwealth South East Asian countries concerned to take part in three-year eight million sterling technical assistance plan of the Technical Assistance Bureau, established at Colombo.

The Bureau was set up by the Sydney Conference to give technical assistance to the South Asian countries, to guide them in the training of technicians, and to help them to make use of technical assistance facilities from various United Nations agencies.

Of the eight million sterling Britain and Australia contributed 35 per cent each while the remainder was made up in varying degrees by other Commonwealth countries.

# 48-NATION CURRENCY TALKS IN PARIS

## Trade Barriers To Be Removed

PARIS, Sept. 6. (PTI-Reuter).

**FINANCIAL experts of 48 nations, including Britain. the United States and France, were to open formally today a week's discussions on means of sterling the world's currency problems and breaking down trade barriers.**

French President Vincent Auriol will inaugurate gathering the fifth annual meeting of the Governing Boards of the International Monetary Fund and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development. Czechoslovakia only "iron curtain" country among the 49 members states. will not take part in the meeting

M. Camille Gutt, of Belgium. the Fund's Managing Director. told a press conference here yesterday that Czechoslovakia had not resigned. but had not taken part in any of the work of either body for months Poland resigned last March.

On Thursday M Gutt will present the Fund's annual report to the Conference World Bank President Eugene Black of the United States will submit the Bank's report on Friday. The two bodies will meet in closed session on the other days

**THE DANGER**

The delegates who include most of the member countries Finance Ministers and Central Bank Governers. face a very different international situation from the one existing when their annual reports and recommendations were drawn up six months ago Since then. the Korean War and other developments have caused the most important member nations to embark on big rearmament programmes which the attendant risk of inflation. a danger which both bodies were established to fight.

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# East Bengal Enter Semifinal Of I. F. A. Sheild

## BHOWANIPORE GO DOWN BY SOLITARY GOAL

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6 (P.T. I.)

**EAST BENGAL (Holders), entered the second semi-final of the I.F.A. Shield this evening beating Bhowanipore by one goal to nil.**

East Bengal, League Champions, negotiated yet another hurdle in their race for the year's double at the cost of Bhowanipur, who staged a last-ditch-battle to hold them in check. It was the first match of the I.F.A. Shield in aid of local charities.

East Bengal's forward play lost much of its usual glamour, Venkatesh, right-out, being kept in check by D. Bose, opposing left-half.

Bhowanipur were lucky with their intermediate line of defence where Nawab, centre-half, was vigilant throughout. Among the forwards R. Das was prominent with his deft centres and with better aid from the other forwards might have changed the complexion of the game.

In the 23rd minute of the first half East Bengal scored. Saleh, left-outer passed to Gokul, left-half, who in turn lobbed at Venkatesh who scored with a grand rising shot.

Shortly afterwards R. Das, Bhowanipur outside-right failed to score off a free kick, the ball sailing over.

In the second half Bhowanipur enjoyed territorial advantages and came near equaliser. A number of times in the second minute Nawab put R. Das in possession but the latter's shot just whizzed past the East Bengal goal. At the other end Saleh shot over from a pass by Ahmed Khan. In the 8th minute again, R. Das had no luck and sent slightly off the mark from a pass by R. Sinha. Three minutes later the same player failed to convert from a brilliant spot kick. The ball bounced off Gokul's shoulders and went out for an abortive corner. A few seconds before the final whistle R. Das eluding the defence drew out the goal keeper but his stiff low shot was diverted by B Bose, East Bengal right-back.

**TEAMS**

EAST BENGAL: M. Ghatak, B. Bose and R. Majumdar; D. Chanda, B. Roy and Gokul; Venkatesh, Apparao, Dhanraj, Ahmed Khan and Saleh.

BHOWANIPUR: M. Sarkar, P. A. Barua and Latif; S. Mukerji, Nawab and D. Bose; R. Das, B. Das, R. Sinha, R. Bose and S. Nandy.

REFEREE: Sushil Ghosh.

## JACOB IMPRESSES ON OPENING DAY

### Mysore Association Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A. I. Jacob—a promising young player—had the distinction of lowering the colours of S. Narayan the Indian Gymkhana Champion—on the opening day of the Mysore Association Table Tennis Open Tournament.

A. Sampath had to fight hard to win his encounter against V. M. Raghu and it went to three games before the former won at 23-21 10-21 21-19 in the first round.

V. Venkatraman had a trying day today as he was taken to three games in both the matches in the first and second round. After beating N. J. Nensey in three games at 21-18 21-23 21-12, he had to struggle hard in his next in the second round against K. R. Swamy at 21-11 21-23 21-17 who had beaten S. N. Prahlad at 21-9 19-21 21-13 in the earlier round.

In the second round P. A. Vaidyanath got better of N. V. Shreenivas whom he defeated at 21-17 19-21 21-13.

A. I. Jacob was the hero of the day. He overwhelmed over S. Narayan—the Indian Gymkhana Champion—and beat him in three games. The final score was 21-15 18-21 21-18 in favour of the winner.

V. S. Bangera had to bring out all he knew before lowering the colours of N. L. Bajaj. After losing the first game at 13-21, he won the second and third game to win the match in his favour at 21-14 and 21-12 in the second round.

B. A. Lalljee—a seeded player in the Tournament failed to turn up and had to concede a walk over to V. S. Bangera.

The following were the results:—

**MEN'S SINGLES**

FIRST ROUND: D. D. Walawalkar beat B. S. Kripalu 21-10 21-6; K. N. S Narayanan beat K. R. R. Swamy 21-5 21-3; A. Sampath beat V. M. Raghu 23-21 10-21 21-19; V. Venkatraman beat N. J. Nensey 21-18 21-23 21-12; B. K. Nagraj beat P. S. Gopalkrishnan 23-21 21-19; K. R. Swamy beat S. N. Prahlad 21-9 19-21 21-13; M. Sreenivasa beat C. L. Subramanian 21-9 21-19; U. S. Bangera w.o. B. A. Lalljee.

SECOND ROUND: J. M. Lopes beat S. S. Sastry 21-8 21-18; P. A. Vaidyanath beat N. V. Sreenivas 21-17 19-21 21-13; M. Sreenivas beat G. Nayaran 21-12 21-11; K. N. S. Narayanan beat J. P. Iyengar 21-10 21-9; A. I. Jacob beat S. Narayan 21-15 18-21 21-18; S. B. Jog beat N. V. Narayan Rao 21-10 21-11; U. S. Bangera beat N. L. Bajaj 13-21 21-14 21-12; V. Vishwanath w.o. H. N. Prasad; V. Venkatraman beat K. R. Swamy 21-11 21-23 21-17; P. S. Sandhwalia beat M. Ahuja 21-15 21-10; P. Srinivasan beat A. P. Madgaokar 21-11 21-18; A. G. Nandan beat H Sampath 22-20 13-21 21-16; L. H. Lulla beat P. R. Lakshmirama 21-12 21-10; N D. S. Rao beat B. S. S. Iyengar 21-11 21-12; D. D. Walawalkar beat B. K. Nagraj 21-18 21-18.

### *Poona Inter-College Badminton*

POONA, Sept. 6 (PTI): S. Mascarenhas, representing the Nowrosji Wadia College, today won the Single's Title of the Inter-Collegiate Badminton Championship defeating Suresh Karekatti of the Fergusson College by 15-8, 15-11.

## G. I. P. RAILWAY ENTER FINAL

### Inter-Railway Football Tournament

**KHARGPUR, Sept. 6 (PTI).**

**The G.I.P. Railway qualified to meet the winners of the E.I.R. and M.S.M. Railways in the final of the Inter-Railway Football Tournament by defeating today the B.N. Railway by four goals to one.**

The GIP team played a very neat and inspired game throughout and it was very difficult to single out the best one of their side. Their excellent teamwork and better opportunism gave them this flattering victory against the Calcutta senior league team. A. Aziz, the GIP centre-forward, scored the first three goals and was the first player to perform a hat-trick in the present tournament. The fourth goal was scored by Tambe, inside-right. The left-back, R. Almeida also required special mention for his sound defence and past time clearance.

The BNR however did not figure so poorly as might be indicated by the number of goals scored against them. It was due to better opportunism of the GIP forwards and the total failure of the local railway goalie, Shimadri. Just five minutes before the close of the game C. Sattur, the left-out scored the only goal on behalf of the losers.

The other semi-final between the EIR and MSM Railway will be played tomorrow.

**TEAMS**

G.I.P.: Sukhlal; De Mello, Almeida; A. Duncan, B. Duncan, Gopal Singh; D'Souza, Tambe, Aziz, Shiva and Bhickoom.

B.N.R.: Shimadri; Ghosh and Claudius: Gupta, Ballayya, and Dey; Rao, Taradas Banerjeet, Appalamurthi, Teeru and Sattur.

REFEREE: P. Chakkravarti.

### Three French Challengers For Today's Doncaster Cup

LONDON, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter).

Three French horses, Alindrake, Val Drake and Antigue are to challenge for the Doncaster Cup, 2-1/4 miles stamina test, to be run at Doncaster tomorrow.

The eight probables and jockeys are: Vic Day (Gordon Richards) Aldsborough (Doug. Smith), Alindrake (P. Blanc), Val Drake (Roger Poincelet), Lone Eagle (W. H. Carr), Antigue (E. C. Elliott), Snowdown (P. Evans) and High Forest (J. Sime).

Mrs. Margaret Osborne....won U. S. Singles title for the third year in succession.

## MRS. DUPONT WINS U. S. TITILE AGAIN

### Art Larsen Beats Flam

FOREST HILLS, New York, Sept 5 (PTI-Reuter): Playing dazzling tennis Mrs. Margaret Osborne Dupont to-day outplayed her old rival Miss Doris Hart to claim the United States Women's Singles title for the third year in succession. The scores were 6-3, 6-3, in favour of the winner.

Dupont's game was brilliant in all departments powerful service and superb ground play. Her speed enabled her to retrieve of Miss Hart's shots and, although there were some exciting dazzling duels, she won most of them by forcing Miss Hart into error.

Miss Hart played a competent game but was no match for her opponent who thus gained the trophy outright.

Arthur Larsen won the Men's singles title by beating Herbert Flam 6-3, 4-6, 5-7 6-4, 6-3.

Mrs. Margaret Dupont (United States) and Ken McGregor (Australia) beat Miss D Hart (United States) and Frank Sedgman (Australia) 6-4, 3-6 6-3 in the mixed doubles final.

### *U. P. Badminton At Kanpur*

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 6.

The Uttar Pradesh Badminton Association has decided to hold the next U.P. Badminton Championships at Kanpur in November next.—PTI.

# Hard Won Victory For India Culture League

## RASHIDS FORCE CHAMPIONS TO FIGHT IN HARWOOD LEAGUE

BOMBAY, Wednesday

**INDIA CULTURE LEAGUE maintained their position at the head of the Harwood League which has reached an interesting stage by virtue of their victory over Rashid Sports Club by four goals to two this evening at the Cooperage.**

The I.C.L. had to struggle hard for victory and it was only in the closing stages of the game that they were able to make sure of their position by adding two goals. That they had to do so was their own fault for their forwards failed to open out the game and clung close to one another which made the task of the opposing defenders easier and they were able to crowd them out near the goal.

The Rashids were the first to take the bad through left-outer Verghese who got the better of Mukerjee in a tackle after he had run down the wing and then he advanced along the goal line before sending in a fine shot into corner of the which had Bhoja completly beaten.

Stung by this reverse I.C.L. forced their opponents on the defensive and it was not long before they were able to equalise when Peter took a free kick a few yards on top of the penalty box and Laloo neatly added the finishing touch with a header.

Indian Culture League continued to dictate terms after this with Rashids trying hard to prevent them from scoring. After they had a goal scored by Peter disallowed for off-side Laloo being the offender they took the lead for the first time when Parab scored their second goal with a well placed shot which Dass failed to keep out although he got his hands to the ball. A few minutes later I.C.L. had another opportunity of consolidating their position when they were awarded a penalty when Peter was fouled by Raphael but Parab who took the spot kick failed to beat Dass with a ground shot.

The teams changed ends with the League leading by two goals to one and after the breather with the heavy showers rendering the surface slippery they confined their opponents to their own half for long spells except for a few breakaways they were unable to add to their score. Thomas was foiled from scoring by Dass when he sent in hard shot which the goalkeeper stopped but was unable to gather and recovered to save on the goal line.

Ten minutes after the break Rashid's drew level against the run of play when Verghese scored from a free kick just outside the penalty area with a well placed shot. Five minutes from the end when it seemed that the match would end in a draw Thomas gave I.C.L. the lead after a fine bout of passing between Parab and him with a hard drive which Dass again failed to collect and allowed to slip through his fingers over the goal line.

Just before the final whistle Parab completed the tally by converting a penalty when Peter was fouled in attempting to head the ball from a flag kick.

**The teams were as follows:—**

INDIA CULTURE LEAGUE:—Bhoja, Mukherjee and L. Woodcock, Narayan, P. Pereira and Paul; Salvi, Parab, Laloo, Thomas, and Peter.

RASHID SPORTS CLUB: Dass; Raphael and Arickhanathan; Murthi, Shanker, and Hussein; Janki, M. Dass, Rathnam, Kuppuswamy, and Verghese.

REFEREE:— C. S. A. Swami.

## NAWAB OF PATAUDI HONOURED

### First Foreigner To Get Afghan Colours

NEW DELHI, Sept 6 (PTI): M. Shah Mahmud Khan Ghazi, the Afghan Prime Minister, conferred the Afghan Olympic and National Hockey Colours on the Nawab of Pataudi last week in Kabul, according to news received here.

The Afghan Prime Minister entertained the Indian and Irainin Football and Hockey Teams in his private garden.

The honour conferred on the Nawab of Pataudi is considered unique since it is conferred for the first time on a foreigner.

The Prime Minister also presented special medals to Indian players who participated in the Afghan celebrations.

## BHOWANIPORE CLUB TO VISIT MALAYA

SINGAPORE, Sept. 6 (PTI).

A soccer team from the Bhowanipore Club of Calcutta will tour Malaya during the forthcoming football season. The team will play six matches in Singapore in late October and early November and will get 30 per cent of the gross takings in Singapore.

The Singapore programme of the team is being arranged by the Singapore Football Association and the programme in the Malayan Federation is in the hands of the Malayan-Chinese Football Association.

It is learnt that the All-India Football Federation is also in correspondence with the Singapore Football Association in regard to a tour by an All-India team.

The Secretary of the Singapore Football Association stated today that his Association welcomed a visit by an All-India team. It was, however, awaiting information from the Bhowanipore Club as to the actual dates of its team's Singapore visit, before taking up the matter of an All-India team's tour further with the All-India Football Federation.

## *"BIG DIPPER" WINS CHAMPAGNE STAKES*

DONCASTER, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter): Mrs. James Bryce's Big Dipper won the Champagne Stakes run over six furlongs here this afternoon.

A photo-finish was consulted for the second and third placings. Seven ran

After consulting the photo the judge placed Mr. C. Bell's Scarlet Emblem second and Mr. F Wright's Turk's Reliance third.

# ST. XAVIERS IN FINAL

### Inter-college Football

**BOMBAY, Wednesday.**

**St. Xavier's College qualified for the final of the Inter-College Football Tournament by defeating Khalsa College by a solitary goal scored in the very first minute of play this evening at the Cooperage.**

The match was marred by the poor supervision of referee P. S. Mokle as well as the questionable tactics employed by the Khalsa players. He permitted their players to play the man instead of the ball and let them off without as much as a word of caution. He even overlooked a deliberate cause of fouling in the penalty area when A. D'Souza the St. Xavier's right winger had the goalkeeper at his mercy and as he was about to kick ball the Khalsa left half A. Dias kicked him from behind and to the surprise of the spectators he failed to penalise him.

St. Xavier's opened their account straight from the kick off when A. D'Souza ran down the wing and from the top of the penalty area he beat Alva the Khalsa goalkeeper. Thereafter though Khalsa tried hard to equalise they were unable to get the better of the St. Xavier's defence in which M D'Sa, J. Noronha and Y. Khan were prominent.

The teams changed ends with St. Xavier's leading by a goal and after the resumption Khalsa made numerous attempts to draw level but found the opposing defence unpenetrable. A. Vaidya played alone hand in the attack for Khalsa with A. D'Sa affording him valuable support in the half line.

The teams were as follows:—

ST XAVIER'S: O. D'Souza; J. Noronha and M. D'Sa; Q. Dass, Y. Khan, and T. Pereira; A. D'Souza, A. Gracias, N. D'Souza, G Williams, and F Murzello.

KHALSA COLLEGE: S. Alva; S. Singh and P. Vaidya; A. Netto, A. D'Sa, and A. Dias; N. Robin, J. Gonsalves, A. Vaidya, C. Martins and Bose.

REFEREE: P. S. Mokle.

LINESMEN: K S. Salian and D. B. Puthran.

## HOCKEY IN BOMBAY STARTS IN NOV.

### Entries For Leagues Close On Sept. 29

BOMBAY, Wednesday:

The Bombay Provincial Hockey Association at its meeting held this evening decided to start the Bombay Hockey League in the first week of November next. The following ten Clubs have been invited to play in the Senior Divison:

Lusitanians 'A', G.I.P. Railway 'A', Tata Sports Club, B.B. & C.I. Railway 'A', Indian Naval Dockyard 'A', Young Sports 'A', Bombay City 'A', Goan Sports 'A', St Xavier's 'A', and Times of India Sports Club 'A'.

The last day of entries for all divisions is 29th. September. Entries for the Women's Hockey League will also close on the same day, and they can be sent either to Mr. Jos Gonsalves, Honorary Secretary, Cordeiro House, Parel, or Mr. M. J. Vakil, Honorary Treasurer, C/o Messrs. Vakil, Dadabhoy and Bharucha, Dalal Street.

## PUNJAB CANCELS PANEL OF NAMES FOR HOCKEY TOUR TO KENYA

### Protest Against Selection On Communal Basis

JULLUNDUR, Sept. 6.

**MR. ASHWNI KUMAR, Chairman of the Punjab Hockey Association, has cancelled the Panel of names of Punjab Hockey players which the Association had forwarded to the Indian Hockey Federation for the selection of an Indian Hockey Team for the forthcoming Tour in Kenya in December.**

This has been done as a protest against the "reactionery and undemocratic attitude" adopted by the President of the Indian Hockey Federation in the selection of playeyrs.

Mr. Kumar in course of his letter of yesterday to Prof. R. D. Bhalla, Secretary, Indian Hockey Federation, says: "in a free and secular India we cannot agree to the selection of a Team on communal basis. You will be advised to shed in this contest these cheap and tawdry vestige of defunct alien rulers which seems to be so surprisingly clinging to your organisation".

Mr. Kumar wrote a letter last month to Mr. Tata, President of the Indian Hockey Federation, pointing out that the selection of players for the Tour was not being done on democratic basis.

Mr. Tata in his reply dated August 30 admitted that the nomination of the Selection Committee looked undemocratic but pointed out that "the invitation from Kenya is not for the best available Hockey side from India representing the Acme of Perfection amongst our Hockey talents but an ambassadorial side which can give a very healthy impression in the mind of European and Indian populace in Africa of our education, attainment in culture and social intercourse. Thus the talent of hockey is merely incidental and not the only consideration".

Mr. Kumar in his reply dated yesterday stated that he was shocked by being informed by the Secretary of the Indian Hockey Federation that the Team was going to be selected on communal basis.

"I am afraid our Association cannot agree with this rather cynical apprcach of the I. H. F in a free and secular India of today," he added.

The selection committee of the Indian Hockey Federation will meet in Calcutta on September 10 to announce the names of players.

The Punjab Association having withdrawn the panel of their players, has called a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Association on September 8 to consider the matter.

## *In the Day's Sport*

**TABLE TENNIS**

**Mysore Association:**

6 p.m. First and Second Round of Men's Singles (3rd Quarter); 7-30 p.m. First and Second Rounds of Men's Singles (4th Quarter).

(Mysore Assn. Open Tournament)

**BADMINTON**

**Bombay Gymkhana:**

4-10 p.m. Western India Championships.

**FOOTBALL**

**Cooperage:**

4-15 p.m. G.M.C. vs. Siddarth (Inter-College 2nd Semi-final)

5-30 p.m. Tata S.C. vs. Bombay Gymkhana (Harwood League)

**St. Xaxier's Ground, Parel.**

3-30 p.m. Don Bosco H.S. "A" vs. St. Sebastian H.S. "B" (Cowasji Jehangir Cup).

4-30 p.m. Kohinoor Mills vs Mazagaon Dock (Das Cup).

5-30 p.m. Indian Navy "A" vs Asbestos Cement "A" (Satiranjan Shield).

*W. I. Badminton*

## *Attractive Display By Desai & Kalyanpurkar*

## *MAHESH DESAI AND JHAVERI WIN KEEN MATCH*

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

**RAMESH DESAI and Anant Kalyanpurkar, a very reliable seeded pair, added yet another glorious victory teamed up a few years back, when this evening in the Western India Open Badminton Chmapionships they easily accounted for two wellknown players Anant Ullal and Burjor Shroff, who have combined together for this tournament. Another interesting doubles match resulted in a victory for the promising and energetic youngsters Mahesh Desai and P. M. Jhaveri, in three exciting games. over Madgavker and Belthangdi.**

Burjor Shroff, who gave up Nilkant in favour of the former senior patner of the famous Ullal Brothers combination, Anant, gave an excellent account of themselves, but faced as they were against a tried partnership of Ramesh and Anant, there was little that the international player and his partner Anant Ullal could do against the youthful display of the former Elphinstonians.

With Kalyanpurkar giving the opponents plenty to worry about with his backhand crosscourt drives, and Ramesh tossing and smashing with great accuracy, the two won the first game for the loss of nine points only. The second game however was just a repetition of the first game, and an identical number of points were scored by Ullal and Shroff.

An unassuming pair in Mahesh Desai and bespectacled P. M. Jhaveri, have stormed the badminton world this season, and is mainly responsible for many averagely good pairs being knocked out in the earlier rounds. In the Cricket Club of India last week, these two youngsters, who throw all caution to the winds and play most of the stroke in the most unorthdox manner, brought about the early exist of Burjor Shroff and P. S. Nilkant. The evening these two were in irresistible mood, and after losing the first game to V. A. Madgaonker and R. S. Belthangadi, equalised and in the concluding game triumphed over the extra points.

The following were the results:

**Women's Singles**

Miss D. Vakeel w.o. Miss R. Dastur; Miss B Saldhana beat Mrs. P. Athaide 11—5, 11—7; Miss B. Farias beat Miss T. Vakeel 11—7, 11—1.

**Men's Singles**

R. A. Dongre beat P. B. Shashital 15—6, 15—3; Balla V Ullal beat N. G. Boon Gee 17—18, 15—2, 15—8; R. D. Desai beat M. R. Kundaji 15—1 15—1; R. Panvelkar beat R. J Dallal 15—3, 15—2; C. B. Kalappa beat W. Franklin 15—5 15—8; V. A. Madgavkar beat M. G. Murdeshwar 15—7, 15—6; C. Dias beat S. A. Phalnikar 8—15, 15—12, 17—14; K. K. Sachdev beat B M. Ahuja 15—6, 15—8.

**Men's Doubles**

M. K Bhopardikar and M. S. Patil beat B. Bhagwat and C. S. Dias 15—6, 15—7; G. Lewis and Devinder Mohan beat T. N. Damu and B. V. Sirsat 15—2, 15—4; A. G. Kalyanpurkar and R. D. Desai beat Anant V. Ullal and B. D. Shroff 15—9, 15—9; D. G. Mugwe and Balla V. Ullal beat M. G. Murdeshwar and M. R. Kundaji 15—10, 15—3; R. A. Dongre and G. P. Shirke beat D. G. Mulekar and S. G. Daniel 15—1, 15—7; T. J. Eong and Piruz beat P. T. Bhide and M. V. Gothaskar 15—1, 15—1; P. M. Jhaveri and M. P. Desai beat V. A. Madgavkar and R. S. Belthangadi 14—17, 15—12, 18—15; C. B. Kalappa and S. S. Parulekar beat J. V. Kamath and D. G. Munshi 15—5, 15—7.

**FIXTURES FOR TODAY**

COURT NO. 1. 4-10 p.m. N. A. Chavan Vs. C. J. J. Narwekar; 4-30 Miss D. Vakeel Vs. Miss P. Ahuja; 4-50 Miss S. Phansalkar Vs. M. Pinto; 5-10 Miss Om Kacker Vs. Miss B. Farias: 5-30 Miss B. Saldanha Vs. Miss K. S. Dukle; 5-50 R. Panvelkar Vs. A. G. Kalyanpurkar; 6-10 R. A. Dongre Vs. A. Piruz; 6-30 R. D. Desai Vs. B. Bhagwat; 6-50 Devindar Mohan Vs. K. K. Sachde; 7-10 N. Desai and Miss S. Lalchand Vs. Miss S. Deodhar.

COURT NO. 2. 4-10 V. R. Mehra Vs. R. R. Mehra; 4-30 Miss T. Dandige Vs. Miss F. Dias; 4-50 Mrs. R. Cuthbertson Vs. Miss S. Deodhar; 5-10 Mrs. N. Lewis Vs. Miss V. Oak; 5-30 H. Ferreira Vs. V. A. Madgavkar; 5-50 C. B. Kalappa Vs. T. J. Eong; 6-10 G. Lewis Vs. C. D. Dias; 6-30 B. D. Shroff Vs. Balla V. Ullal; 6-50 N. Chandani and Miss S. Sippy Vs. M. S. Patil and Miss S. Nikudkar; 7-10 A. G Kalyanpurkar and Miss S. Phansalkar Mrs. P. Athaide.

## RAMADHIN "ROUTS" MINOR COUNTIES

NORWICH, Norfolk, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter): West Indies began a three-day match with the Minor Counties here today, but by lunch time the counties had lost nine wickets for 106. Ramadhin was the chief destructor, having taken seven of the wickets, six of them clean bowled.

Ramadhin bowled one maiden over after lunch, his full figures being 13'6/33/7.

By the tea interval, West Indies had passed the Counties' total having scored 149 for three.

**(Message incomplete)**

## GOALLESS DRAW IN JUNIOR ROVERS CUP

### St. Mary's H. S. In Quarter-final Of Cowasji Jehangir Cup

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Despite playing extra time, the game between Lalit Sports Club and the Karnatak Sports Club ended in a goalless draw in the preliminary round of the Junior Rovers Cup Football Tournament at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana ground, Parel, this evening.

The result, however, should have been in favour of Lalit Sports had not the Linesman Kotian disallowed a legitimate goal scored by Babulal off a faulty clearance by the rival goalie. Referee Irani had already given the goal but changed his mind after consulting Kotian. From the press box the goal appeared legitimate.

The game was played at a fast pace with end to end exchanges and though neither side scored, there were many lively exchanges.

Lalit had more chances and inside right Ramesh was guilty of missing two good opportunities.

**ST. MARY'S HIGH SCHOOL WIN**

Earlier, by virtue of their 2-0 victory over St. Xavier's High School, the St. Mary's High School entered the quarter-final round of the Cowasji Jehangir Cup Football tournament.

St. Mary's scored both the goals within a spell of fifteen minutes Jackson gave his side the lead and Laquiere completed the tally by notching from a goalmouth scrimage.

In the first game of the evening Don Bosco High School "B" entered the tournament proper by eliminating St Sebastian "C" in the qualifying round They beat the latter by a solitary goal scored in the last minute through George Fernandes.

Track Notes:

# GWALIOR EXPRESS AND GALLANT MAN SHOW OUT

The following are some of the important gallops and spurts noted in connection with two days' racing to be held this week.

**Gallops:**

NAVROZE (Ghaus Khan) covered a mile in 1 mt. 48 secs.

KHUNDIL (Antoo) was accompanied by COURAGE (Khan) and HAPPY GO LUCKY (Kheem) over a mile. Time: 1 mt. 52 secs.

BHOPAL STAR (Purtu) had the measure of MALABAR STAR (Mulla) over seven furlongs. The former clocked 1 mt. 36 secs.

MODESTY II (Kadar) and RUQUAIYYA (Kasbekar) covered seven furlongs in 1 mt. 36 secs.

MISS PIERROT (Dinkar), CHANCHAL (Kasbekar) and GWALIOR EXPRESS (Deshmukh) went over from 9 to 2 in 1 mt. 36 secs. The last named moved very impressively.

SHAN-E-HIND (Kasbekar) was unextended when covering seven furlongs from 9 to 2. Time: 1 mt. 37 secs.

FASHION PARADE (Bhosle) and THE JUDGE (Ganesh) covered ten furlongs in 2 mts. 17½ secs.

GALLANT MAN (Amir Ahd.) went over 9 to 3 in 1 mt. 23 secs. Excellent.

GOLD STREET (Khade) covered six furlongs in 1 mt. 22 secs.

SILVER PYLON (Damodar), BISHOP'S LOT (Ghaus Khan) and FAIR LION (Hayyat) cut 1 mt. 21 secs. for six furlongs.

**Spurts**

PASSING BELL (Khalil) and BATTLE OUT (Raut) covered three furlongs in 39 secs.

MANISHA (Amir Ahd.) did three furlongs in 39½ secs.

ARMY AND NAVY (Mullsingh) was better than ROHINI (Shiba) in covering three furlongs in 37 secs.

SOMETHING SPECIAL (R. Bhosle) showed out from ROMANTIC KISS (R.B.) when sent over from eight to four. Time: 54 secs.

SHUBLAXMI (Mullsingh) was followed by BLUE LOTUS (R.B.) over four furlongs in 53 secs.

RIVIERIA (Khade) covered four furlongs in 53½ secs.

THE DUKE (Kheem), AGNI MANI (Antoo) and RIM JHIM (Khan) went together from 8 to 4 They clocked 52 secs

DIL-KI-RAT (Antoo) and DIAMOND STAR (Kheem) moved over four furlongs in 53½ secs.

## *9 Accept For Monsoon Cup*

The following are the acceptances of Poona Races, Fourth Day, to be held on Friday, 8th September, 1950:—

THE MAHOMED MUSTAPHA TALIB PLATE.—Distance 1 mile 1 furlong.

Chrissie Darling 9-3, Whirlpool 9-1, Cascade 8-3, Odds Again 8-1, Lake Success 8-0, Toto 7-7, Romantic Kiss 7-4, Malka 7-0.

THE DEHU PLATE—Distance 1 1/2 mile.

Golden Square 9-4, Fashion Parade 9-3, Lalaji 9-1, Army and Navy 9-1, Gipsy Bill 9-1, Ijjat 8-2, Dry Day 7-4, Miss Rutty 7-1.

THE SHIROLI PLATE. Division II. —Distance 7 furlongs.

Delhi Durbar 9-0, Gipsy's Glory 9-0, Radio Star 9-0, Masked Pleasure 9-0, Steno 9-0, Paper Crown 9-0, Acha Masala 9-0, Ali Janab 9-0, Wedding Day 9-0, Proud Peter 9-0, Something Special 8-11, Azizeh 8-11, Pannihari 8-11.

THE SHIROLI PLATE. Division I. —Distance 7 furlongs.

Imroz 9-0, Mondana 9-0, Dominion 9-0, Gallant Man 9-0, Bessemer 9-0, Sunny Island 9-0, Diamond Star 9-0, Gun Drill 9-0, Masked Lady 8-11, Krishnakamal 8-11.

THE MONSOON CUP—Distance 1 1/4 miles.

Zam Zam 9-3, Pippy 9-1, Jane Jigar 8-9, Brave Prince 8-6, Pramila 8-5, Serenade 8-4, Rana Pratap 8-4, Maduri 7-13, Quicksand 7-9.

THE LONAVLA PLATE. Distance 1 1/4 miles.

Prince of Mahad 9-2, Star of Mahad 8-12, Blue Lotus 9-0, Riviera 8-12, Find Out 8-11, Passing Bell 8-10, Mack 8-9, D. Day 8-7, Bihari 8-5, Battle Out 8-3, The Judge 8-0, Lady Cleopatra 7-6, Jamna 7-6.

THE GANESHKHIND PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

My Pet 9-0, Fair Haven 8-10, Manzoor 8-7 Pankaj 8-7, Red Bird 8-1, Battalia 7-13, Ceylan 7-13, Je Reviens 7-8.

THE R. HIGGINS PLATE—Distance 7 furlongs.

Habib Begum 9-1, Khundil 9-0, Bhopal Star 8-11, Manisha 8-7, Adeline 8-4, Tomcat 8-2, Shubh Laxmi 7-12, Vivece 7-10, Ghizala 7-9.

The Bombay Chronicle

# TIME FOR DECISION

Sheikh Abdullah of Kashmir has come to be one of the staunchest supporters of Indian nationalism and inter-communal amity. He took the opportunity afforded by a Janmashtami celebration by Pundits at Srinagar to drive home once again the firm basis of Kashmir nationalism in the secular ideal and the utter repugnance felt by the people of that State for all forms of communalism. In presenting the most recent developments in regard to the Kashmir dispute in the Security Council, Sheikh Abdullah put the entire situation in perspective when he said that it was the expectation of Pakistan that by upsetting the existing administration of Kashmir the people of Kashmir could be shaken from their determination. These calculations, he asserted, were all misplaced and it is a measure of the confidence of the Kashmir Chief Minister that he spoke for India no less than for Kashmir in saying that these manoeuvres would be defeated. It is significant that Sheikh Abdullah uttered a pointed warning to India. He said that in the matter of land reforms the Kashmir Government was prepared even to break with the Government of India, though that would not have meant acceding to Pakistan, if it obstructed the land reforms necessary as they were for the welfare of the people. It is a serious warning which might well be noted by the Indian public. There was an agitation started in India over the land reforms that was out of all proportion to the situation and its needs. It was insisted with unseemly vehemence that the Indian Constitution did not permit of expropriation without compensation. We do not think that there was anything in the situation which warranted such exaggerated protests. In most of the matters dealt with in the Constitution care has been taken to see that Kashmir is kept out of the purview of the Act; there are exemptions made for Kashmir in most rules that apply to Indian States. Even in the matter of abolition of the zamindari, there are special exemptions for the units where legislation has been initiated before the passing of the Constitution. Kashmir might easily be brought under these exemptions in regard to land reform. The landed class in that State has enjoyed privileges so long that it might accept disabilities philosophically. In view of the special difficulties that confront the Abdullah Government, the Government of India ought to pursue the salutary practice of following the lead of the man on the spot.

The observations of Sheikh Abdullah on the agreement in policy between India and Kashmir are the more potent as they are not emphasised. In view of this identity of views, we do not think that India can any longer justify delaying action in implementation of the accession. The U.N. Security Council has failed to do justice to the people of Kashmir; the effort to equalise aggressor and rescuer threatens to engulf the State of Kashmir in utter chaos. It would be open for India to withdraw her troops completely from Kashmir, allow the Pakistan Government to wreak her will and then undertake action to clear the State of the raiders. But such a policy would be disingenuous and it would inflict great suffering on the people of Kashmir who have already borne a great deal. Since it has been the declared objective of India to help the Kashmir people, it has to be admitted boldly that all that has been done so far has not helped them but rather caused them greater misery. The fault lies not in the methods used by India but in the inadequacy of the international machinery of justice. By persisting in relying on the machinery, we are not proving our bonafides and our love for peace but just revealing our inability to face realities. In the circumstances, we must perforce tell the U.N. that the Security Council has failed and that the failure is having a bad effect on millions. Already world opinion is placing the blame on India for not accommodating the U.N. more even than she has so far done. This is the point at which to call a halt. The stand taken by Sheikh Abdullah is an encouragement to those who like us believe a strong policy on the Kashmir issue is urgently required. And it is all the more the case because the loss of Kashmir at this stage will mean the virtual abandoning of the secular ideal and the retracing of our steps along the path of communal reactionism.

# The Way Of The Communist

Mr. W. Stuart Symington, the Chairman of the United States National Security Resources Board, speaking at a labour meeting in Chicago, gave an interesting review of Russia's rapid advance towards her goal of "world conquest". In addition to steadily increasing the striking power of their army, navy and air force and stock-piling atom bombs and equipment to deliver them, the Russians have a three-fold plan to realise their goal. Firstly, within the last 10 years by the conquest of other countries, the number of Communist-controlled people has increased from 188 million people to over 800 million people. Secondly, the members of the Communist Party in the rest of the countries though small in number are compact and well trained to take full advantage of tolerance in democratic countries, which would be heavily sabotaged at the start of a world war. Much more important is the step which propagates the Soviet doctrine of Communism through clever and persistent propaganda. They know that, even if blatant falsehoods are repeated consistently day in and day out with sufficient emphasis, they will leave some impression and create doubt in the minds of the masses. The more ignorant the people the more they are likely to believe extravagant promises. The Moscow Radio broadcast, peace campaigns, "ban the atom bomb" appeals and the harangues of local reds all aim at undermining the people's faith in democracy. Their cleverest strategy is making others fight their battles, without committing any of the Russian troops. They have millions of well trained men in many countries to start civil wars and promote the cause of Communism. The example of this strategy can be seen in Korea today. It has not had the expected success in Greece, Malaya and Indo-China but has kept those countries in a ferment and locked up democratic forces there. More than the actual threat of war, the Soviet technique of infiltration, of creating a fifth column among the people, fomenting dissensions, exploitation of labour and unscrupulous propaganda has to be countered. As Moscow is at pains to demonstrate that Communism is a better form of Government, the democracies must call its bluff and point out the fascist core of Communism and how it denies even elementary human rights which the Communists take for granted in democratic countries and raise a hue and cry they are suspended in an emergency.

# The Woman In The Case

Mr. Chuter Ede, Home Secretary of post-war Britain, takes his title literally. Faced with an alarming number of resignations from the Police Force, this surprisingly forthright person has decided that woman is at the bottom of all the disaffection and ordered a probe into the home life of the Keeper of the King's Peace.

Regarded as something of, a Johannes Factotum by the general public, and called on numberless occasions to pour oil on the troubled waters of domestic bliss, the poor policeman is thus well and truly hoist with his own petard, fated to have a Civil Servant conduct a poll into the whys and wherefores of the tiffs with the wife.

While inclined to believe that the Bobby will be infuriated by this uncalled for intrusion into his private affairs, we think that the Rt. Hon. Mr. Ede is right, and that with cops, as with lowlier creatures, it is a case of "cherchez la femme".

Seen through the logical eyes of womanhood, the copper's life is hardly a bed of roses. The knowledge that the master of the house and the head of the clan pounds a beat the livelong day and alternate this pleasant pursuit with spells of riot duty, is calculated to rob any woman of her equanimity, and the hapless guardian of law and order must, on his return home, be confronted, more often than not, by a veritable Xanthippe.

Therefore, we are wholeheartedly for something being done. It would be a great pity if the London Bobby, long the ultimate goal of boyhood ambitions and a serious rival attraction to the Houses of Parliament and Buckingham Palace in the eyes of the itinerant American, were to vanish from the face of the earth due to domestic discord.

### *Thought For The Day*

**It is the contest that delights us, not the victory. We are pleased with the combat of animals, but not with the victor tearing the vanquished. What is sought for is the crisis of victory, and the instant it comes, it brings satiety.**

**—PASCAL.**

# *Tete-a-Tete*

WITHOUT COMMENT

WASHINGTON.

**President Truman has under consideration a dramatic rebuttal to Russian use of the colour issue to set the nations of Asia against this country. He is understood to have given tentative approval to the selection of Edith Sampson, Negress lawyer of Chicago, to a member of the American delegation to the United Nations General Assembly at Lake Success.**

**Miss Simpson's appointment is believed the perfect propaganda in reply (to Jacob Malik's "torrents" of abuse of America.")**

*

It is learnt in New Delhi that the Ministry of Supply will shortly set up a machinery for the enforcement of the Prevention of Profiteering and Hoarding Ordinance recently promulgated by the President.

Er—er—Amen!

* * *

Dr. B. V. Keskar, Deputy Minister, External Affairs, has declared at Madras that the Government of India would not be bound by the verdict of a referendum on the future of French settlements held under existing conditions.

The deadlock is, therefore, complete since the French are bound unbindably with existing conditions.

* * *

Says Dr. S. P. Mookerjee: "The very fact that even the Congress organisation has elected as President—one who supported the stand that we took at the refugees convention in Delhi, Mr. Purshottamdas Tandon.....

It has, it has. And that has given rise to worse "misgivings" than Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookejee and his philosophy can appreciate.

* * *

"The West Pakistan refugee problem has almost been forgotten but the East Bengal tragedy being still fresh, I am....", thus begins Shri Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia's latest.

Which renewal of Seth Dalmiaji's statementship vastly reassures us. His very long silence, of nearly as long as a week, had begun to cause us some anxiety.

* * *

LAKE SUCCESS, Sept. 5: The United Nations Security Council reassembled tonight with Britain's Sir Gladwyn Jebb in the Chair.

And business (?) as usual.

* * *

According to a British Admiralty announcement, Italian and British warships have held joint exercises in the Mediterranean for the first time since the war.

H'm. Possibly even Ahem.

* * *

Addressing a gathering of 400 Kuomintang politicians at Taipeh, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek assured his audience that they would recover Nanking, former capital of the Chinese mainland, in 1954.

Well, there is no harm in day dreaming.

* * *

Moscow radio now claims that a Russian technician name Pirotzky invented and built the world's first electric tramway 70 years ago.

And it was, of course, under the direct inspiration of Comrade——yes.

By the way, they should announce an important correction and give some other name to the inventor. Pirotzky rhymes so closely with Trotsky.

# SOVIET INTIMIDATION IN GERMANY

By W. N. Ewer

**Herr Wilhelm Pieck, President of the East German Government and Communist Chairman of the "Socialist Unity Party", said the other day that the democratic leaders in Western Germany "will face trial before a People's Court sooner than they think".**

This is the newest tactical method which the German Communists have been ordered to adopt. They are to try to intimidate the people in the Western Zones by prophesying a speedy Communist victory and threatening all kinds of horror to anybody who has dared to oppose them.

This new "line" is in itself a confession of bankruptcy and of failure. Communist propaganda and Communist appeals and promises to workers have met with no success. The recent elections have made that devastatingly plain. So the German Communists have been ordered by Moscow to change their methods, to forget Marx and copy Hitler. For Moscow has one purpose—the conquest and domination of all Germany; and it sees at the moment its best chance in encouraging a sort of neo-Nazism.

### FAITHFUL OBEDIENCE

The German Communist leaders are obeying faithfully. The favoured organisation of the moment is the "All-German National Front" which calls upon "all patriotic elements" to join in a nationalist movement against the West and keeps its warmest welcome for former Nazis.

The class struggle, the welfare of the workers, everything that the Communists professed to care for are discarded. Herr Ulbricht, Secretary-General of the Socialist Unity Party, summons all Germans to join in the "National Resistance" movement—not, be it understood, resistance to Russian domination in the East; but resistance to the democratic government in the West which is denounced as a "puppet of Anglo-American imperialism".

"Resistance" is the newest slogan because it is the only weapon which remains. Propaganda has failed to win the support of the West German masses. The Soviet Government has—especially since the reaction to its Korean adventure—no intention at present of risking the possible consequences of an attempt to "liberate" Western Germany by arms. But it still sees some hope in a "resistance" movement. A resistance movement, even if its numbers are small, could, Moscow believes, create a great deal of trouble. It might cause considerable economic dislocation. It could hamper the defence preparations of Western Europe. Above all, it could intimidate and demoralise the West German peoples and, through them, perhaps other West Europeans as well.

For—there is no question of this—resistance in the newest jargon of Communism means terrorism. Malaya is proof of this. The "new line" is to apply Malayan Communist methods—which are also Nazi methods—to Western Germany.

### CALL FOR SABOTAGE

Herr Pieck has already called not only for strikes, but for sabotage in order to "sow general industrial unrest." It is plain enough that he—or rather his masters—have no intention of stopping at sabotage. They are recruiting and training men of the very type who, 30 years ago, in the name of "national resistance" murdered Kurt Eisner and Rathenau.

The purpose is intimidation, the breaking of opposition by fears, the creation of a feeling that even Communist rule would be preferable to Communist terrorism.

Leipzig Radio threatens West German policemen with exile to Siberia unless they desert. Now Herr Pieck uses the threat of trial by a "People's Court". Both threats are based on the assumption that a Communist victory is a certainty. That is the other part of the campaign—the new propaganda line. The Germans are to be told with ceaseless reiteration that the Communists will be in power "sooner than they think"—in the hope that if they hear it often enough they will believe it.

This is the new line. There are no signs that it is meeting, or likely to meet, with any success. There are reports of a few weak-nerved wealthy individuals secretly joining or secretly subscribing to the Communist Party in the fatuous hope that this would buy them safety if the worst were to happen. The invasion of South Korea started—not unnaturally—a wave of alarmism as the idea spread that it might be a sort of dress rehearsal for a similar coup in Germany. But that passed when the counter-action was so firm and decided, when it was realised that developments in Korea in fact had made it not more, but far less, likely that a comparable adventure would be staged in Germany.

The West German police are not deserting. On the contrary, it is from the East German "People's Police" that a steady trickle of deserters crosses the zonal frontier every week to find refuge in the West.

### MISCALCULATION

The fundamental miscalculation of the Russians is that there is no real basis for the resistance movement which they are trying to create. There may be sabotage; there may be outrages. But they will not win any popular support, nor will the frendied appeals to the national feeling. The West Germans, naturally enough, have no love for the Allied occupation or for the remaining Allied controls. But they know that at

(Continued On Page 7)

# FRANKLY SPEAKING

### Extravagant

Dr. J. C. Kumarappa seems to have been carried away by sentiment, when he declared at Royapuram that he might think of resorting to satyagraha if the Government did not ban the manufacture and sale of vanaspati. Speaking at the President of the Tamil Nad Anti-Vanaspati Conference, he should have avoided making a statement that the Government was helpless to withstand the pressure brought upon it by vanaspati manufacturing interests. There is no reason to assume that the Government would subordinate consideration of the vital question of the health of the people to the interests of the vanaspati industry. Pandit Bhargava's Bill has been already before Parliament and will go through the usual procedure. The Government is expected to abide by the decision taken by Parliament on this Bill. The situation is not so desperate as to call for recourse to satyagraha on other coercive measures. If effective legislative steps are taken to prevent the use of vanaspati as an adulterant, the objection raised against it will lose much of its seriousness. The question would, then, be whether the manufacture of vanaspati should be banned, even if it is placed as such in the market and the people, knowing what it is, would buy it for limited use. If adulteration is effectively checked, it would not be advisable to insist upon total suppression of the industry.

### Mr. Yagnik's Master-Recipe

Another leader of the newly formed political conglomerate in India, the United Socialist Party has announced a blue print of peace and prosperity for the entire Indian sub-continent and also for the neighbouring countries. This leader is Mr. Indulal Yagnik, the chronic critic of Congress and Congress Governments. Mr. Yagnik is quite sure that India has been made a pawn of England and America on the international chessboard. That is the facile comment of many "critics", who owe obligations not to reality but to their own prejudices. But what is remarkable is Mr Indulal Yagnik's recipe the solution of all our national and international ills. It is—a United India. Towards the achievement of that objective Mr. Yagnik confidently suggests the formation of a Customs Union as the first step in the reunion of India and Pakistan in a federation or confederation of United India. Mr. Yagnik has with one stroke of pen and imagination solved the entire Indo-Pakistan problem with a master remedy. "United India, to be achieved through a zollverein as the first step! How easy how unfailing and fuickly effective—on Mr. Yagnik's wishfully complacent paper. But will he pause for one moment to think, however, really to think? If, he is simply incapable of that, will he go to Pakistan and try to sell his recipe to the leaders and also "the masses" of Pakistan? The experience may probably be good for him although he will of course, always enjoy the liberty of criticising—we almost said irresponsibly—"the Congress Government" in India.

### Socialist "Morcha"

Either due to precautionary arrests by the police, or wiser counsels prevailing in Socialist circles, no serious attempt was made on Wednesday morning to stage a march in the Council Hall, where the Industrial Appellate Tribunal was scheduled to meet. Workers and sight-seers who had collected at the Gowalia Tank Maidan, where the "Morcha" was to begin, were dispersed by the police. A few strikers did get into tram-cars going towards the Council Hall and made a nuisance of themselves by shouting slogans but there was no serious attempt to start a procession. As we have pointed out earlier, a demonstration before a place where a judicial body sits does not only constitute intimidation but is also undemocratic. After all, a Socialist representative will be pleading the strikers' case before the Industrial Appellate Tribunal and in future the Socialist Party may take many appeals before that body. Then why show contempt for that body by staging a demonstration before it?

### Britain And Africa

Addressing the annual Conference of the British Trades Union Congress, Prime Minister Attlee described the independence of India, Pakistan and Ceylon as the first step Britain had taken to meet "covert attacks" by Communism in Asia and Africa. This is what he said: "In Asia and Africa we have met this attack first by making countries such as India, Pakistan and Ceylon free and equal partners in the British Commonwealth and by extending an increasing measure of self-Government to colonial peoples". Where the three Asian countries mentioned by Mr. Attlee — as also Burma —are concerned, he is, of course, right. But can ne conscientiously claim that Britain has done or caused to be done anything basically considerable for the "colonial peoples" in Africa, unless, of course, he means by "colonial peoples" the white settlers? What is the measure of self-Government enjoyed by or even intended in any future period to be bestowed on the coloured populations in Rhodesia, Kenya, East Africa and other "colonies"? Can he face any democratic criticism, let alone Communist attacks, overt or covert, of the status and position to which Africans and other coloured peoples have been doomed publicly and as a matter of fundamental policy? And why does he not speak out plainly and categorically on the subject of White South Africa's demand for the annexation of the British protectorates of Bechuanaland, Basutoland and Swaziland? Finally, there is the policy and conduct of White South Africa. The excuse is that it is a free country — that is, the White minority is free. But it is a member of the British Commonwealth and, therefore, Mr. Attlee has certain obligations in respect of giving his opinions on the position there or in respect of White South Africa's conduct regarding South West Africa. Actually, the British Government's opinions as revealed in its own public conduct in the United Nations on the Indo-South African issue and on the problem of South-West Africa are only too well-known. But can he honestly say that he can face any criticism of Britain, let alone Communist attacks, with that conduct of his Government?

# OUR READERS' VIEWS

## Textile Industry

Time and tide wait for none, not even Governments. Thanks to the ill-advised Bombay Mills' Strike, and thanks to Government's overemphatic announcements about holding down cloth prices and their dilatoriness in issuing import allocations of U.S.A. cotton and of Staple Fibre, not only a great opportunity of buying at least a part of our inevitable requirements of foreign cotton and of Staple Fibre has been lost, but a few purchases made at cheaper rates have been cancelled by foreign sellers taking advantage of the delay in issuing of import licences.

The inevitable result of this man-made calamity will be that inflation will soar and labour may have to go back to their villages to grow more food for themselves. The logic of facts may prove stronger than Government fiats and vain sophistries of labour leaders.

—V. M. SARAIYA.

## Back-Door Tactics

There is nothing surprising in calling the present textile strike political. Textile workers have got a right to go on a political strike even without giving a notice and even without incurring any penalities of the law under the B.I.R. Act. But the most surprising fact about the present textile strike is that though political the sponsors were clever enough to garb it under an industrial issue. Why adopt such back-door tactics to misguide and befool the ignorant and illiterate workers? Does it do any credit to any political party to adopt them? Whenever any union of any party desires to give a call to workers for any political strike, let them do so openly and after explaining the political issue for which they expect the workers to follow them. No back-door tactics will be tolerated by the public at whose cost the strife for the capture of power goes on. As a consumer I am not interested in the issues of the quarrel but the means and the methods adopted by the parties should be so clean and scrupulous that the interests of the nation are not put in peril.

—KISHOR SHAH.

## Politics And Trade Unions

Newspapers have done well by clarifying the real issues involved in the textile strike by dubbing it as a political strike. Apart from the general public the workers who are involved in the dispute and who have become a pawn in the hands of the political parties have also began to understand the game.

It is really a tragedy of events that labour leaders of Bombay are exploiting labour unions for their political purposes instead of furthering their genuine industrial interests. The question of a union having its own political party and its relation with the political life is something different from the exploitation of trade unions or workers for political purposes without any bona fide industrial issues. Let the trade unions do their own job in their own fields and their political counter parts in the political fields. There is no sense in one encroaching on the field of the other even for the purpose of strengthening their mutual dependancy or relationship.

Even purely from the trade union point of view, workers cannot afford to be a shuttlecock in the hands of political leaders at the cost of their day to day work. If politics were to dominate the trade union I am afraid there would be very little place for real trade unionism. The era of pure business unionism may have passed away but it will be utterly inexpedient to suggest that politics will be the dominant feature of the trade union movement. As the experience of western countries has shown no sane trade union movement can be built up on the whims and eccentric political moves or gamble of political leaders fighting for capture of power.

Even assuming that the trade unions should be pluralist in character and pragmatic in their methods according to Prof. Laski, is it also meant that trade unions should indulge in purely political strikes under the garb of industrial disputes instead of a straight political education, through their day to day experiences and difficulties and consequent agitation and fight.

Let our trade union leaders learn a lesson from the experience of the Western Trade Union Movement and try to shape things on sound and genuine foundations rather than indulge in academic discussions

—N. D. SHAH.

## Humanity

Much has been said about the cost of living and high prices in essential goods, but nobody seems to mention a word about the high fees charged by doctors holding Indian as well as Foreign degrees. The average yearly nett income of leading doctors varies from Rs. 50,000/- to 200,000/- and to my knowledge they escape by paying a very paltry sum towards the income-tax, because no receipts are passed by them.

The pre-war visiting fees of Indian degree holders ranged from Rs. 2/- to Rs. 3/- and for those holding Foreign degrees were from Rs. 15/- to Rs. 20/- and now-a-days these fees vary from Rs. 5/- to Rs. 10/- and Rs. 30/- to Rs. 40/- respectively. May I give an example of a MBBS doctor who used to charge pre-war from Annas 6 to Annas 10 for a mixture now charge from Rs. 1/4/- to Rs. 3/- for a day's medicine. Almost all medical practitioners use the Indian manufactured drugs, prices of which have hardly doubled.

It is high time that our popular Health Ministers at the Centre and Provinces should do something in this direction and I would suggest the following points to curb these evils:—

1. Fixation of minimum fees for all categries of doctors.
2. For visits all categories.
3. Rates for Medical Practitioners daily fees and visits etc.
4. Issue of Cash Memo for visits and medicines.
5. Operation fees.
6. Consultation fees of Specialists and issue of Cash Memos.
7. Maintenance of Regular Register of Patients and Account Books.

As a matter of fact the medical profession has lost all kindness and money is their God and something in this direction must be done.

Finally the importers, Manufactures of Indian as well Foreign drugs should be ordered compulsorily to print the prices on the patent medicines as well as cartons so that the public at large may be saved of cheating by the Chemists and Druggists.

I hope members of the public will join me in raising a similar voice against this exploitation by the medical profession.

—PINTO FERNANDEZ

## Hindi Substitutes

Sometime back a list was published in some papers giving substitute words in Hindi for some English words such as "signal, railway station, platform, waiting room" etc. You have done well to raise your voice against this Sanscritizing tendency. The common man would not care to take lessons for expressing himself in such a high sounding words and it would seem that these expressions will remain with the great Pandits, who are taking so much of their precious time and energy to no set purpose.

The actual word coined for signal, of course not as long as a signal itself in its height, would easily occupy a newspaper column-wide space and so difficult to remember that those very Pandits would have to carry dictionaries in their pockets and make use of them for help and guidance whenever needed. Similarly the words, station, platform and waiting room are quite separate things, one from the other, but grouped together in a small area and it would not be so easy to find words with three quite different meaning and with distinct expressions occupying only an inch of space in writing.

If there is no intention what so ever to switch over to Indian calender and if we do not think that we are committing any sin in speaking words like January, February, etc. it is difficult to explain why we should be feeling ashamed to retain so many thousands of words borrowed from other languages and in common use all over India.

Our Pandits are vainly trying to find out, from the hidden treasures of our old old literature, substitute words for things which did not exist in those days.

—JAMNADAS DAMODAR

# *ROLE OF PSYCHOLOGY IN SOCIETY*

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"INDIAN investigators have been playing a very active part in the study of the psychology of co-operating and of conflicting groups, and of the psychology of leadership", observed Dr. Gardner Murphy, U.N.E.S.C.O. Consultant to the Ministry of Education, Government of India, delivering the second lecture of the series on "Group Tensions" at the University School of Economics and Sociology this evening.

Sir M. B. Nanavaty, former Deputy Governor of the Reserve Bank of India, presided.

Dr. Murphy who was speaking on "Research Methods in Social Psychology" said that some of the ancient psychological laws, such as the laws relating to self-deception as emphasised by Indian thinkers thousands of years ago, have been verified and applied by the group psychology of recent years.

### HUMAN BEHAVIOUR

"The psychological laws governing the behaviour of human being, in society have always interested the philosopher and the novelist, and in social psychology there will always be a place for an Aristotle or a Confucius". But in an age of science, Dr. Murphy added, it was natural that other methods should be developed. He specifically mentioned the experimental method and cited the case of Germany where before the first world war an attempt was made to study experimentally the social life of small groups to observe the effect of team work and of competition.

"Later", Dr. Murphy continued, "methods were developed in Switzerland, in Turkey, and in the United States, to study experimentally not only the behaviour of groups but also the points of view, that develop within the group showing in the psychological laboratory how the groups developed a unified outlook, a sense of belonging together and how a social bias arises when people influence one another." From these studies had arisen intensive investigations of prejudice and of social attitudes and public opinion.

# After The Earthquake, A Wonderland!

## PLAYGROUNDS TURN LAKES, TANKS TURN BEACHES

NORTH LAKHIMPUR, Sept. 6.

**NORTH LAKHIMPUR, which has borne the brunt of the great earthquake of August 15, has turned into a wonderland, with roads as mere piles of earth, bricks, stones and pitch, playgrounds as lakes, tanks as sand beaches, houses and trees standing at various angles to the surface instead of in the usual perpendicular position, and bridges upside down, writes a PTI staff correspondent.**

A few houses in the town are standing erect and none absolutely undamaged. Fissures and depressions are so common in and around the town that one can hardly put a sure step.

The total loss in movable property, roads and bridges in this sub-division due to the recent quakes and floods is semi-officially estimated at about three crores of rupees. The loss in tea estates, it is feared, will exceed another one crore of rupees.

Most of the roads have sunk four to ten feet deep, and streams are flowing through the township across the roads. Many roads and houses have also been thrown four to six feet south west from their original position.

**FEW CASUALTIES**

The correspondent, who reached North Lakhimpur today, trudging through 128 miles of sands, stones, mud and water, from Rangapara near Tezpur, says that the loss in human life is surprisingly small for so violent a convulsion. Only a girl of seven fell into a fissure, escaping from a tumbling house and was enveloped by water and sand. Even this girl could be saved, he was told, but for the general feeling during the earthquake that the day of resurrection had come and all would return to their creator a second sooner or later.

**According to a popular religious belief here, there will be a convulsion of unknown dimension on the day of resurrection and the earth will be reduced to sand.**

Earth or cement-plastered straw houses with corrugated iron roofs, which are in vogue here, can favourably compare with Japan's wooden houses and are chiefly responsible for this low toll in life. The other factor is that the most violent tremors were felt some minutes after the first warning shock, and most of the people had succeeded in getting out of their houses by that time.

An old-timer told the correspondent that the Ranganadi, which now passes three miles south-west of the town, was flowing through it several centuries ago. In the past hundred years the river has moved a mile southwest from its present course.

Damages have been very heavy in the former river-bed area. The Ranganadi bridge on the main approach to the town, the longest bridge in Assam, has been smashed and washed away.

**HOUSING PROBLEM**

Housing is now the main problem of the town and many relief workers have been held up at Tezpur and other places for want of tents in North Lakhimpur. Though fish are not prohibited, they are scare and meat rare; so the seven thousand residents of this township are now living on vegetables. Milk is not available either, as the Subansiri has carried away nearly all the cattle population in its basin.

The Bhorelli, 22 miles from Tezpur, has eaten up the North Trunk Road for about a hundred feet near a curve on its south-west bank, and the transhipment across the river for and from Lakhimpur remains suspended.

The Wayward Boroi, halfway between Tezpur and North Lakhimpur, which is a constant terror to the residents of its valley and is nicknamed "Paglanadi" by the local people, has eaten into 26 acres of plantations of a tea estate on its west bank and is encroaching further.

A party of seven, who attempted to cross the Subansiri River from its east bank, was drowned in a strong current last week. The villagers could not identify whether the victims were members of a relief party or a group of local people.

A detachment of 42 men and officers of the Rajput Regiment has left Pathalipam, dividing themselves into several groups with food, rubber belts and life boats for rescue work.

## Jap Trade Agreement With K.M.T. Formosa

TOKYO, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter): Japan today concluded its first trade and financial agreement with the Chinese Nationalist-held island of Formosa involving a two-day trade of 100 million American dollars, it was officially announced here.

According to the Japanese International Trade Minister, Japan will buy about 300,000 bushels of rice under the agreement which will be effective for one year as from the beginning of last July.

It will be the first post-war export of Formosan rice to Japan.

The agreement was negotiated between Chinese Nationalist representatives headed by Dr. Y. Yim, Adviser to the Ministry of Economic Affairs, and officials of Supreme Allied Headquarters in Japan.

In addition to rice, Japan will purchase about 60,000 tons of sugar, bananas, pineapples, black tea, salt, cypresses and other agricultural and mineral produce.

In exchange, Japan will export to Formosa tinned goods, textiles, fertilisers, dyes, railway sleepers, machinery, tools, locomotives and other manufactured articles.

## INDIA'S GREETINGS TO BRAZIL

NEW DELHI, September 6: The following messages of felicitations have been sent to Brazil on the occasion of the anniversary of their National Day which falls on September 7, 1950:

From the President of India to the President of the United States of Brazil:

"Please accept Excellency the warmest felicitations of the Government and the people of India on the occasion of your National Day."

From the Prime Minister and Minister for External Affairs to the Foreign Minister of the United States of Brazil:

"On the happy occasion of your National Day, I send to Your Excellency and the Government and people of Brazil the most cordial felicitations of the Government and people of India. May the bonds of friendship between our two countries grow ever stronger in the common task building up world peace and prosperity."

## NEED FOR IDEOLOGY IN WAR

### Maj. Gen. Channer's Tip To Democracies

CAUX-SUR-MONTREAUX, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter): The democracies will have to learn quickly if their ideological "war potential is not to be continually undermined", an invitation to a moral rearmament military conference here declared.

Major General Channer, former Commanding Officer of the Peshawar Brigade and Deputy Adjutant General of the Indian Army, announced today that the Military Conference will be held from September eight to 18 as part of the Moral Rearmament World Assembly.

Dr. Frank N. D. Buchanan stated in the Conference invitation that ideological preparedness "is the one sure basis of national strength, moral, military and economic" and moral rearmament offers "the superior armament of an ideology without which armies are out fought and statesmen are out thought".

He added the democracies have much to learn to avoid being sapped by subversive activities. "There is an urgent need to develop a moral ideology which can effectively answer the materialist ideologies on a world front", he said.

## RICE FOR COAL

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6 (PTI): The Governments of India and Pakistan, it is understood, have agreed to a barter deal for the exchange of 10,000 tons of Assam coal for 20,000 maunds of East Pakistan rice. The rice is intended for the use of labourers of the tea estates of Assam, which have been affected by the earthquake.

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The Commissioner of Police, Greater Bombay, has extended his order prohibiting meetings and processions in the jurisdictons of Agripada, Nagpada, Byculla, Kalachowki, Bholwada, Kingsway, DeLisle Road, Dadar, Mahim and Kurla Police Stations, for 15 days from September 8, 1950.

## INDORE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, Sept. 6.

Following were final quotations on Indore Stock Exchange today.

Indore Malwa 110, Hukamchand 402, Bhandari Mill 592, Vinod Mill 371, Kalyanmal Mill 62 Kalyanmal Mill Preference 72, Rajkumar Mill 57, Indore Bank 61, At Indore Bada Sarafa Association forward silver opened at 180/1, highest touched 180/2/6, lowest 179/9, and closed 180/2/6 Indore bullion exchange for ward gold commences at Rs. 112/9, highest 113/1, lowest 112/9 and closede 113/4/6.

# London Stock Exchange

## Sluggish Start

LONDON, September 6. (PTI-Reuter) There was none of the usual brilliance associated with the start of the new account on the London stock exchange today although conditions improved slowly after a sluggish start. Giltedged encountered a few small sellers at the start but when this subsequently dried up a slowly improving tendency developed. There was little sign of any outright buying. The feature movements among industrials were Anglo-Newfoundland development which rose on Canadian buying believed to be promoted by good developments in the Buchans mine and South African breweries which advanced sharply on the proposed transference of the company's domicile. Textiles and the heavies were mostly a little faster. Oil shares were selectively firmer, ultramar featuring at 17 shillings on reports of good drilling results. There was a fair volume of speculative interest in foreign bonds particularly of Japanese bonds on the New York market which were again current. Chileans again came in for some attention advancing one and half points to 42 1|2. Kaffirs started slowly and at one point were inclined to dullness but later improved and closed firm on support which was largely on cape account. Local support was small and was believed to be on European account.

**GILT-EDGED SECURITIES**

2 1/2 p.c. B. Consols 70-3/4
3 1|2 p.c. Con. Loan 95 1|8.
4 p.c. Funding Loan 108
3 1|2 p.c. War Loan 94 5|8.
3 p.c. War Loan 103-7/8
4 p.c. Victory Bonds 108-3/4
3 p.c. Savings Bonds 95 1|2.
British Transport 89 1|4.

**INDUSTRIAL**

Ass. Port 84|3.
Br. Amr. Tobacco 4-7|8
Br. Cell. Ordy. 23
Cal. Elec. 22|3.
Cal. Tramways 27
Carreras 5-19|32.
J. and P. Coats 53|4-1|2.
Courtaulds 37|3.
Distilleries 18|9.
Dunlop Rubber 61|4.1|2.
Elec. and Music 22|7-1|2.
Fine Cot. Spinners 21|6.
Ford Motors 47|4-1|2.
Imperial Chemical 41|10-1|2.
Imperial Tobacco 5-11|32.
Indian Iron and Steel 46/6
Int. Nickel 63-1|8.
Lever Bros. and Unilever 40.
Marks and Spencer 76|10-1|2.
Pinchin Johnson 40/-
Standard Motors 25|7-1|2.
Vickers 30/7-1/2
Woolworth 43/3
Fd. Malaya 90/-
S. I. Distilleries 22/6
Do. Pref. 23/9

**TEA SHARES**

Assam Consolidated 12
Assam Frontier 10/9
Assam 19/9
Dooars 20/
Empire of India 11|3.
Imperial 20/6

**JUTES**

Baranagore 20-1|2.
Samnugger 33|1-1|2.

**RUBBER**

Anglo-Dutch of Java 10/-
Kula Kelampong 15
Invest. Trust 21|6.

**MINING SHARES**

Burma Corp. 4/3
Crown 4-15/16
Nundydroog 8
Spring 12.
Sub. Nigel 4-5|16.
Tavoy Tin 0/9-3/4
Southern Mal Tins 26|6.
French Pines 30.
Petaling Test 22.
Hangkong 12|6.
Union Corp. 214|4-1|2.
Con. Tin (Burma) 1/-
Indian Copper 4
Blyvoors 44/4-1/2
Simmer and Jack 7|6.
Con. Goldfield 48 1-1/2
Orange Free State 42|6.

**OILS**

Anglo-Iranian 115
Attock 22/6
Burma 2-3/4
Mexican Eagle 20|6.
Trinidad Lease 25/3
Royal Dutch 23-5|8
Shell Transport 3-5|32.

**SHIPPING**

P. & O. Steam 49/3
Indian General 6/-

**BRITISH BANKS SHARES**

Chartered Bank of India 9-1/16
National Bank of India 32-5|8.

## KARACHI MARKETS

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Sept. 6.

The cotton market was firm owing to active demand which yesterday totalled to 20 thousands bales on Hongkong, Tokio and Australian account. The total sales in new crop October-December shipments are now estimated to three and half lakhs bales of which nearly two lakhs bales are on Far East account.

Cotton seeds and gram ruled steady on moderate shipment enquiry 3500 bags of cotton seeds, 4300 bags of goowar, 1800 bags of gram were exported yesterday for Indian ports. Cloth market was easy as Russia and Polland are under selling Japan. Current quotations: Cotton new crop Nt H Oct-Dec. 97/99, 289. F Rollers 102/103, Four F 96, Cotton seeds 5/6, Gram white 25 Gold 96/8, Habib Bank 230.

## LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, Sept 6

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous Closing | 39.98 |
| Today's Opening | 40.18 |
| Difference | +20 |
| Today's Closing | 40.28 |
| Difference | +30 |

## STRIKE

(Continued From Page 1)

realised the futility of such things, and were conscious of the game that they were being asked to play.

The Bombay Government, Mr. Desai was confident, could very well handle the strike situation, and he was sure that the workers would realise their folly before long

As long as the strikers behaved in a constitutional manner, Government would not interfere in any way. But if the millowners, who are anxious to run their mills, wanted to employ alternative labour, and sought Government's protection, to do so, Government would be in duty bound compelled to grant them such protection, declared Mr Desai

**ARRESTS**

Eight persons were arrested for disorderly behaviour at Choupati this evening when police were trying to disperse some persons who had assembled there in small groups with a view to holding a meeting in defiance of the ban, states the Director of Publicity, Bombay in a press note issued tonight.

About 12,800 workers 9,100 in the the first shift and about 3,700 in the second reported for work in cotton textiles mills today.

## TOKEN STRIKE IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Sept. 6 (PTI): To mark their sympathy with the textile workers of Bombay who are now on an indefinite strike, workers of the Buckingham and Carnatic Mills staged a one-day token strike today.

Inquiries showed that only about 400 of the total 900 workers turned up for the morning shift, and 2,000 of 5,000 in the afternoon shift.

The workers on strike, it is learnt, belong to the Madras Labour Union. There were no incidents and no arrests have been made," a police official told the PTI this afternoon.

UPI adds: Interviewed on the strike situation Mr. H. Sitarama Reddy, Labour Minister characterised the strike as illegal and uncalled for. He was glad that response from workers was poor.

**ILLEGAL**

Mr H. Sitarama Reddi, Revenue and Labour Minister, said that the strike in the B and C Mills was "illegal and uncalled for". He was glad that the response to the strike from the workers had been "very poor".

Earlier, Mr. C. G. Reddi, Labour Commissioner, Madras, met the Minister and acquainted him with the strike position.

# Judicial Powers For Sugar Enquiry Body

## ORDINANCE PROMULGATED

NEW DELHI, Sept 6 (PTI).

THE PRESIDENT has promulgated the Sugar Crisis enquiring Authority Ordinance 1950 vesting the Sugar Enquiry Committee with all the powers of a civil court relating to the recording of evidence, it was officially announced today.

The Ordinance which extends to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir and comes into force with immediate effect, empowers the Sugar Enquiry Committee to

(A) summon and enforce the attendance of any person and examine him on oath;

(B) require the discovery and production of any document;

(C) receive evidence on affidavits;

(D) requisition any public record from any court or office and

(E) issue commissions for the examination of witnesses.

**AUTHORITY'S POWERS**

The Ordinance provides that the enquiring authority shall have power to require any person to furnish information on such points or matters as, in the opinion of the enquiring authority, may be useful for, or relevant to the subject-matter of enquiry.

The enquiring authority, or any officer specially authorised by it, may enter any building or place where he has reason to believe that any books of account or other documents relevant to the subject-matter of the enquiry may be found, and may seize any such books of account or documents or take extracts or copies.

No statement made by a person in the course of giving evidence before the enquiring authority shall subject him to, or be used against him in any civil or criminal proceeding except a prosecution for giving false evidence by such statement: provided that the statement (a) is made in reply to a question which he is required by the enquiring authority to answer and (b) is relevant to the subject-matter of the enquiry.

# Economic Progress Lies In World Peace

## C.D. DESHMUKH'S CALL AT PARIS CONFERENCE

PARIS, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter).

Mr. Chintaman Deshmukh, Chairman of the Boards of Governors of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank told financial and economic leaders from 49 countries here today, "It is still to be hoped that clearing political weather will divert public expenditures from military to peace-time purposes. Some current inflationary pressures would then be short-lived. Meanwhile, a way must be found to continue and supplement in other parts of the world the great work which it has been possible to undertake with the help of the Marshall aid programme."

Mr Deshmukh addressed an audience of about 600 in the Assembly Hall of the Bank of France where the fifth annual meeting of the Boards of Governors of the Fund and the Bank is taking place.

The conference will last 11 days.

After mentioning the achievements and hopes of the Bank and Fund Mr. Deshmukh said, "But what shall we say of the dark clouds on the horizon?"

**PROMOTE PEACE**

"Firstly, I would say this: that we must cling to the desire for peace and our will to promote economic progress with courage and determination. We must continue to search every means of improving international economic, as well as political, relations, not omitting to maintain the Fund and Bank as constantly available instruments of economic co-operation.

"Secondly, in our economic planning we must try to detect which of the prevailing forces have basic and long-range significance.

"We face a period of heavy strain on financial and monetary institutions considering the effects on Fund and the Bank. We must recognise that nothing has detracted from the validity of the purposes incorporated in the Brettonwoods Agreements, despite the fact that so many obstacles prevent us from fully achieving them.

"The strength and experience accumulated by these two organisations suggest that they will continue to make important contributions to international welfare.

"In this they will need, more than ever before, the support of their member Governments

"The time calls for a degree of flexibility in their purposes and a capacity for adapting them to changing circumstances, without sacrificing the integrity of their principles

**DEVOTED ATTENTION**

"This in turn will require much conscientious and devoted attention on the part of member Governments, Boards of Executive Directors and their staffs.

"But the effort will be eminently worthwhile

"We must not deny to millions, who hope for a better world, the fulfilment of the promise of these two institutions that international prosperity, and therefore peace can be achieved by co-operative effort."

Earlier, Mr. Deshmukh expressed "the earnest desire of my Government to give full support to the Fund and the Bank in their main tasks of facilitating the balanced growth of international trade and promoting the movements of capital for productive purposes."

He welcomed Pakistan and Ceylon, two most recent members of the Fund and the Bank.

When the articles of agreement were first conceived at Brettonwoods, he said, none could have foreseen all the stresses and strains through which the world had had to pass.

**49 COUNTRIES MEET**

Leading financial experts of 49 countries, including Czechoslovakia but excluding the Soviet Union, met at the Bank of France Hall today for the fifth annual meeting of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank for development and reconstruction.

A representative of Czechoslovakia, the only iron curtain country member, was present by a last-minute change of policy.

The agenda of the conference was formally restricted to consideration of the annual reports and administrative minutes.

**WELCOME ADDRESS**

The annual report will be presented tomorrow.

Welcoming the Governors of the International Bank and International Fund, the President of France, M. Vincent Auriol, declared: "peace will only be assured by the well-being of men and the independence of each nation".

The instability of foreign exchanges and of currencies caused by increase in the prices of raw materials to a point at which certain nations were unable to afford them, he said, would ruin all efforts at security and all chances of improving living standards.

M. Auriol regretted the absence of "certain states, who, although they signed the Brettonwoods Agreement, have not yet felt called upon to participate in the work of the International Fund and the International Bank."

**CZECH RESOLUTION**

The Czechoslovak delegate presented a resolution demanding the exclusion of the representative of Nationalist China at the opening session of the meeting this afternoon.

The Chinese Nationalist Representative was sitting a few seats away from the Czechoslovak Representative.

The Chinese Communist Foreign Minister, Chou En Lai sent a cable to Mr. Eugene Black, Chairman of the International Bank, and to Mr. Gamille Gutt, Managing Director of the International Fund, asking that the Chinese Nationalist Delegate should be excluded from the meeting.

"The Central Peoples Government of the Peoples Republic of China is the sole legal Government representing the Chinese people", the message said.

## K.P.C.C. EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

HUBLI, Sept. 6 (PTI): Mr. S. Nijalingappa, President of the KPCC, has announced the names of his Executive Council.

The Council consists of two Vice-Presidents, Messrs. T. R. Nesvi, Editor, "Navayuga" daily, who will also act as Treasurer, and U. Shrinivas Mallya, Member of the Indian Parliament from Mangalore, two General Secretaries, Messrs. G. V. Hallikeri and V. T. Magadi, and the following ten members: Messrs. Venkar Addi Huli, B. Y. Deshpande, C. J Ambli, R. G. Dube, B. D. Jatti, M.L.A., and Parliamentary Secretary, Bombay, K. K. Shetty, B. R. Karkare, Mariswamayya Patil, Devayya Murnadu and Basavanappa Sanikoppa.

The announcement says that the President will select a member on the Council from North Kanara (Karwar District), immediately members were elected from that District to the P.C.C.

## EFFECTIVE CHECK ON FOOD SITUATION

### Calicut Commerce Chamber Chief's Plea

CALICUT, Sept. 6 (PTI): Mr. L. B Gillies, Chairman of the Calicut Chamber of Commerce, said here today that there had been "a great lowering of the prestige of Government" as a result of the food muddle and no democratic government would afford that.

Government should, he added, be master of the situation in food matters at all times and not constantly be taken by surprise crisis.

Mr. Gillies, who was addressing annual meeting of the Chamber, referred to the economic policy and said that Government appeared to have realised that any attempt to combat inflation by drawing off more purchasing power by still higher taxation would be largely frustrated by a further decline in savings. The budget, therefore, saw a welcome, if small, relaxation of taxation which was a tonic to the debilitated investing classes. Unfortunately, he said, the advantage thus gained, was largely wiped out by the rise in prices following the outbreak of the war in Korea. It was comforting to see that Government were intending to tackle the task of bringing down the general level of prices.

On the wages policy, Mr. Gillies said that there had been less perversity and more realism in industrial wards and the new Labour Relations Bill was a clever compromise of the Government's conflicting loyalties—towards the nation's economic health and the Communist-wooed industrial labour.

## Grains For Deficit Areas

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6.

The Central Ministry of Food has planned to distribute 2,78,200 tons of imported foodgrains to the deficit areas during September. Madras, Bombay and West Bengal are the largest recipients with 97,800, 80,050 and 40,000 tons respectively.

The rice allocation for Madras has been increased by 20,000 tons. During September Madras will receive 30,000 tons of rice from imports.

## Checking Up Health Of U. P. Students

LUCKNOW, Sept. 6. (PTI): Medical examination of students in the higher secondary school stage will be made in Uttar Pradesh to ascertain their health standard.

To begin with, 4,000 students of 9th and 11th classes in Lucknow-Fyzabad region will be medically examined free of charge by the local doctors under an arrangement made between the Educational Department and the Lucknow branch of the All-India Medical Association

Dr. B. S. Halkerwal, Deputy Director of Education, said that this will give the educational authorities a clear picture of the health of the average student and enable them to chalk out a programme for improvement.

**CONTRADICTION**

CALCUTTA: The Chief Information Officer, Damodar Valley Corporation, contradicted today a report appearing in a section of the Calcutta press saying that the high floods in Bihar had washed away a portion of the foundation work in connection with the Tilaiya dam, and the loss was estimated at Rs 20 lakhs

**SOVIET NOTE TO U.S.**

LONDON, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter):—Russia today protested to the United States that a Soviet aircraft flying off Korea had been attacked and shot down by 11 American fighters, Moscow Radio reported. The protest note was handed to the American Ambassador in Moscow today

## Soviet Intimidation In Germany

(Continued From Page 6)

present the choice lies between this and the state of things that exists in Eastern Germany, and no Communist propaganda can counter the reports of the refugees.

If a genuine "resistance" movement does develop in Germany it is more likely to develop in the East than the West. It is quite on the cards that by organising and arousing a nationalist movement there the Russians may be laying a rod in the pickle for their own backs.

## FORMOSA BEING NEUTRALISED

### U.S. Policy Explained

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter): U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, said today that nothing was being done by United Nations forces to encourage or make possible an attack on the Chinese Communist-controlled mainland by the Chinese Nationalists on Formosa.

He outlined to his weekly press conference the implementation of United States policy of "neutralising" Formosa during the period of the Korean conflict.

Referring to the shooting down of a plane with Red Star markings in the Korean area, Mr. Acheson said it was "of significance" that a Russian officer was in the plane shot down after menacing United Nations naval forces.

He said that the plane might or might not have been Russian. Mr. Acheson said he did not know why one plane should have conducted such an attack, but that the important thing was that a Russian officer was engaged in the operation. He added that the incident brought out more clearly than they should cmfwyp than ever the need for an understanding by United Nations members that they should not give any help to the North Korean regime and that they should do everything they could to bring aggression to an end.

Referring to criticism of United States air activity in Korea, Mr. Acheson said that it had been and is "directed solely at military targets of the invader". These targets were enemy troops concentrations, supply dumps, war factories and communication lines.

## CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS IMPORT

### Specific Types Allowed

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6. (PTI): The Government of India have decided to allow the import of a certain number of centrifugal pumps of the category at present prohibited—namely centrifugal pumps for pumping water with horizontal spindle and with suction bore of 6 inches and below or delivery bore of 4 inches and below"—during the period July-December 1950, from the dollar area, Switzerland, and the soft currency area which now includes Western Germany.

A Commerce Ministry Press Note today stated licences would be issued to established importers only and the quotas would be calculated at 40 per cent of half of last year's imports of all sorts of power driven pumps.

In addition, licences would also be granted for the import of all power driven pumps other than the prohibited type, the Press Note added.

## LINKING THE DANG WITH NASIK

### Gujarat Commerce Chamber's Protest

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 6. PTI): The Gujarat Chamber of Commerce in a telegram to the Revenue Department of the Government of Bombay today regretted the decision of the Bombay State Delimitation Committee to link the Dang area with Nasik District.

The telegram stated: "We strongly protest against this linking and urge the Government to link it with Surat District as originaly decided. It is proved beyond doubt by history, conventions and traditions prevalent in the Dang area that it is integral part of Gujarat both administratively and otherwise since time immemorial."

The telegram requested Government to extend the final date for submitting objections.

## LOCUST SITUATION

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6.

Energetic locusts control operations were in progress in all the desert breeding areas of Rajasthan, particularly against full grown hoppers and young adults, says the report for the week ended August 31, 1950.

A small pink swarm which developed in a part of Bikaner district flew towards Bikaner town where fortunately it rested and was promptly destroyed. Some hoppers have become adults in the cultivated pats of Ganganagar district, and breeding is reported from several localities in the adjoining parts of Bahawalpur State in Pakistan. Close vigilance is being exercised and attempts are being made to destroy these adults before they become active fliers. Hoppers have also been reported for the first time this season in Kutch State where control measures have been promptly organised.

## Thermometers Import

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6.

It is announced for geneal information that import of clinical thermometers from all countries except South Africa will be governed by O.G.L. No. XX, if these are shipped on or before December 31, 1950, says a Press Note issued by the Ministry of Commerce.

## Gamblers Attack Policemen

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, September 6.

Two constables were attacked by members of a gambling gang in Gomatipur when the police party raided a gambling den. The police arrested 10 men. Forty one rerugees were also arrested on Gokul ashtami day on gambling charge and Rs. 500 were recovered from them.

## Relief For Assam

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, September 6.

The kamdars of the Ahmedabad Textile Association have donated two thousand rupees for Assam relief fund.

# Stop Press

**NO SOVIET NOTE YET**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6. (PTI-Reuter): The State Department said today it had not yet received a Soviet note which Mascow Radio said, protested that a Soviet aircraft flying off Korea on Monday was shot down by American fighter aircraft.

**8,863 U.S. CASUALTIES**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter): The Defence Department announced here today that 8,863 American casualties in the Korean war had been reported to next of kin up to September 1.

**84 RED TANKS JOIN OFFENSIVE**

TOKYO, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter): The Communists have rushed up two newly tank brigades comprising 84 tanks for their smashing offensive against the United Nations lines in Korea, a United States Army intelligence officer stated today. They had been identified as the 16th and 17th Tank Brigades.

# Nepal Congress On The War Path

## MOVE TO OVERTHROW PRESENT REGIME

PATNA, Sept. 6 (PTI).

**THE NEPALI CONGRESS is preparing a showdown in Nepal, said Mr. B.P. Koirala, the Nepali Congress leader here. A 'liberation movement' is about to be launched, he said.**

"We cotemplate calling for a Constituent Assembly immediately after the Nepali Congress removes the Ranas from our country," Mr. Koirala added.

In a statement today which he said, was issued to place before the public the objectives of the Congress on the eve of the "great undertaking, namely the total overthrow of the present Government" Mr. Koirala said: "We are opposed to the present system of Government in which one man, the hereditary Prime Minister, assumes the supreme authority, civil and military, of the State. We accept the King as the constitutional head of the State; thereby we want to preserve the tradition and continuity to avoid abnormal jerks in the political life of the country, but the real sovereignty must vest in a Parliament of the people.

"The destiny of the country must belong to this body of elected representatives. We contemplate calling a constithent assembly to frame our democratic constitution immediately after the Nepali Congress succeeds in removing the Ranas from our country".

**GATHERING STRENGTH**

The recent "local actions in Syanja-Nowpakot, Parasi, Udaipur Garhi and other places in Nepal. Mr. Koirala said, "has demonstrated the inherent strength and vitality of the people organised under the banner of the Congress. as they have simultaneously revealed the emasculation of the present regime of violence, whose main prop the army, is failing them at this hour.

"We have received assurances of co-operation from all the sections and classes of people of Nepal.....peasants, workers, government servants, men in army and all, except the Communists, who spurning our general appeal for co-operation or at least political truce, have launched a vile propaganda against the Congress and are trying to confuse the people by advocating anti-struggle policy".

"The impractical fanatics, under a spurious inspiration from achievements in foreign lands, want us to adopt anti-India Government policy as a price of their co-operation. We have been deeply inspired by the heroic struggle of the people of India and their leaders during the imperialist days in India. We cannot conceive any unfriendliness towards or from India."

## SOCIALIST VICTORY IN DENMARK

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 6. (PTI-Reuter): The Socialist Party today again emerged as the biggest single party in Denmark when final results of yesterday's general election were announced. But it remained a minority party in the Danish Lower House of Parliament and it was by no means certain that Socialist leader Hans Hedtoft would form another Socialist Government.

Mr. Hedtoft resigned four weeks ago after three years in office because his drastic economy proposals aimed at reducing Denmark's balance of payments met overhelming criticism from the combined opposition party. The Socialists won 59 seats in the House of 150 members, only two more than in the last election.

## Transfer Of Business

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6. (PTI): An ordinance has been promulgated to provide for the transfer of the business of the Allianz and Stuttgarter Life Insurance Bank, to the United India Life Assurance Company.

Under the provisions of the ordinance, all the assets and liabilities of the Allianz und Stuttgarter Life Insurance Bank relating to its life insurance business carried on before the commencement of this ordinance by Messrs. A. F. Ferguson and Company, Chartered Accountants of Bombay, under the Defence of India Rules, will stand transferred to the United India Life Assurance Company. A bill relating to this was introduced in Parliament during the last session.

## Terrorist Hide-Outs Bombed In Malaya

KUALA LUMPUR, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter): Buildings here were shaken early today when British and Australian aircraft made a heavy bombing raid on suspected terrorist concentration areas in the jungle, a few miles away from here.

It was the third heavy bombing attack within five days in the area of this capital of the Malayan Federation.

Terrorists yesterday murdered a Malay school master in Pahang State and raided a Malay village near the Thailand border, wounding three people.

## German Spies Sentenced

ANSBACH (Bavaria), Sept 6, (PTI -Reuter): A United States Occupation Court here today sentenced two German youths aged 19 and 23 to five years imprisonment for spying for the Czechoslovak Intelligence Service in the American part of Germany.

## VIET MINH MEN FED BY CHINESE

### Envoy's Disclosure

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6 (PTI): Mr. Nguyen-Duy-Thanh, head of the Viet Namese Information Mission to India, told the PTI here today that 40,000 Viet Minh troops under Dr. Ho Chi-Minh were now being fed and trained by the Chinese Communist Government.

He added that Dr. Ho had sent those troops across the border when the 'rice bowl' Red River delta of Tonkin gradually came under the Bao Dai Government between November 1949 and May 1950.

The mission will remain in India for three months and visit various parts of the country. "I am a special envoy of His Majesty Bao Dai and the purpose of our mission is to give the Indian people information on the present political and economic situation in Viet Nam and to learn about India," Mr. Thanh said. "But as Viet Nam is not recognised by India, we will function unofficially."

According to Mr. Thanh, Dr. Ho Chi-Minh now had his strongholds in the mountainous Tonkin highland on the Chinese border and in the marshy Camau plain southwest of Cochin China.

## TIBETANS MEET CHINESE

### No Fear Of Invasion

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6 (PTI): The Tibetan delegation which arrived here on Monday last to hold discussions with the Chinese Embassy here on the future of Tibet, met Mr. Shen Chien, the Chinese Charge d'Affaires in Delhi, today.

The meeting, which was described by the Tibetan delegation as a "courtesy call," lasted an hour. No further meeting with the Chinese Charge d'Affaires is arranged till the arrival of the Chinese Ambassador next week.

The leader of the Tibetan delegation, in a talk to pressmen, discounted the rumours of Chinese invasion of Tibet and emphasised Tibet's desire settle the question peacefully.

It is understood that in reply to India's suggestion, the Peking Government has confirmed its desire to settle the future of Tibet peacefully.

## Smuts Again Ill

PRETORIA, Sept. 6, (PTI-Reuter): The condition of Genereal Jan Smuts, ill at his farm home near here, was early today reported "not satisfactory". He continues to suffer heart strain, it was reported.

The General whose heart showed signs of strain following influenza last month, has been ordered complete rest.

It was disclosed earlier that he spent yesterday in bed "very tired after a brief visit to Bushvels.

## Canada To The Rescue Of Atlantic Nations

OTTAWA, Sept. 6, (PTI-Reuter): If Atlantic Pact nations were attacked a Canadian permanent force would join United State troops in repelling a direct attack from the North, External Affairs Minister L. B. Pearson told the House of Commons today.

This force would also be used as "a basis for the expansion of our army into an expeditionary force to defend Canada outside Canada," he stated.

The position might be altered in the light of developments, he added.

## Let Germans Defend Themselves

### AMERICAN OFFICIAL'S VIEW

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6, (PTI-Reuter): The West German people should be enabled "to defend their own country," Mr. John J. Macloy, United States High Commissioner for Germany, said yesterday.

He made this statement after a conference with President Truman.

Mr Macloy who is in Washington for talks preliminary to the Foreign Ministers Conference in New York, told reporters "You can't say to them they can't defend their own country if they are attacked".

Replying to questions, Mr. Macloy also said he favoured increasing the number of American troops in Western Germany if the joint chiefs of staff could spare them.

## KASHMIR NEHRU'S "BLIND SPOT"

LONDON, Sept. 6 (UPI): The 'Times' Delhi correspondent in a feature article analysing India's foreign policy under the title, "India at Rest", emphasises the need for appreciating India's independence stand in foreign affairs, but adds: "Nehru has his blind spot. In his case, it is Kashmir."

Editorially, the "Times" goes further in admonishing Pandit Nehru. It says: "India's influence in Asia is grievously diminished by her own attitude on Kashmir. When India refuses to apply to Kashmir, whether whole or in part, principles, of self-determination under the United Nations, which he advocates for Korea, it is expedient self-interest, not faith in Asian nationalism, that dictates her policy. So he risks losing moral authority."

## SIX INJURED IN CLASH WITH DACOITS

AMBALA, Sept. 6 (PTI): Six people, including two women, were injured in a clash with armed dacoits last weekend in the village of Basantpur in Karnal district.

Under cover of gunfire nine armed dacoits raided the village and ransacked houses, relieving inmates of their valuables.

The raiders are reported to have decamped with booty worth Rs. 25,000.

## Locusts Destroyed

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6 (PTI): A small pink swarm of locusts flying towards Bikaner was promptly destroyed, says a report on locust situation for the week ending August 31.

Some hoppers have become adults in the cultivated parts of Ganganagar district and breeding is reported from several localities in the adjoining parts of Bahawalpur State in Pakistan.

Hoppers have also been reported for the first time this season from Kutch State where control measures have been organised.

## 8 INJURED IN HOUSE COLLAPSES IN MOGA

MOGA, Sept. 6. (PTI): Eight persons are reported to have been injured in Moga when nearly a dozen houses collapsed due to continuous rain during the past 48 hours. A large number of houses were also damaged considerably. The condition of two of the injured is stated to be serious. Details of loss are still awaited.

The total rainfall during the past 48 hours is estimated to be seven and a half inches.

## E. Pakistan Can Spare 50 Thousand Tons Grains

DACCA Sept. 6. (PTI): East Pakistan can easily spare to India 50,000 to 60,000 tons of foodgrains, Mr. Mohammad Afzal East Bengal Food Minister told Press Trust of India here today.

He was commenting on the announcement made by Pandit Nehru in Assam that India and Pakistan had agreed to exchange rice from East Pakistan for coal from India.

## FAITH IN U. N. REITERATED

### U. S. Senate Body's Views

WASHINGTON, Sept 6 (UPI).

A U. S. SENATE Foreign Relations Sub-Committee, after holding extensive hearings on proposals to revise the United Nations Charter, has expressed confidence in the vitality of the U.N. and its untapped resources for peace.

Sub-Committee felt that the Korean crisis and the reaction of the United Nations to that crisis showed that the United Nations had a life and vitality that many witnesses did not think existed.

"The (U. N.) Charter will carry far more traffic if the nations want it to do so," the report stated. "The Korean action shows that. The position of the freedom-loving nation of the world is tremendously strengthened by the existence of the United Nations".

The report emphasised that the fundamental issue of the day was the conflict between freedom and aggression.

**VETO ISSUE**

On the question of Soviet use of the veto to block action in the Security Council, the Sub-Committee pointed out that the free world could counter these tactics by relegating the Council to a secondary role and putting more and more of its "difficult problems" in the hands of the veto-less General Assembly.

If the Soviets withdrew from the United Nations, constructive leadership on the part ot the free nations could lead to the creation of a new revitalized organization of the free nations of the world." the report said.

The Sub-Committee said that the early hopes of the world for the United Nations had been "frustrated by a small group of men whose words belie their acts. who use the word 'democracy' to mean communism, 'peace' to mean aggression, 'freedom' to mean totalitarianism".

**COLLECTIVE SECURITY**

But against those who argued for revision of the U. N. Charter or for creation of a new world organization, the Sub-Committee pointed to Korea as evidence of what the United Nations could do without the veto.

It said: "The present Charter has within it certain resources for strengthening collective security regardless of the attitude of any one of the big five. The Charter has, within it, the means for reorganizing the United Nations if Soviet Action leads to demands for such reorganization. The Charter will carry far more traffic if the nations want it to do so. The Korean action shows that."

## Experiments In Aerial Sowing

### AUSTRALIAN PRICE MILLERS' PLANS

SYDNEY Sept. 6.

Rice millers of Australia have decided on an experimental programme of sowing pre-germinated rice seeds by aeroplane to speed up production.

A company which is experienced in sowing grass by plane is preparing to conduct experiments.

This method permits sowing much earlier in the season. Aerial sowing takes only minutes or hours, whereas normally it takes days or weeks.

The Rice Association of Australia is considering plans to deal with the entire 1951 crop on a profit-sharing basis between growers and millers.

Mills have been set up at Griffith, and Whitton, in the Riverina, and at Echuca, so that rice can be treated close to where it is grown. An additional 6,000 ton storage has been arranged at Grifith, Burraboi, and Whitton.

## More Punishment For Prohibition Offenders

MADRAS, Sept. 6. (PTI): Mr. N. Sanjiva Reddi, Prohibition Minister, in answer to a question told the Madras Assembly today that the State Government would shortly amend the penal provisions of the Prohibition Act for its "more successfull enforcement"

He said the amendment which was being made in response to requests from the public, envisaged such severe punishments that no "decent person" would think of violating the act.

The Government he added, had examined the Madras Prohibition Act in the light of the High Court judgement on the Bombay Act and had reached the conclusion that no action was necessary untill the Federal Court judgement was known

## NEW AVIATION RULES FOR GERMANS

### Operation Of Radar Not Allowed

BONN, Sept. 6, (PTI-Reuter): The Western Allies today officially reaffirmed their ban on German flying and announced new legislation defining existing civil aviation facilities permitted to Germans.

New regulations integrate previous laws in the three Western Zones and lay down that Germans may service aircraft, operate airline ground communications and construct airports but they may not go to make up air crews may not operate radar nor actually command an airport.

They may not glide but they may fly toy aeroplanes and they may fly ballons of a non-military nature such as advertisement of meteorlogical balloons.

## Bear Gives Out 'Wolf Calls'

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6 (PTI).

**THE USSR is using supplemental radio jamming stations, probably as many as 750 of them in the Moscow area, to drown out any Voice of America broadcasts that get past Russia's 250 long-range "jammers", according to experts of the State Department.**

**The new-type jammers have a short-range value, experts say. They describe the sounds broadcast by the jammers as "squeals, howls, and 'wolf-calls'."**

## MODERN TYPES FOR VERNACULARS

### U.K. Firm Engages An Expert

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6: Special steps to modernise and simplify type faces for printing in the various languages of India are being taken by the Monotype Corporation Ltd., of the U.K., who have appointed Major John Wilson, Magazine Editor of the Calcutta 'Statesman' before the war and a commercial artist and caricaturist of some eminence, to make a specialised study of typography on behalf of the Corporation.

Major Wilson will be taking up the appointment of Typographical Adviser (Eastern Area) to the Corporation with headquarters at Calcutta and will meet both Indian and Pakistani educational and literary authorities as the firm is anxious to assist in reconstructing and making more legible the various language type faces used in these regions.

Major Wilson served with the Indian Army throughout the war and towards the end of his service was responsible for recruiting advertising and publicity in Northern India.

## End Of A Non-Secular Department

HYDERABAD, Sept. 6 (PTI): The 106-year-old Ecclesiastical Department of the Hyderabad Government, which was responsible "for the general regulation of religious affairs in the State," has been abolished.

"Owing to its non-secular character, there has been a strong public feeling against this Department which has been looked upon as a symbol of the theocratic conception of the State," stated a press note issued today.

# Japan Tired Of Allied Occupation

## DEMOCRATISATION AT FULL SPEED

TOKYO, Sept. 6 (PTI).—Japan today is tired of American military occupation but no Japanese will tell you so publicly, writes PTI staff correspondent.

Under General MacArthur's directive, it is a crime for any Japanese to criticise the occupation. Besides, the Japanese have a sincere affection and a sneaking admiration for "Amechan" —sweet Mr. American.

Japanese statesmen, politicians, businessmen and journalists are at once grateful to American occupation and exasperated with it. They give you this unmistakable impression when you talk to them in private.

They tell you they like Americans all right but point out that an alien military occupation, in spite of its blessings, produces a crippling effect on any nation. They indicate plainly that it is about time the Amechans got back home.

**UNLIKELY**

The Japanese realise, however, that under the existing international situation, it is extremely unlikely that America will quit Japan in the near future. They know that the end of the occupation now depends more on Russo-American relations than on the Japanese peace treaty.

The Japanese who naturally prefer America to Russia are, therefore, prepared to throw in their lot with the United States in the conflict that is brewing in the Far East. They hope it will prove a safe gamble.

**PREPARED**

Assurances that the United Nations—which, to many Japanese, means the United States—will guarantee Japan's security in the fast-warming cold war in the Pacific, have no doubt, pleased the Japanese. They are prepared to do their bit in aid of the United Nations.

Nevertheless, the occupation is straining many a Japanese mind. You notice it in almost every Japanese you meet—Cabinet Ministers to common workers.

A key Minister in the Yoshida Cabinet, slightly embarrassed by a question regarding some aspect of vital policy, cooly reminded me: "We are an occupied nation."

I have heard that lament from many others. There was no bitterness or resentment in what they spoke but there was enough to express the feeling of hurt pride and helplessness.

The face of Tokyo and other places in Japan has changed tremendously in five years of American occupation. Today, there is little trace of the heavy bombing of Japan in the months before the Japanese surrender.

The occupation authorities dominate the city's life. Almost every big building is occupied by the occupation authorities. The stars and stripes flutter from many house-tops in Tokyo.

In Tokyo, Yokohama and other cities, the occupation authorities run hotels and restaurants exclusively for themselves. "Japanese not allowed" is the signboard in front of many of these places.

**EDUCATION**

Schools and colleges in Japan are full. The quest for knowledge is intense. There are more women than men in Japan's educational institutions.

"A healthy sign, of course," commented a Japanese professor. "But this new thirst for knowledge is of dubious value. There is far too much of sexualism and communism in post-war Japanese literature.

"Japan is too young a nation for that sort of too liberal education," he added.

Asked to comment on a recent public demonstration of the "art of kissing," given by an American actress, visiting Tokyo, for the benefit of her Japanese admirers, the Profesor barked: "Baka!"—meaning fools—the worst term of abuse in the Japanese language.

The English language which was strictly taboo in the old days is now the language of occupied Japan. Even rickshaw pullers and restaurant waitresses understand some English—at least enough to ask for "tipu" (tip) and "presento" (present).

The "democratization" has probably affected the women of Japan more than the menfolk.

Japanese women have discarded the colourful kimono and obi, in preference to western style frock. The kimono is now in vogue only on ceremonial occasions.

As an elder statesmen of Japan—who for obvious reasons, wishes to remain anonymous—told me in Tokyo: "Japan's defeat in the last war was good for her soul. It cleaned up the militaristic clan and brought Japan to her senses.

"It was good that Japan fell from the dizzy height of illusion to the vale of humiliation. The fall gave her a mood of piety and repentance. Japan found herself suddenly changed from teacher to pupil, from leader to follower, from master to servant."

"But that mood, good as it is, is now being stretched out too far. It may prove bad for Japan's soul," he added.

# Russia Not Aiding U. N. Solve Korean Issue

## AUSTIN'S COMPLAINT

LAKE SUCCESS, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter).

**AMERICAN delegate Mr. Warren Austin yesterday told Soviet representative M. Jacob Malik that he had "raised doubts in our minds" as to whether he supported the Security Council in trying to localise the Korean War.**

The Council was discussing an American resolution calling on all nations to refrain from giving aid or encouragement to the North Koreans.

Mr. Austin reported to the Council on the shooting down of a plane with red Star markings off Korea on Monday. He said that his Government had no more information on the incident than that contained in his letter sent yesterday to Sir Gladwyn Jebb, of Britain, this month's Council President. "All we know is that a member of the armed forces of the U.S.S.R. was part of the crew of a twin-engined bomber which fired upon an air patrol operating as part ot the United Nations forces in Korea", he added.

**ADOPT IT NOW**

"This incident illutrates the desirability of the immediate adoption by the Council of the United States resolution, the essential purpose of which is to localise the conflict in Korea and prevent it from spreading to other areas"

Opening the meeting, Sir Gladwyn Jebb said four documents had been received: (1) A letter dated yesterday from Mr. Warren Austin, United States Delegate; (2) A letter form United Nations headquarters for Korea; (3) A draft Soviet resolution on the bombing of Chinese territory. (4) A draft of a Soviet resolution on the Korean invasion.

The President said the first two of the documents were to be discussed within the framework of the complaint of aggression in Korea. and the others were to be included in the agenda. When he asked delegates to approve the draft agenda, Soviet representative M. Jacob Malik took the floor He listed a number of messages sent to the United Nations protesting against "American aggression in Korea" and against "the inhuman treatment of (North) Korean prisoners".

**PROVOCATIVE STATEMENT**

Mr. Malik said the report that a Soviet airman had been shot down off Korea was "a provocative statement by Mr MacArthur and the War Department".

Mr. Malik made no other comment on the State Department's announcement bevond saying that it was evidently made with the object of supporting the American resolution before the Council. Dealing with the resolution itself, Mr. Malik said aggression was spreading through the action of the French Government in sending troops to Korea.

**MORE "YES MEN"**

Mr. Malik described the delegates supporting the United States resolution "a group of yes men". The resolution, and all those previously adopted by the Council, were meant to cover and justify agression, he claimed.

**NOT A POLICE ACTION**

The Soviet delegate said American action in Korea was on a large scale. It was not the small scale police action, "of which President Truman chose to speak". It was not a war against North Korea, but against the whole Korean people.

Before the Council began discussing the American resolution, Mr. Austin said the Soviet rulers seemed to have been doing their best to increase tension between the Chinese Communists and those United Nations members who were acting together to repel aggression in Korea. "I might note that in this connection the United States Government has been disturbed recently by reports of substantial rail and road traffic in that area of North Korea which is adjacent to the Manchurian frontier', he added

**A TEST**

Mr. Austin said the Soviet attitude to that part of the resolution which asks United Nations members not to help North Korea would be "a test of its willingness to support the peaceful endeavours of the United Nations.

Mr. Malik spoke lengthily of "barbarous bombing" of Korean towns by United Nations aircraft. He asked the Security Council to reject the American resolution. which he said was designed merely to cover up "American aggression against the Korean people". He said that the whole world was aware that Soviet foreign policy stood for the "freedom and equality of the people' whereas the policy of the United States was for "war and the extension of war"

After the translation of Mr. Malik's speech the Council adjourned until 1.00 GMT September 6.

A check of this translation showed that Mr. Malik, in his references to the plane incident, also alleged that the "place for this provocation. the sea, was chosen in order to make it easier to conceal the rather "sharp corners of the whole matter". Russian experts at United Nations were unable to explain what was meant by "sharp corners".

## MURDERED WOMAN NOT AN INFORMANT

### Government Denies Press Report

BOMBAY, Wednesday:

Reporting the alleged murder of a woman at Chandanwadi, Chira Bazar, Bombay, last week, a section of the Press alleged that the woman was a Police informant and that the murder was motivated by revenge, as the woman had given information to the Police about certain traffickers in illicit liquor. The allegation has absolutely no foundation. The woman in question never acted as a Police informant.

## 'HABEAS CORPUS' PLEA REJECTED

GWALIOR, Sept. 6 (UPI): A Divisional Bench of the Madhya Bharat High Court consisting of Mr. Justice G. K. Shinde and Mr. Justice P. V. Dixit today rejected the 'habeas corpus' application of Mr. Anand Bihari Mishra, Leader of the Opposition in the State Legislature and Convener of the People's Action Committee, as "the grounds for detention were 'prima facie' correct."

Their Lordships, however, ordered the immediate release of 3 Communist workers as "the grounds for detention were vague and indefinite," and held that "the order of detention was mala fide".

## 32 Corruption Cases Handled In July

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Thirty-two persons were dealt with by the Anti-Corruption Police in Bombay State on charges of corruption and bribery, during July last. Action against nine of them was taken by the Anti-Corruption Branch of the Bombay C.I.D. while the Anti-Corruption Branch in the mofussil was responsible for action against the remaining 23 persons

During the same month. departmental action was taken against 21 public servants as a result of inquiries made by the Anti-Corruption Branch in the mofussil. Services of five of them were dispensed with and others were reduced either in pay or in grade.

## Government Legal Aid To Aboriginals

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Members of the Aboriginal and Hill tribes in the seven districts of East Khandesh, West Khandesh, Nasik, Broach, Panchmahals Thana and Kolaba will continue to receive legal assistance from the Government, during the current financial year, in the same manner in which they have been receiving it for the past few years.

# 'THREAT' TO PAKISTAN'S SECURITY FROM INDIA!

## Mr. Haroon's Scare Stories In Sydney Market

SYDNEY, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter): Pakistan forces would have liked to join other Commonwealth troops in Korea, but the threat to their country's security prevented it, Pakistan's High Commissioner in Australia, Mr. Yusuf Abdullah Haroon, said at a press conference here today.

Pakistan has fully backed the United Nations, but "we have not been able to finalise real help because Kashmir is holding us back" he said. "As a member of the United Nations we fully back any resolution or decision the United Nations take, but we feel that our attention has been diverted by an internal issue, whereas it should be applied to an international issue."

Mr. Haroon said the Pakistan Government was "very disappointed" at the failure of Sir Owen Dixon's mission as Mediator in the India-Pakistan dispute. "While the Kashmir dispute is unsettled," the Moslem way of life in Pakistan is gravely threatened. Nobody wants conflict, but an issue like Kashmir might create danger for democratic countries.

**SECURITY REASONS**

"I feel it is high time that all right-thinking countries—such as Australia, a sister Dominion—should play an important part in bringing about a settlement. "If India controls Kashmir, one can strike at the heart of Pakistan. Yet if we get Kashmir, we are not one half-inch nearer Delhi."

Mr. Haroon said it was not to be forgotten that "the rulers of India have a close affinity with the rulers of the Soviet Unoin, whereas the rulers of Pakistan are pledged to uphold Western democratic traditions."

"No country can remain neutral in the world today and all our sympathies are with the Western-type freedom with the majority ruling, but with respect for the minority", Mr. Haroon said.

# NARROW PRICE MOVEMENT IN TATA STEELS

## Cotton Mill Shares Steady On Expectation Of Early End Of Strike

BOMBAY, Sept. 6.

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened quiet today under the influence of Calcutta market and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. There were utter absence of any important business and neither Bulls nor Bears were inclined to do any business. Thus there was only routine trading during the early part of the session.

The monthly production figures of Tata Steels were satisfactory but this being in line with general expectation there was no effect on the market. Traders were inclined to await for fresh incentives.

At the opening Tata Steel Defd. Shares were quoted at Rs. 1847/8 and steadied at Rs. 1850. Ordinary Shares changed hands at Rs. 352. Indian Irons were done at Rs. 34/- while Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 23/12.

Bombay Dyeings were placed at Rs. 949/4 and Kohinoors changed hands at Rs. 319. Svadeshi Mill Shares were placed at Rs. 264. Scindia Shares were easy at Rs. 14/5 while Bombay Burmas came in business at Rs. 495.

Thereafter Tata Steel Defds. improved at Rs. 1851/4 and Ordinary Shares were done at Rs. 353/4. Central India Shares were done at Rs. 233/12 and Gokaks were quoted at Rs. 240 Simplex Shares were placed at Rs. 169/6 and Belapurs were quoted at Rs. 227/8. Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 258/12. While Scindia's were quoted at Rs. 14/6.

At about 2 p.m. there appeared some profittaking and Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1845 and Ordinary Shares were placed at Rs. 352. Tone of the market was quietly steady.

During the last hour the market displayed steady tone and Tata Steel Defd. Shares after declining at Rs. 1842/8 rallied at Rs. 1847/8 while Ordinary Shares were steady. Indian Irons declined at Rs. 33/12 and Bengal Steels were placed at Rs. 23/11.

Now Sardar Patel is in the city and some traders expect early end of the mill strike. There was increased buying in the textile section. Bombay Dyeings after declining at Rs. 947/8 improved at Rs. 957/8. Kohinoors were done at Rs. 320 while Nagpurs improved at Rs. 236. Closing tone of the market was steady with restricted turnover.

At 5 p.m Tata Steel Defd. Shares were nominally quoted at Rs. 1843/12 to Rs. 1845/-.

## FORWARD SECTION

| | |
|---|---|
| **MILL SHARES** | |
| Bombay Dyeing (27-8) | 956 4 |
| Kohinoor Mills (21) | 321 0 |
| Svadeshi Mills (12-4) | 267 8 |
| Central India Mills (6) | 235 8 |
| Simplex India Mills (6-8) | 228 0 |
| New Great Eastern (3-2) | 150 8 |
| Gokak (12) | 242 8 |
| Century Spinning (15) | 252 8 |
| Indian Bleaching (8) | 182 0 |
| Swan (20) | 350 0 |
| Finlay Mills (15) | 258 0 |
| Morarji Goculdas (4-8) | 171 4 |
| Edward Sassoon | 242 8 |
| Meoyer (6) | 90 0 |
| Apollo Mills (As. 4) | 3 2 |
| India United Ord. (0-12-0) | 10 14 |
| Indian United Defd. (0-2-0) | 1 12 |
| Madhusudan (15) | 175 0 |
| Podar (9) | 130 0 |
| Podar (9) | 170 0 |
| **STEELS** | |
| Tata Steel Ord. (14) | 352 8 |
| Tata Steel Defd (79-5) | 1847 8 |
| Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8) | 146 0 |
| **CEMENT** | |
| Associated Cement (6) | 169 0 |
| **INDUSTRIES** | |
| Burma (12-8) | 497 8 |
| Belapur (9) | 258 0 |
| Shivrajpur (1-8) | 42 0 |
| Scindia Steam (0-8) | 14 5 |
| Premier Construction (4) | 115 8 |
| Tata Chemical | 14 5 |
| Tata Oil (1) | 42 0 |
| India Iron (6-12) | 33 11 |
| Bengal Steel (0-12-0) | 23 10 |
| British India Corp. (0-9) | 9 2 |
| India Copper | 2 13 6 |
| Wimco (11) | 235 0 |
| Alcock (28-2) | 320 0 |
| **ELECTRIC SHARES** | |
| Tata Hydro (3) | 155 0 |
| Tata Power (25) | 1590 0 |
| Andhra Valley (30) | 1437 8 |

## CASH SECTION

| | |
|---|---|
| **COTTON MILLS** | |
| Elphinstone (5) | 60 0 |
| Phoenix (6) | 127 8 |
| Indian Mfg (40) | 295 0 |
| Kurla XD | 115 0 |
| Colaba (12) | 86 0 |
| New City (11) | 160 0 |
| Minerva (12) | 133 2 |
| Bradbury | 567 8 |
| Bharucha Defd. (0-4) | 1 12 |
| Bhatat (2) | 32 0 |
| Mysore Defd. (4) | 171 4 |
| Madhavli (0-12-0) | 26 0 |
| Model Mills (12-8) | 158 12 |
| Lakshmi Cotton (25) | 592 8 |
| Vishnu Cotton (6) | 192 8 |
| Western India (40) | 3005 0 |
| Standard (15) | 245 0 |
| Sholapur (200) | 3060 0 |
| Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0) | 19 8 |
| Hindustan Mills (40) X.D. | 3410 0 |
| Tata Mills (2-4) | 46 8 |
| Ahmedabad Advance (9) | 240 0 |
| Sassoon Silk (2-14) | 36 8 |
| New Union Mills (0-8) | 18 8 |
| Madhusudan (2-8) | 32 0 |
| Shrinivas Mills (12-8) | 190 0 |
| Raja Bahadur (4) | 56 4 |
| Berar | 256 4 |
| Victoria Mills | 225 0 |
| **ELECTRIC (CASH)** | |
| Ahmedabad Electric (1-8) | 115 0 |
| Ahmedabad New XD | 111 8 |
| Surat Electric (5) | 131 4 |
| Karachi Electric (2) | 127 4 |
| Broach (0-5) | 6 6 |
| Ajmer Electricity (0-8) | 10 3 |
| Amalgamated (0-12) | 11 6 |
| Nagpur Electric (1-12) | 27 0 |
| Poona Electric Supply (5-2) | 126 4 |
| Bombay Suburban (3) | 152 8 |
| Jalgaon | 10 10 |
| **BANK SHARES** | |
| Imperial Bank of India (40) | 1985 0 |
| Imperial Bank P. (10) | 485 0 |
| Imperial Bank (1-8) | 84 0 |
| Central New (1-8) | 84 0 |
| Bank of India (4) | 171 0 |
| Union (0-5) | 7 3 |
| Baroda (2-8) | 126 8 |
| Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8) | 4 0 |
| United Commercial (1-8) | 46 8 |
| Jaipur Bank (1-8) | 30 0 |
| Hindustan Commercial | 22 8 |
| Mysore Bank (8) | 365 0 |
| Eastern Bank (0-14-9) | 90 0 |
| **INSURANCE SHARES** | |
| Oriental (125) | 4960 0 |
| Empire (10) | 580 0 |
| New India (2) | 66 8 |
| Jupiter (0-12) | 11 12 |
| Vulcan (0-10) | 13 4 |
| Indian Mercantile (2) | 38 12 |
| Universal Fire | 8 12 |
| B.I.C. | 16 4 |
| Industrial and Prudential | 28 4 |
| Neptune | 7 0 |
| New Great | 18 4 |
| All India General | 10 4 |
| **RAILWAY SHARES** | |
| C. P. (1-14) X D | 110 12 |
| **MISCELLANEOUS SHARES** | |
| Steamer (10) | 262 12 |
| Bombay Burma New (5) | 170 0 |
| Burma (Petrol) | 1 8 0 |
| Mackenzie (6) | 90 0 |
| Port Canning (3) | 52 0 |
| Kemp and Co. (30) | 342 8 |
| Zandu Pharmacy (7) | 90 0 |
| Industrial Invest Trust (5-12) | 86 4 |
| Dharamsey Chemical (4) | 57 0 |
| Mukund Iron | 5 8 |
| Dena Trust (0-12) | 14 0 |
| Alembic (15) | 116 4 |
| Supreme Industries | 72 8 |
| Bombay Uganda | 67 8 |
| Indian Cement (1937) | 24 8 |
| Hindustan Nagar Industries (15) | 153 2 |
| United Motor | 28 8 |
| Bombay Safe Deposit (27) | 785 0 |
| Bigary Construction | 19 2 6 |
| Manamadu Steam | 100 0 |
| Gujarat Motor | 26 14 |
| Sardar Carbonic XD | 750 8 |
| Harvey Press | 310 6 |
| Stella Batteries | 30 0 |
| National Rayon | 68 4 |
| Bombay Cycle | 29 12 |
| Jost Co. | 77 0 |
| Digvijay Cement | 80 0 |
| **PREFERENCE SHARES** | |
| Tata Steel 1st (6) | 200 0 |
| Andhra Valley (7) | 1247 8 |
| Tata Power (7-8) | 1348 12 |
| Hydro Electric (7) XD | 136 4 |
| Bombay Steamer (6) | 220 0 |
| Central India (5) | 655 0 |
| Swadeshi Mills | 130 0 |
| Vishnu Mills (7) | 675 0 |
| Laxmi | 268 12 |
| New Great Mills (5-8) | 225 0 |
| Podar Mills (4) | 95 0 |
| Shrinivas Mills | 98 0 |
| Elphinstone Mills (7) | 106 4 |
| Bradbury Mills (7-8) | 345 0 |
| Surat Electricity (3-4) | 135 0 |
| Pre Construction First | 102 0 |
| Pre Construction 2nd Pref | 98 0 |
| Amalgamated | 115 0 |
| Habib | 72 0 |
| Tata Chemical | 133 12 |
| Walchandnagar | 126 4 |
| Jupiter | 12 15 |
| Supreme | 100 0 |
| Meyer | 102 8 |
| Mackenzie First | 92 0 |
| Mackenzie (2) | 85 0 |
| Ahmedabad Advance | 127 4 |
| Mysore Mill | 41 0 |
| Standard | 99 0 |
| Madhusudan | 12 0 |
| Khatau | 99 8 |
| Morarji | 94 0 |
| National Rayon | 76 8 |
| **DEBENTURES** | |
| Andhra 1952 | 101 4 |
| Rubber Planting | .... |
| Bombay Steamer | 98 14 |
| Indian Hume Pipe | 101 0 |
| **OUTSIDE SHARES** | |
| Burma Corporation | 2 11 |
| New Victoria Mill | 2 6 |
| New Victoria Pref | 4 8 |
| Phalton (8) | 118 12 |
| Gold Mohor (20) | 285 0 |
| New Kaiser-e-Hind | 125 0 |
| Sajjan Mills | 15 0 |
| Osmanshahi | 20 0 |
| Ajain Shahi | 110 0 |
| Air Services | 4 15 |
| Air India Tata | 61 8 |
| Hind Motor | 6 14 |
| Indian Steam | 7 13 |

## Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, Sept. 6:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tata Ordinary | 352 | 8 | 0 |
| Tata Deferred | 1847 | 8 | 0 |
| Indian Iron | 33 | 11 | 0 |
| Steel Corpn. of Bengal | 23 | 10 | 0 |
| Bombay Dyeing | 956 | 4 | 0 |
| Central India | 235 | 10 | 0 |
| Gokak | 242 | 8 | 0 |
| Kohinoor | 321 | 4 | 0 |
| Simplex | 228 | 0 | 0 |
| Swadeshi | 267 | 8 | 0 |
| Tata Power | 1595 | 0 | 0 |
| Associated Cement | 169 | 6 | 0 |
| Belapur | 258 | 12 | 0 |
| Bombay Burma (Old) | 497 | 8 | 0 |
| Scindia | 14 | 5 | 0 |
| Central Bank | 84 | 0 | 0 |
| New India | 66 | 8 | 0 |
| Tata 2nd Pref. | 146 | 0 | 0 |

## GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Sept. 6.

The local bullion market was comparatively quiet with buyers indifferent awaiting new developments.

At the opening forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 180/- and improved at Rs. 180/6 under scattered buying. There was no follow-up on the buying side and Silver steadied at Rs. 180/4. Mint Silver was quoted at Rs. 180/4 while spot bullion was placed at Rs. 179/12.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 112/7 and after advancing at Rs. 112/11 steadied at Rs. 112/10. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 112/10 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 75/10.

Later on there was improved demand for Gold which firmed up at Rs. 113/1, Silver also after declining at Rs. 179/10 improved at Rs. 180/- Today's arrivals of Silver were estimated at 100 bars while the offtake was about 20 to 22 bars. Gold arrivals were placed at 5 to 6 thousand tolas against the offtake of 9 to 10 thousand tolas. Closing quotations were as under:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready Silver | 179 | 12 | 0 |
| Forward | 180 | 4 | 0 |
| Ready Gold | 113 | 0 | 0 |
| Forward | 112 | 14 | 0 |

## PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 6.

The produce market was quiet on reports of general rains in upcountry. Export firms are buyers at lower rates. Rajkot Castorseeds Aso opened at Rs. 247 and after declining at Rs. 246/- steadied at Rs. 246/8. Vaishakh delivery opened at Rs. 238/8 and after declining at Rs. 237/10 rallied at Rs. 238/2. Quotations on the local market were as under:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **GROUNDNUTS** | | | |
| Khandesh quality | 47 | 12 | 0 |
| Madras Coromandal | 47 | 6 | 0 |
| Bold Ready | 46 | 12 | 0 |
| Oil Local Mills | 25 | 8 | 0 |
| Oil Upcountry Mills | 24 | 14 | 0 |
| Oil September | 24 | 13 | 6 |
| Oil October | 25 | 1 | 6 |
| **LINSEED** | | | |
| Bold Ready | 41 | 2 | 0 |
| Satna Ready | 40 | 2 | 0 |
| October delivery | 41 | 12 | 0 |
| Linseed Oil | 22 | 12 | 0 |
| **CASTORSEEDS** | | | |
| Bold ready | 34 | 10 | 0 |
| Small ready | 39 | 0 | 0 |
| Madras | 37 | 8 | 0 |
| September delivery | 37 | 2 | 0 |
| October | 37 | 3 | 0 |
| Oil first pressure | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| Bazar quality | 19 | 0 | 0 |

## GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Sept. 6:

| | Rs. | As. | Ps. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2-1/3 per cent 1954 | 98 | 15 | 0 |
| 2-1/2 per cent 1955 | 99 | 13 | 0 |
| 2-1/2 per cent 1961 | 96 | 15 | 0 |
| 2-3/4 per cent 1960 | 99 | 4 | 0 |
| 2-3/4 per cent 1962 | 98 | 15 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1976 | 95 | 12 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1955 Con. | 96 | 10 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1951/54 | 101 | 1 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1953/55 | 101 | 8 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1957 | 101 | 8 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1959/61 | 100 | 13 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1963/65 | 99 | 14 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1964 | 99 | 13 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1966/68 | 99 | 11 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1970/75 | 99 | 9 | 0 |
| 3-1/2 per cent 1954/59 | 104 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 per cent 1960/70 | 109 | 8 | 0 |
| 4-1/2 per cent 1955/60 | 109 | 12 | 0 |
| 4 per cent 1958/68 | 112 | 8 | 0 |
| **PROVINCIAL LOANS** | | | |
| 2 per cent Bombay 1962 | 99 | 4 | 0 |
| 2-3/4 per cent U.P. 1961 | 97 | 0 | 0 |
| 3-3/4 per cent Madras 1961 | 97 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 per cent Bombay 1955 | 100 | 12 | 0 |
| 3 per cent Bombay 1958 | 100 | 4 | 0 |
| 3 per cent Punjab 1952 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 per cent Madras 1952/55 | 100 | 11 | 0 |
| 3 per cent U.P 1952 | 100 | 8 | 0 |
| 3 per cent C.P 1952 | 100 | 8 | 0 |
| 3 per cent N.W F 1952 | 98 | 8 | 0 |
| 3 per cent U.P 1961/66 | 99 | 8 | 0 |
| **MUNICIPAL** | | | |
| 3-1/4 per cent 1977 | 98 | 8 | 0 |
| 4 per cent B.P.I | 109 | 12 | 0 |
| 4 per cent B Municipality | 109 | 8 | 0 |
| 5 per cent B Municipality | 113 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 per cent B. Municipality 1954 | 112 | 0 | 0 |

## Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, Sept. 6:

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 120 | Ready | Japan | 7 | 8 0 |
| 150 | Ready | Japan | 7 | 6 0 |
| 120 | Ready | Italy | 7 | 6 0 |
| 150 | Ready | Italy | 7 | 0 0 |
| 2/40 | Staple | Sept. | 7 | 5 3 |
| 2/40 | Staple | Oct. | 7 | 5 0 |

## RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

### Weekly Statement Of Affairs

The following is an Account of the Reserve Bank of India, for the week ended the 1st day of September:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

| LIABILITIES: | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Notes held in the Banking Department | 28,26,04,000 |
| Notes in circulation | 1106,00,47,000 |
| Total Notes issued | 1134,26,51,000 |
| Total Liabilities | 1134,26,51,000 |
| **ASSETS:** | |
| Gold Coin and Bullion:— | |
| Held in India | 40,01,71,000 |
| Foreign Securities | 583,15,11,000 |
| B. Rupee Coin | 59,47,07,000 |
| Government of India Rupee Securities | 451,62,62,000 |
| Total Assets | 1134,26,51,000 |

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 54.940 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

| LIABILITIES: | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Capital paid up | 5,00,00,000 |
| Reserve Fund | 5,00,00,000 |
| Deposits:— | |
| (a) Government | |
| (1) Central Government | 153,21,91,000 |
| (2) Other Governments | 22,34,42,000 |
| (b) Banks | 79,39,87,000 |
| (c) Others | 59,89,51,000 |
| Bills Payable | 4,87,54,000 |
| Other Liabilities | 6,25,39,000 |
| Rupees | 335,98,65,000 |
| **ASSETS:** | |
| Notes | 28,26,04,000 |
| Rupee Coin | 7,97,000 |
| Subsidiary Coin | 1,53,000 |
| Bills Purchased and Discounted:— | |
| Internal | 1,09,50,000 |
| Government Treasury Bills | 1,96,85,000 |
| Balances held abroad | 224,97,36,000 |
| Other Loans and Advances | 4,43,25,000 |
| Investments | 72,26,20,000 |
| Other Assets | 2,89,95,000 |
| Rupees | 335,98,65,000 |

# RESERVE BANK TO PAY Rs. 9.91 CRORES TO CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

## Need To Control Inflationary Tendencies

**The Annual Report of the Central Board of Directors of the Reserve Bank for the year ended 30th June, places the Bank's income for the year at Rs. 12.90 crores and the expenditure at Rs. 2.99 crores. The net profit, payable to the Central Government in terms of Section 47 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, amounts to Rs. 9.91 crores as against Rs. 8.96 crores transferred to the Central Government last year.**

The Report deals first with the measures already taken by the Bank to discharge the new statutory duties and responsibilities imposed upon it by the Banking Companies Act 1949, such as supervision and inspection of banks, licensing of banks and control over opening of branches etc. In particular mention is made of the Bank's decision to institute a systematic periodical inspection of all banking companies governed by the Act. The ultimate aim is stated to be to create an organisation for an annual inspection of each bank, with the object of evolving sound banking traditions in the country by drawing attention at an early stage to defects or unsatisfactory working methods.

A tentative programme of inspections has already been drawn up to inspect by the end of 1952 all banking companies for the purpose of determining their eligibility for licences to commence or carry on banking business under the Act.

The market value of total private foreign investments as on 30th June, 1948 has been placed at Rs. 596 crores, of which Rs. 519 crores (or 87 p.c.) comprised long-term business investments, the balance representing mostly the short-term liabilities of commercial banks. It is pointed out that the 'direct' type of investment in which control of operation is associated with ownership of capital predominates in the field of foreign investments; it amounts to as much as Rs. 431 crores or nearly 83 per cent of total business investments. Country-wise, Great Britain's investments amounted to Rs. 37.6 crores the other important countries being U. S. A. (Rs. 30 crores). Pakistan (Rs. 21 crores), British West Indies (Rs. 15 crores), Switzerland (Rs. 10 crores) and Canada (Rs. 9 crores).

### GOVERNMENT PROGRAMME

Reviewing the general economic conditions in the country the Report states that Inflation continued during the year to be the major problem confronting the economy of the country and the devaluation of the rupee only emphasised the need for immediate and concentrated efforts to control inflationary tendencies. In this connection reference is made to Government's eight-point programme of October 1949 which had as its main objectives a reduction in the level of prices and an increase in the country's foreign exchange resources.

### INFLATIONARY PRESSURE

The general price index in June 1950 was 4.6 per cent higher than in June 1949, but only 1.7 per cent higher than the pre-devaluation level in August 1949. Despite the continuance of price controls in respect of various commodities and efforts to implement the anti-inflation programme initiated in October 1948, the Economic Adviser's general index (base: year ended August 1939-100) showed an almost continuous rise from 378.3 in June 1949 to 389.8 in September, indicating the presence of inflationary pressures in the economy. And after devaluation the price index reached a new peak of 393.3 in October owing mainly to the sharp rise in the domestic prices of a number of export commodities including tea lac, pepper, oils and oilseeds. This was followed by a temporary decline during November and December, the general price index touching 381.3 in December, which represented a reduction of about 3 per cent from the October level. This improvement could not, however, be sustained during the first half of 1950, and the index for June 1950 stood at 395.6.

### BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

The Report notices the considerable improvement in the country's balance of payments position following devaluation and the vigorous measures taken by the Government for the restriction of imports and stimulation of exports. The average value of India's exports to the hard currency areas for the period October 1949 to June 1950 amounted to Rs. 13.5 crores per month as against Rs 9.7 crores per month during October 1948 to June 1949, or an increase of nearly 40 per cent. The improvement in the external accounts position was reflected in the slow rate of utilisation of the sterling releases during the year. The Report also refers to the Indo-Pakistan Payments and Exchange problems and in particular to the repercussions of Pakistan's decision not to devalue its currency on the economic relations between the two countries.

## AMERICAN MARKETS

# PROSPECTS OF TIGHT COTTON SUPPLY TELL ON PRICES

## Wall Street Quiet On Washington Uncertainties

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.

**Sharp opening gains were comfortably extended on a fairly general buying movement based on lower crop ideas as a result of the recent spell of unfavourable weather plus continued active demand for cotton goods. The prospects of a tight supply situation due to a short crop were again emphasised by Washington reports that the department of agriculture was contemplating the necessity of curtailing cotton exports in order to assure a safe domestic supply. Offerings on the upturn were limited to scaleup hedges and profit-taking.**

Prices partially eased in the afternoon under light but persistent hedges and profit-taking but the decline uncovered renewed active trade and commission house demands which in turn disclosed a sudden scarcity of contracts. The session closed firm with sales at 350,000 bales. According to private advices a Memphis publication estimates the crop at 10,371,000 bales.

Late selling of fardistants was evidently based on Washington advices that the Senate Agriculture Committee has deferred action on the Bill calling for a tighter control of cotton production in the 1951-52 season with indications that the Committee's action probably kills this legislation.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

NEW YORK

| | |
|---|---|
| October | 39.98 |
| December | 40.05 |
| March | 40.25 |
| May | 40.09 |
| Middling Spot | 40.83 |

NEW ORLEANS

| | |
|---|---|
| October | 39.86 |
| December | 39.92 |
| March | 40.08 |
| May | 39.91 |
| Middling Spot | 39.75 |

New Lork October: Highest 40.08 at 10-47 a.m. Lowest 39.78 at 10-30 a.m.

## Wall Street Market

Interest was renewed for selected issues but traders were reluctant to extend commitments greatly in most other directions because of the Korean and Washington uncertainties. Changes eitherway were mainly fractional. Motors mostly improved, noting prospects prices in the wake of wage settlements. As noon the averages were industrials 219.32 and rails 63.32.

Lack of pressure was regarded as encouraging and more support for the advance developed. Gains ranging to dollar or more appeared including earlier lagging utilities and rails with the latter averaging a new peak for 1950.

Rails back way under profittaking but the market elsewhere was mostly held. The session closed very steady.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

| | |
|---|---|
| American Tel and Tel. | 153-7/8 |
| Amerex Holding Co. | 30 |
| Anaconda Copper | 34-1/4 |
| Chase National Bank | 37-1/2 |
| Firestone Tyre | 71-1/4 |
| General Electric | 48 |
| General Motors | 90-3/4 |
| Ingersol Rand | 68-1/2 |
| International Nickel | 33-7/8 |
| National City Bank | 43-5/8 |
| Newyork Central Railroad | 14 |
| Sinclair Oil | 29-1/2 |
| Socony Vacuum | 23 |
| Texas Co. | 71-1/2 |
| Union Carbide | 45-7/8 |
| US Smelting | 40 |
| U.S. Steel common | 38-1/4 |
| Western Union | 34-3/4 |

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day was 1,250,000.

Highest and Lowest U.S. trading prices were 38-1/4 and 37-3/4 resp.

## Profit-taking And Hedging In Chicago Market

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.

Grains ruled firm reflecting on limited producer offerings of maize and soybeans together with the strength of cottonseedoil futures. Exporters were credited with buying wheat against sales of 5,000 tons to Norway. However the upturn attracted profittaking and scattered hedges.

CHICAGO WHEAT

| | |
|---|---|
| September | 2.24 |
| December | 2.30 |
| March | 2.33 |
| May | 2.31-5/8 |

## Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Sept. 6.

MILLS

Apollo 3-1-6 3-2
B Dyeing 950 51-4 47-8 50 48-12 57-8 53-12 56-4
C. India 232-8 33 31 37 35-4 35-8
Century 252-8
Finlay 257 56 58
Gokak 242 40-8 41 40 43 42-8
I.U. Defd. 1-12 1-12-6 1-12
I.U. Ord. 10-14-6 10-14
Hindustan 3410
Indore 107-8 10 7-8 8-12
Kohinoor 319-8 20 18 21-8 20-8 21
Meyer 88-12 90
Model 158-8
New Great 150 50-8
New City 159-6 60
Podar 128-12 31-4 30
Simplex 227-8 28
Svadeshi 265-8 63 66-8 63-8 68-8 67-8
Tata Mills 45-4 46-8
Vishnu 192-8
C. P. Rly. 110-12
B Steam 258-12 60
Scindia 14-8 14-3 14-6 14-4 14-5-6 14-5

BANKS

Baroda 126-8
Central 84-12 84
Central New 84
Imperial Old 1990 85
Imperial New 485
India 172-8 70-8, 71
Union 7-3
U. Commercial 46-8

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad 114-6 15-10 15 (Ex Div) 68-4
Andhra 1440 37-8
B. Suburban 152-8
Ajmer 10-3
Amalgamated 11-8
Hydro 158-8 56
Power 1590
Jupiter 11-12
New India 66-12 66-4 65-8
Universal 8-4 8-6

STEELS

B Steel 23-13 23-9 23-14 23-12 23-12 23-10
I. Iron 34 33-14 34-1-6 33-11
Tata Defd. 1847-8 51-4 43-12 51-4 45 53-12 42-8 47-8
Tata Ord. 352 52-8 51-8 53-4 52 53 52 53 52-8
Tata 2nd Pref. 146-4 46

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 318-12 20
A.U.C. 168-4 69-8 68-12 69-8 69
Belapur 261 56 59 58
B.B. Old 500 493-12 96-4 95 97-6
B.B. New 170
B.B. Petrol 1-7-3 1-8
B.I.C. 9-2 9-1-6
I. Bleaching 183 80 82
I. Copper 2-13-6 2-13 2-14 2-13-6
Port Canning 52 52-6 52
P. Const. 116 13-12 13 14 15-8
Shivrajpur 42
Tata Chem. 14 13-7 13-10 13-9
Tata Oil 42 42-8 42-4
Wimco 236-4 35

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 112-12 11-4 11-12 (Ex Div).
National Rayon Ord. 67-8 68 67-8
Jest's Engineering 77 75 77
Bombay Cycle 29-12

## Sale Of ITDR

Government of India Treasury Deposit Receipts of the value of Rs. 1,45,00,000 were sold during the month of August 1950 as under:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 6 months' Treasury Deposit Receipts | Rs. | 1,25,00,000 |
| 9 months' Treasury Deposit Receipts | Rs. | —— |
| 12 months' Treasury Deposit Receipts | Rs. | 20,00,000 |
| TOTAL | Rs. | 1,45,00,000 |

## AHMEDABAD MARKET

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 6.

Local textiles displayed a firm tendency with absence of sellers fluctuations.

Calico opened at 289 lowest 287/8; Arvind opened at 785, highest 789; Ambica opened at 303, lowest 301, highest 305, New Shorok opened at 512, highest 514; Deferred opened at 1850 highest 1854, lowest 1840.

Closing quotations Calico 288/12, Arvind 686 Ambica 305, Deferred 1844 Newshorok 512/8, Ahd. cotton 355, Arun 352, Ashok 357, Commercial 665, Jupitor 261, New cotton 327/8, New Manekchowk 120, Rohit 103/12, Lalmills 143/12, Vikram 382/8 Vijay 427/8, Sayaji 136/8, Atul 74.

## Stock Exchange

AHMEDABAD, Sept 6.

Ahmedabad stock exchange closing: Calico 288-12, Ambika 305, Arvind 686, Defd. 1844, New Shorok 512-8 Jupiter 261, Ahd cotton 355, Arun 352, Ashok 357, Commercial 665, New Cotton 327-8, New Maneckchowk 120, Rohit 103-12 Lal 143-12, Vikram 382-8, Vijay 427-8, Sayaji 136-8, Atul 74

Calico opened at 288, high 289-4 low 286-8 closed 288-12; Ambika opened at 303, high 305, low 302, closed at 305; Arvind opened at 785 high 788 low 783, closed at 786; Defd opened at 1850 high 1855, low 1840 closed at 1844.

There were two sided fluctuations

## Alexandria Cotton

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 5.

| | |
|---|---|
| KARNAK:— | |
| November | 90.30—55 |
| January | 90.45—90 |
| March | 90.45—90 |
| ASHMOUNI:— | |
| October | 6.35+15 |
| December | 76.50—25 |
| February | 77.10—30 |

## CALCUTTA SHARES RULE FIRM

CALCUTTA, September 6.

The market continued quiet with regard to the more speculative stocks while coal and jute shares were fairly maintained firm rates. The volume of business was moderate bais. Following are today's final transactions upto 3.00 p.m.

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 1986 96 12 three per cent loan 1963 65 99.15 three per cent loan 1964 99 12 four per cent loan 1960 70 109 5 s o lot.

BANKS: Bengal Central 8 4.

COTTONS: Kesoram 21- New Victoria Ordy 2 5 Cruls Amalgamate. 33 14 Burrakur 14 11 East Indian 41 10 Kalapahari 54 2 Katras Jherriah 41 4 New Beerbhoom 18,- Searsole 8 12 exdiv Western Bengal 5 12 Bengal 557 - s lot Nazira 8 13.

JUTES: Anglo-India 322,- Bally 286,- Champdany 205 - Howrah 37|- Kankinarrah 237 - Lawrence 253|- Megna 164 - National 28 2 Presidence 7-13 Auckland 168 - Budge Budge 243 - India 189 - Kamarhatty 337|- Nuddea 84 8 Reliance 26 12 sl.

ENGINEERINGS: Brit. Eng. 17,2 Indian Iron 33 11 Kumardhubi Eng. 7 8 Marshalls 8 13 National Iron 5|- Steel Corpn. pref. 120 - ct Textile Machinery 7 -.

MISCELLANEOUS Indian Copper 2 14 Sone Valley Cement 6 9 Calcutta Electric 15 13 Bararee Coke 24,12 ct. BIC 9 - Calcutta Trams 19 1 F and C Osler 5 - Indian Wood Products 34,8 s odd lot Jardine Hendeson 176|- Martin Burn 17 - Rohtas Industry 5|4 BB Petrol 1 7 Orient Paper 44 - Shree Gopal Paper 12 8 Titaghur Paper 26|12 Midnapore Zemindary 68 - Assam Saws 3 6 India Steamship 7|12.

SUGARS: Darbhanga 9|15 Shree Sitaram 10 -.

TEAS: Hasimara 41,- Jayeshree Tea 9 5 Seajuli 4 8.

## London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Sept. 5.

| | |
|---|---|
| 3-1/2 p.c. Br. Consols | £70-3/4 |
| 3-1/2 p.c. Conversion Loan 1961 | £95 |
| 4 p.c. Funding Loan 1960/90 | £108 |
| 2 1/2 p.c. War Loan on or after Dec. 52 | £94-7/16 |
| Chartered Bank of India | £9-1 16 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank | £73-1/2 |
| National Bank of India | £32-5/8 |

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6,315.

## London Copra Market Easier

LONDON, Sept. 5.

The market was easier with buyers reserved. Philippines in bulk were 272-1/2 dollars asked with bids around 265, Straits dutch East Indies F. M. offered at 109-1/2 but interested about £108, Ceylon £112, all September October shipment for ton c.i.f.

Coconut Oil quiet. Straits in drums set at 155 and in bulk at 150 Ceylon in drums at 153 and in bulk 151, all sterling per ton September shipment c.i.f.

## Amsterdam Exchange Displays Better Tone

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 5.

With public interest expanding prices on the bourse finished better today. Royal dutch and shippings were again prominent. Plantations were well maintained with tobaccos firm following optimism over the Indonesian situation expressed at today's meeting of the Deli Company.

## Paris Bourse Uneasy

PARIS, Sept. 5.

The Rusian bomber incident resulted in marked uneasines on the bourse here today—the uneasiness translated into a sharp contraction in business. Most finished lower, notably internationals, although in cash dealings, there was a certain amount of resistance to persure. French Rentes were lower in an apathetic market.

## Brussels Stocks Decline

BRUSSELS, Sept. 5.

Most issues on the bourse moved lower although there were some relatively firm sports and gold shares moved higher. Collieries and textiles were irregular with some selling after the recent heavy advances while among colonials, industrials ruled firm although banks showed losses on the day.

## New York Pepper Steady

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.

Prices held steady with spots quoted at 270 cents nominal. Following are today's closing prices: Spot 2.70 nom. Old and New Contracts: Sept. 2.10 nom., Oct. 1.05 nom., Nov. 1.75 nom. Dec. 1.70 nom., Jan. 1.60 nom., Feb 1.50 nom. White spot 3.10 nom.

## London Pepper Easier

LONDON September 5.

The market was easier with Black Lampong and White Muntok nominally quoted at 13sh. 10 1/2d. and 18sh. 9d. respectively shipping weights. Other prices not received.

## Singapore Pepper Quiet

SINGAPORE, September 5.

The pepper market was quiet with sellers exgodown prices for Black Lampong ten dollars lower at 735, while white Muntok remained unchanged at 1,035 dollars.

## N. Y. Silver Sales

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.

Open market sales approximated 200,000 ounces at unchanged level.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

# DEVELOPMENT OF ROADS IN INDIA

## Ayyangar Opens Central Research Institute

**NEW DELHI, Sept. 6 (UPI). THE foundation stone of the Central Road Research Institute was laid this evening by Shri N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, Transport Minister, in the presence of a distinguished gathering of members of the diplomatic corps, Cabinet Ministers, and others.**

The ceremony was performed with a silver trowel and mallet, supplied for the purpose by Dr. Shanti Swarup Bhatanagar, which later on Mr. Ayyangar presented to the laboratory of the Institute.

Mr. Ayyangar in a brief speech said that the Central Road Research Institute "will make no mean contribution to the expansion, and the improvement of the condition of, perhaps, the most ancient form of communications in the country—one on which the ordinary life of the average man so largely depends." Roads had existed from ancient times. They were in fact, a necessity of civilised life.

**PAST HISTORY**

The Transport Minister recalled the history of the scheme and referred to the work of the high level roads organisation of the Government in that connection. The task of that organisation, he said, was to guide, organise and supervise the maintenance of existing roads and the development and construction of new roads.

But as in all other things, there had been a revolution in ideas, technique, policy and action in this section. The study of soil conditions was now recognised to be a necessary preliminary to the designing of foundations and embankments on which roads could be built. The requirements of effective drainage called for special investigation. In short an organised scientific approach was needed. The approach, Mr. Ayyangar continued, had been almost exclusively done hitherto by road engineers.

**LIAISON**

Mr. Ayyangar also said there should be close liaison between engineers and scientists at all the stages of development—in the laboratory, at trials on the working models and during the field tests. Research could not flourish if conducted in isolation from all that was going on outside by way of development in industrial capacity, or in ignorance of the discoveries and new techniques, to which not only road engineers and institute scientists, but other learned men, and men of industry in India and elsewhere daily contributed, he said.

Dr. Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar, Director of Scientific and Industrial Research in India, spoke tracing the history of the present Institute. The Institute, he said, was one of the chain of a dozen national laboratories which were being established in India. Good communications were an essential pre-requisite to the progress of a country and amongst them good roads were most important.

The Institute would be under the direction of Dr. Ernest Zipkes, who had been associated with the Federal Institute of Technology, Zurich.

Dr. Zipkes spoke urging the necessity of constructing solidest and safest possible roads using the natural and most economical means.

Mr. Sri Prakasa, Commerce Minister, conveyed to the gathering the good wishes of the Prime Minister.

A porcelain flower vase was presented to the Institute from Sweden on the occasion.

## Hissing Youths Greet Bao Dai

ROME, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter): Emperor Bao Dai of Vietnam left Rome by air today for the French Riviera resort of Cannes after a three-day visit, during which he was received by Pope Pius XII.

As the Emperor boarded the plane, Empress Mariete Jeanne left by car for Florence where she will spend a few days before rejoining her husband at Cannes.

Returning to his Rome hotel last night after a tour of the city, the Emperor was booed and hissed by about 20 youths. The police dispersed the demonstrators, and detained four of them

## Assam 'Quake Relief Fund

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6 (PTI): Messrs. Surajmall Nagarmall, Calcutta, have contributed Rs. 16,000 towards the relief of the earthquake sufferers of Assam to the committee set up for the purpose in Calcutta under the presidentship of the Governor of West Bengal, Dr K. N. Katju.

## NEW WARRANT OF PRECEDENCE

### Places For Former Presidents

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6. (PTI): A revised warrant of precedence for purposes of state and ceremonial functions has now been drawn by the Government of India. The warrant provides among others for places for ex-Presidents and ex-Governors-General of India and also Members of Parliament.

The only individual mentioned by name in the warrant is the Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, who is placed seventh in the warrant while ex-Presidents of India and ex-Governors-General get the fourth rank.

In the new warrant the Prime Minister of India comes immediately after the President of India and is followed by Governors, the Maharajpramukh of Rajasthan and the Rajpramukhs within their respective charges. Ex-Presidents of India and ex-Governors-General of India com next while the rulers of Indian States with a salute of 17 guns get the fifth rank within their states. Ambassadors accredited to India and also High Commissioners of Commonwealth countries in India come next. Sardar Patel, so long as he holds the post of the Deputy Prime Minister, has the seventh place in the list.

**CABINET MINISTERS**

The Chief Justice of India and the Speaker of the Indian Parliament come next. Cabinet Ministers of the Union of India all placed in the tenth rank while Ministers of state of the Union of India along with Planning Commission members get the 16th rank. Deputy Ministers of the Union of India have been given the 21st rank and are below Commanders-in-Chief and Chiefs of Staff having the full rank of a General or equivalent rank. The Ambassadors of India also have a higher rank and have been placed as number 16 on the list. The Secretary-General of the External Affairs Ministry, Mr. Girja Shankar Bajpai and the Secretary of the States Ministry Mr. V. P. Menon, who have the rank of Ambassadors of India thus get precedence over the Deputy Ministers.

Members of Parliament, though they have been given the 29th rank in the warrant, will when invited en bloc at major state functions, be placed in an enclosure next to that of the Ambassadors Chief Justice of India and the Speaker of the Indian Parliament and Governor.

It is stated that though the Deputy Ministers rank below the Commanders-in-Chief on ceremonial occasions, this has no relation to their administrative work where they will have precedence over the Commanders-in-Chief.

## CANADIAN RAILWAYS RUNNING NORMALLY

### Parliament Provides For Settlement Of Dispute

OTTAWA, Sept. 6 (PTI-Reuter): The Canadian Railways have been running normally for nearly a week now since the strikers returned to work on the morning of August 31.

The strike, which lasted 9 days, was called off by union leaders after the Parliament had passed on the night of August 30 an emergency legislation requiring the strikers to return to work.

The measure provided for a settlement of the dispute of hours and wages, over which the 125,000 rail workers had gone on strike: if a settlement was not reached. Government would appoint an arbitrator to deal with all the issues involved in determining a collective agreement.

The Bill also authorised an increase in wages.

The strike not only affected the working of railways but had disrupted many industries.

## *Arrested For Defying Ban*

The Bombay Socialists and Communists tried to defy the Police Commissioner's ban on procession. Picture shows Police arresting a person with a flag at Bombay Central.

# SOCIALIST UNION IS IN CONTEMPT

## Millowners' Plea Before Labour Tribunal

BOMBAY, Wednesday: A full bench of the newly constituted Labour Appellate Tribunal heard today the appeal filed by the Bombay Millowners' Association against the decision of the Bombay Industrial Court, directing all the textile mills of the city, except four, to grant bonus to textile workers equivalent to their two months' wages.

The tribunal consisted of five seasoned retiret judges of Indian High Courts. They were Mr. J. N. Mazmudar, chairman and former judge of the Calcutta High Court, Mr. K. T. Luxman Rao, retired judge of the Madras High Court, Mr. G. P. Mathur, ex-judge of the Allahabad High Court, Mr. R. C. Mitter, a former judge of the Calcutta High Court and Mr. F. Jeejeebhoy, former chairman of the Central Industrial Tribunal of Calcutta.

The small courtroom was packed to capacity. Approaches to the Council Hall where the Tribunal sat were guarded by the police, and groups of workers crowding around the Hall were time and again dispersed by them. Crowds were not allowed to gather in the surrounding areas, owing to the ban on meetings and processions in Fort area The Prince of Wales Museum was closed in the afternoon.

A procession of nearly 600 people, who came in groups and tried to get to the Council Hall from Apollo Bunder was dispersed by the police, and its leader was put under arrest. Six girls who tried to lead another procession were also taken into custody.

**IN CONTEMPT**

During the hearing of the appeal, Sir Jameshedji Kanga, counsel for the millowners, challenged the claim of the Socialist-sponsored Mill Mazdoor Sabha to be a party to the dispute in the hearing of the appeal, on the ground that the "Socialist Union was in contempt and so could not be heard."

The point arose out of an application made by Mr. Phadke, advocate on behalf of the Mill Mazdoor Sabha to the effect that it should be made a party to the dispute before the tribunal. Sir Jameshedji opposed the application on the ground that the Union was in contempt inasmuch as it had fomented and instigated an illegal strike and as such it was not entitled to be heard.

Mr. Phadke argued that contempt would only be proved by the competency of the appeal. If the appeal itself was, however, found to be incompetent, the charge of contempt would automatically vanish. He therefore urged that the tribunal should go on with the hearing of the appeal.

To this Sir Jameshedji replied that contempt was independent of the competency or incompetency of the appeal. Even if the appeal was found to be incompetent, the charge of contempt remained and as such the Union could not be heard.

**ILLEGAL STRIKE**

Arguing on the point of "contempt," Sir Jameshedji explained that the present appeal was filed on August 9 and the consent order on "stay-application" was taken on August 10. On August 14, that is, during the pendency of the appeal the workers went on strike. Such a strike was illegal according to the Industrial Disputes Act which had specifically laid down that workers had no right to go on strike during the pendency of the appeal. The Sabha was responsible for fomenting and instigating the strike, and as much, according to Sir Jameshedji, it had committed contempt.

Sir Jameshedji further charged that the Sabha had also issued pamphlets and leaflets in which they had abused the millowners as well as the Congress-sponsored Rashtriya Mill Mazdoor Sangh which had represented the workers before the Industrial Court. It had even gone to the extent of stigmatising the Sangh as the "hand-maid" of millowners. They had thus interfered with the administration of justice and committed contempt.

Further hearing of the appeal was adjourned till Thursday.

## Quarantine Restrictions In Hong Kong

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Information has been received by the Director-General of Health Services that Hong Kong authorities have imposed quarantine restrictions on account of cholera against arrivals by air from Bombay.

In order to avoid delay and inconvenience on entry into Hong Kong, passengers leaving Bombay by air are required to produce international certificates of inoculation against cholera showing that inoculation has been performed not less than seven days and not more than six months prior to arrival in Hong Kong.

## Trophy For Best Pilot

NEW DELHI, Sept. 6 (PTI): A trophy will be awarded annually by the Director-General Civil Aviation to the best Indian pilot below 25 years of age who shows all-round progress during the year.

The trophy has been presented by Mr. Santokh Singh, Deputy Director of Civil Aviation, in memory of his son, Bir Indra, who was the co-pilot in the aircraft that crashed at Pathankot in July last.

# Premature Release Of Replies To Questions

## ISSUE DROPPED AFTER U.P. MINISTER'S APOLOGY

**LUCKNOW, Sept. 6 (PTI).**

A question of breach of privilege raised by the Opposition on the "premature release of replies to certain questions tabled by a Congress member" formed the subject matter of a heated discussion in the U. P. Legislative Assembly today.

The matter was, however, dropped when Mr. C. B. Gupta Minister for Civil Supplies, against whom it was raised, regretted the incident.

The Deputy Speaker, after hearing the debate on the admissibility of the question of privilege, put to vote a motion, passed unanimously by the House, that in view of the fact that the Minister concerned had expressed regrets and apologised, the matter be dropped.

The questions for which the replies were released had figured in the charge sheets submitted by the "rebel" Congressmen to the Congress high command in January last.

Mr. Khushwaqt Rai (People's Congress), who raised the question, said that under the rules of procedure of the House the release for publication of replies to the questions put by members of the House was disallowed, and the Minister, by releasing the replies to the press on August 11 the day on which the questions were to be taken up—had committed a breach of privilege.

**MISTAKE OF P.A.**

Mr. Hafiz Muhammad Ibrahim, Minister for Communications, said that the replies were not released for "publication" but to provide the background of the questions to the pressmen. The Minister concerned had no knowledge of it at the time of the release as somebody from his staff had circulated them to the press.

The Minister for Civil Supplies made a statement before the House in which he said that his personal assistant had circulated the replies by "mistake". He himself or his P.A. had no desire to lower the dignity of the House. His P.A. had expressed regret and apologied, and he would request the House to accept it along with his own regrets, as he was also responsible to a certain extent for the actions of his subordinates.

## TRAIN COLLIDES WITH POLICE VAN

### 4 Killed, 10 Injured In Dacca Mishap

DACCA, Sept. 6 (PTI): Four policemen were killed and ten others injured, some seriously, when the Bahadurabad passenger train smashed into a police van at an open level crossing in Dacca city early this morning.

The accident occurred near the Salimullah Muslim Hall when the Narayanganj-bound train dashed into the rear of the police van which was carrying 14 policemen home after night guard duty, and dragged a portion of the wreckage over 150 yards.

Police and railway officials rushed to the scene of the accident and an official enquiry is proceeding.

## 'NO-STEEL' CINEMA HOUSE

BANGALORE, Sept. 6 (PTI): The Film Inquiry Committee during its visit to Bangalore inspected a modern cinema house in Bangalore which has been built practically without steel. Pressure preserved wood is used for the roof, balcony and various other structures in the cinema.

Dr. S. Kamesam, Timber Expert who designed and built the cinema house explained to the members methods of constructing cinema theatres with practically no steel.

## Pilfering Of Cloth From Goods Train

BANARAS, Sept. 6. (PTI): Four persons, including a railway guard, were sentenced to undergo one year's rigorous imprisonment each by a magistrate in Ghazipur District for pilfering several bales of cloth from a goods train between Lildarnagar and Darauli stations in 1948.

The railway guard, according to the prosecution, connived at the pilferers who removed about 10 bales of cloth from some villages near the railway line. One of the accused died during the course of the trial.

## EARLY-MATURING PADDY BREEDS

### Research Institute's Discovery

NEW DELHI Sept. 6, (PTI): The discovery of two early-maturing and high yielding varieties of paddy of Chinese origin, suitable for Orissa conditions, highlights the results obtained from research work on rice breeding at the Central Rice Research Institute, Cuttack.

According to the Institute's report for 1948-49 just published, progress was also made in various other aspects of research, including tests on the comparative efficacy of different forms of fertilisers for rice production, research into the diseases of paddy and the pests which affect the crop.

Maximum-yield trials, under optimum conditions, were also conducted during the year. Eighty-two varieties of paddy were studied in the Institute in 12 yield-trials.

To study the maximum production possible under optimum conditions a block of 1.8 acres of land was cultivated, green manured and 100 lbs. per acre of ammonium sulphate applied as top dressing. The average acre yield obtained from the block was 2,550 lbs. of grain and 4,340 lbs. of straw and the profit derived was Rs 150 per acre

**TWO RICE CROPS**

The possibilities of growing two crops of rice in the canal areas of Orissa were also investigated. It was found that long-duration varieties followed by short-duration ones constituted a profitable sequence. Without application of fertilisers the first crop yielded about 1,500 to 1,800 lbs per acre and the second crop from 1,200 to 1,500 lbs per acre. With the use of fertilisers, the report says, the yield from the two crops can easily be raised to 4,000 lbs per acre.

The Institute studied the comparative efficacy of the various types of fertilisers in paddy cultivation and found that application of nitrogen on the basis of 40 lbs per acre increased the yield by 300 to 500 lbs. It was also noticed that the response to both groundnut cake and ammonium sulphate was practically the same.

**MANURIAL TRIALS**

The manurial trials conducted during the year showed that under Cuttack conditions 20 lbs of nitrogen applied per acre to the soil, either in the shape of fertilisers or as organic manure, was the most profitable. Application up to 40 lbs. nitrogen gave some increase in yield but doses beyond 40 lbs had to additional response.

The Institute also studied the susceptibility of rice to disease and investigated pest-control measures.

## POWERLOOM INDUSTRY IN A CRISIS

### Liberal Import Of Yarn From Japan Urged

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 6, (PTI): The Gujerat Chamber of Commerce today requested the Government of India to liberalise imports of yarn from Japan "to meet the present shortage and ease the siteuation."

In a telegram to the Industry and Supply Minister of the Government of India, the Chamber referred to the withdrawal of one-third free sale concession in respect of yarn. This resulted in "total elimination of normal trade channels and large-scale unemployment" the telergam stated.

It added: "Powerloom ndustry, which has substantially contributed to overall textile production and export drive hitherto is virtually passing through serious crisis on account of extremely meagre supply of yarn and is further threatened with closure of weaving factories rendering large number of artisans and workmen unemployed.

## MADRAS SEEKS LOAN FROM CENTRAL

MADRAS, Sept. 6 (PTI): The Madras Government has applied for a loan to the Government of India and this is receiving the latter's attention, Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister told the Madras Assembly during question hour today.

Mr Reddy said besides the application, the State Government had requested the Central Government to grant a loan from the amount advanced to them by the International Monetary Fund. He, however, added that the Monetary Fund charged "a high rate of interest" and it was doubtful whether Madras could afford to pay so much interest.

The Minister did not disclose the amount of loan asked by Madras in either case

EXTENSION: The Uttar Pradesh Government are amending the Requisition of Accommodation (Temporary Powers) Act which expires on Sept. 30. The amending Bill will extend the life of the Act by two years

## IN A CHINA SHOP

**By Taurus**

I have never had much of an admiration for the boy-stood-on-the burning-deck business. Casabianca, if truth be told, was a pretty dull-witted lad who did not go when the going was good. As the son who would not go "without his father's word", he might had his good points but he showed himself deplorably lacking in initiative and energy. I see that after the Prime Minister's luminous example everyone is going back to the Alice in Wonderland books. Let me too follow the fashion. How does Casabianca differ frmo Humpty Dumpty who sat helplessly on a wall?

I am not in the habit of giving expression to my differences with accepted views. But there is an extremely provocative piece of news about the lad who refused to tell President Rajendra Prasad where in India uranium deposits can be found, which has been prominently displayed in most newspapers. It is evidently meant to suggest that the secrets of atomic research are very well kept in this country. If this is true, then there is every reason for us all to be happy about it. There are few things that are kept quite at Delhi and the more secret, the more loudly talked about it is.

I know of a case in which a high official—he shall be nameless—visited a large business office in this city and after a long talk with one of the executives left the place. After he had gone, the businessman saw a strange file on his table. It was marked impressively "TOP SECRET". In a little whole, he left the office, placing the file inside his drawer, in the hope that the man would return. A little longer and it was forgotton. When the executive returned next day to office, his personal peon smartly saluted him, opened the door and saw the Boss walk up to his seat. The Big Man saw on the table in front of him the file marked "Top Secret He asked his peon how this had happened.

"Saheyb," said the other with awe and respect, "Usmay tho Tap likah hai-na; uslia uppar rakhahal.

The argument was unanswerable.

But, seriously speaking, I do not like hearing secrets which I am not allowed to tell others. What's the use of it? There is a pleasure in rolling off one's tongue the forbidden words that tell of scanal or of something deadly; and it cannot be equalled by any amount of oppressive restraint. Sir S. S. Bhatnagar was the lucky man who could tell his secret.

On the other hand, there must be much rejoicing among Indians at the thought that atomic research has reached a point where the where of uranium deposits is become a secret.

I am taking a revolutionary step in this column. I find that there is a general respect for the chap who reads a lot: also that many seem to regard me as a boor who is innocent of books. To correct this impression, I propose to quote from time to time and, if possible, every day some little extract which will inform improve and even inebriate the minds of the reader. And nothing could be more fitting, to start with, than Lajos Zilahy's description of the house and household of a Hungarian noble in the per First World War days, especially the bold sketching of the picture of the English governess, Miss Wenlock. Writes Zilahy. "The furnishings came from Paris, and the marvels of English industry filled every corner. Miss Wenlock once had to poke her head into a chamber-pot because she could not otherwise decipher the dark blue stamp which read "Sanitas New Real Fayence" and "Manufactured in Oxford", a discovery which understandably made her English heart beat faster: but often, when seated on that convenience, she wondered whether it was proper for a manufacturer who dealt with her sovereign "by appointment" to stamp his royal crest, with its two British lions, inside the receptacle, thereby exposing the holy symbol of Imperial dominion to disconcertingly close and frequent contact with brutal metabolism, although it is true that even in this unworthy position the crest bore its original motto, 'Honi soit qui mal y pense', which is to say, 'Evil to him who evil thinks' "

## LIGHT ON ANCIENT MAN

### U. S. Anthropologist's Discovery

NEW YORK, Sept. 6. (UPI): New evidence of the migration route of pre-historic man in the Near East has been uncovered by Dr. Henry Field, Anthropologist, of Washington, who returned this week from an eight-month expedition in Asia.

Dr. Field said, "As a result of the expedition we came closer to mapping the route of Stone Age man in this crossroads area between Asia, Africa and Europe."

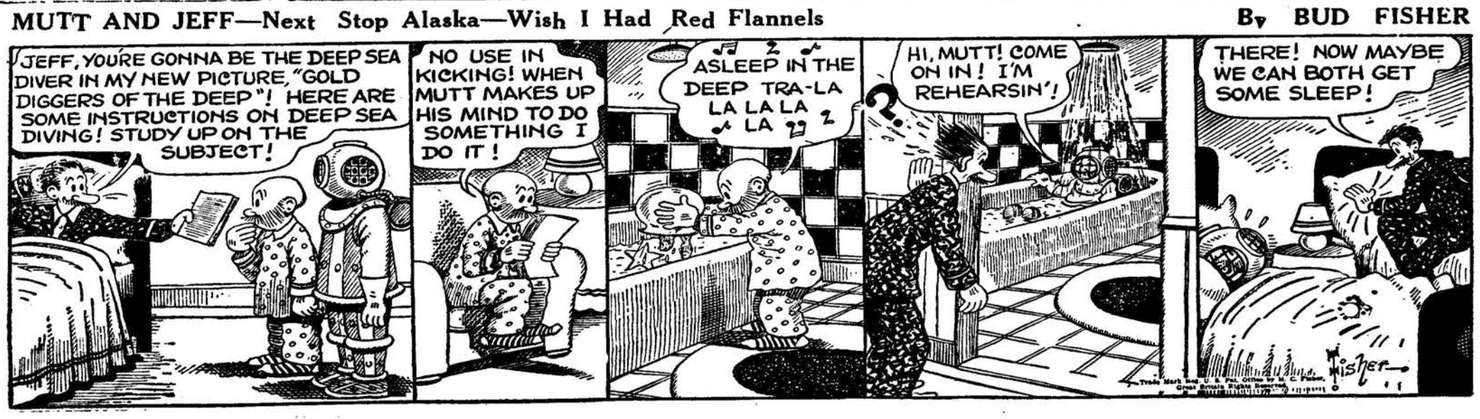
Dr. Field brought back 18 cases of specimens, including potter and stone implements, which will be studied at Harvard University's Peabody Museum. This was Dr Fields 25th expedition

## MISTRUST STILL

LUCKNOW, Sept. 6. (UPI): The State Government has, in the course of a communication to the Government of India, opposed the move to provide fire-arms to the villagers to protect crops from wild animals, the United Press understands.

The State Government contends that most of the farmers do not know how to use fire-arms and they might misuse them, creating problems of law and order and danger to human lives.

**MUTT AND JEFF—Next Stop Alaska—Wish I Had Red Flannels** — **By BUD FISHER**


JEFF, YOU'RE GONNA BE THE DEEP SEA DIVER IN MY NEW PICTURE, "GOLD DIGGERS OF THE DEEP"! HERE ARE SOME INSTRUCTIONS ON DEEP SEA DIVING! STUDY UP ON THE SUBJECT!
NO USE IN KICKING! WHEN MUTT MAKES UP HIS MIND TO DO SOMETHING I DO IT!
ASLEEP IN THE DEEP TRA-LA LA LA LA
HI, MUTT! COME ON IN! I'M REHEARSIN'!
THERE! NOW MAYBE WE CAN BOTH GET SOME SLEEP!
Fisher

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